

MONROVIA HOUSING SUCCESSOR CITY OF MONROVIA, CALIFORNIA

FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

COMPONENT UNIT FINANCIAL STATEMENTS





MONROVIA HOUSING SUCCESSOR CITY OF MONROVIA, CALIFORNIA

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FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

PREPARED BY: FINANCE DEPARTMENT

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council Monrovia Housing Successor City of Monrovia, California

Report on Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and the major governmental fund of the City of Monrovia's Low-Mod Housing Asset Fund, the Housing Successor of the City of Monrovia, (the Housing Successor), a Special Revenue Fund of the City of Monrovia, California, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Housing Successor's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and the City's Housing Successor fund of the City of Monrovia, California, as of June 30, 2018, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

An Association of Independent Accounting Firms



To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council Monrovia Housing Successor City of Monrovia, California

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the budgetary comparison information be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

We have audited the financial statements of the City's Housing Successor Fund of the City of Monrovia, California, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and have issued our report thereon dated December 12, 2018, which contained an unmodified opinion on those financial statements. Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements as a whole. The accompanying report on excess/surplus calculation is presented for purposes of additional analysis only and is not a required part of the financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from the financial statements. The report on excess/surplus calculation has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 12, 2018 on our consideration of the Housing Successor's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Housing Successor's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Brea, California December 12, 2018

Lance, Soll & Lunghard, LLP



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH APPLICABLE REQUIREMENT AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council Monrovia Housing Successor City of Monrovia, California

Report on Compliance for the Housing Successor

We have audited the City of Monrovia's Low-Mod Housing Asset Fund, the Housing Successor of the City of Monrovia, California (the Housing Successor) compliance with the type of compliance requirements described in the California Health and Safety Code sections applicable to California Housing Successor Agencies for the year ending June 30, 2018.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the California Health and Safety Code sections applicable to California Housing Successor Agencies.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Housing Successor's compliance with the California Health and Safety Code sections applicable to California Housing Successor Agencies. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred above that could have a direct and material effect on Housing Successor occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Housing Successor's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for the Housing Successor. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Housing Successor's compliance with those requirements.

Opinion

In our opinion, the Housing Successor complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on its Housing Successor for the year ending June 30, 2018.





To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council Monrovia Housing Successor City of Monrovia, California

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of the Housing Successor is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the type of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the Housing Successor's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on the Housing Successor to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance and to test and report on internal controls over compliance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance

Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Housing Successor's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance of California Health and Safety Code sections applicable to California Housing Successor Agencies on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of California Health and Safety Code sections applicable to California Housing Successor Agencies will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Report on Excess/Surplus Calculation

Lance, Soll & Lunghard, LLP

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities of the Monrovia Housing Successor as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and have issued our report thereon dated December 12, 2018, which contained an unmodified opinion on those financial statements. Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements as a whole. The accompanying report on excess/surplus calculation is presented for purposes of additional analysis only and is not a required part of the financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from the financial statements. The report on excess/surplus calculation has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of California Health and Safety Code sections applicable to California Housing Successor Agencies. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Brea, California December 12, 2018

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2018

	Governmental Activities
Assets:	
Cash and investments	\$ 1,309,480
Receivables:	
Notes and loans	1,274,152
Deferred loans	1,663,518
Advances to Successor Agency	2,551,385
Total Assets	6,798,535
Liabilities:	
Accounts payable	2,567
Accrued liabilities	3,284
Total Liabilities	5,851
Net Position:	
Restricted for:	
Housing	6,792,684
Total Net Position	\$ 6,792,684

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

					Net (Expenses) Revenues and Changes in Net Position
		F	Program Revenue	es	
	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Contributions and Grants	Capital Contributions and Grants	Governmental Activities
Functions/Programs Primary Government: Governmental Activities:					
Community Services	\$ 475,176	\$ -	\$ 175,636	\$ -	\$ (299,540)
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 475,176	\$ -	\$ 175,636	\$ -	(299,540)
	General Reven	IIES.			
	Use of money Loss on sale	and property			57,722 (128,615)
	Total General	Revenues			(70,893)
	Change in Net	Position			(370,433)
	Net Position at	Beginning of Yea	ar		7,163,117
	Net Position a	t End of Year			\$ 6,792,684

BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2018

	Low-Mod
	Housing Asset Fund
Assets:	
Pooled cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,309,480
Receivables: Notes and loans	1,274,152
Deferred loans	1,663,518
Advances to Successor Agency of the former RDA	2,551,385
Total Assets	\$ 6,798,535
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances: Liabilities:	
Accounts payable	\$ 2,567
Accrued liabilities	3,284
Total Liabilities	5,851
Deferred Inflows of Resources:	
Unavailable revenues	2,487,670
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	2,487,670
Fund Balances:	
Restricted for: Housing	4,305,014
-	
Total Fund Balances	4,305,014
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of	
Resources, and Fund Balances	<u>\$ 6,798,535</u>

RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2018

Fund balances of governmental funds	\$ 4,305,014
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	
Revenues reported as unavailable revenue in the governmental funds and recognized in the statement of activities. These are included in the intergovernmental revenues	
in the governmental fund activity.	2,487,670
Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 6,792,684

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	Low-Mod Housing Asset Fund	
Revenues:	\$ 57.722	
Use of money and property Contributions from City of Monrovia	\$ 57,722 158,160	
Miscellaneous and other revenue	3,694	
Total Revenues	219,576	
Expenditures:		
Current:		
Community development	475,176	
Total Expenditures	475,176	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues		
Over (Under) Expenditures	(255,600)	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):		
Loss on sale of property	(128,615)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(128,615)	
Net Change in Fund Balances	(384,215)	
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year	4,689,229	
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$ 4,305,014	

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ (384,215)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Revenues reported as unavailable revenue in the governmental funds and recognized in the statement of activities. These are included in the intergovernmental revenues	
in the governmental fund activity.	 13,782
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ (370,433)

I. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

a. Financial Reporting Entity

The City of Monrovia's Low-Mod Housing Asset Fund, the Housing Successor of the City of Monrovia (the Housing Successor), a Special Revenue Fund of the City of Monrovia, California, was established February 1, 2012, pursuant to the California Housing Authority Law codified under State of California Health and Safety Code, Section 34200 et seq. The fund was transferred into Monrovia's Housing Authority (the Authority) and is the only fund that makes up the Authority. The Authority was established on October 5, 2004, pursuant to the California Housing Authority Law codified under State of California Health and Safety Code, Section 34200 et seq. The City Council became the governing board commissioners of the Housing Authority. The Housing Authority was formed for purposes of construction and management of quality affordable housing within the City.

The Housing Authority is controlled by the City of Monrovia (the City) and, accordingly, the accompanying component unit financial statements are included as a component of the basic financial statements prepared by the City. A component unit is a separate governmental unit, agency or nonprofit corporation which, when combined with all other component units, constitutes the reporting entity as defined in the City's basic financial statements.

The Housing Successor accounts for transactions related to affordable housing activities. Revenues include contributions from the City of Monrovia, loan repayments and interest income. The financial statements present only the Low-Mod Housing Asset Fund and are not intended to present fairly the financial position and results of the operations of the City of Monrovia in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Complete financial statements of the city can be obtained from the City's Finance Department.

b. Basis of Presentation

The Agency's component unit financial statements are prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The Government Accounting Standards Board is the acknowledged standard setting body for establishing accounting and financial reporting standards followed by governmental entities in the United States of America.

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the component unit. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segments are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include: 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2018

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

While separate government-wide and fund financial statements are presented, they are interrelated.

c. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting.

d. Assets, Liabilities and Net Position or Equity

Cash and Investments

The Housing Successor's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. For financial statement presentation purposes, cash and cash equivalents are shown as both unrestricted and restricted cash and investments.

Investments are reported at fair value, the value at which a financial instrument could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties, other than a forced liquidation sale. The City's policy is generally to hold investments until maturity or until market values equal or exceed cost. The State Treasurer's Investment Pool operates in accordance with appropriate state laws and regulations. The reported value of the pool is the same as the fair value of the pool shares.

Land Held for Resale

Land purchased for resale is capitalized as inventory at acquisition costs or net realizable value, if lower. Land held for resale is offset by a fund balance reserve, which indicates that it does not constitute "available spendable resources." Other property held for resale is capitalized as inventory and is recorded at cost.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2018

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property and equipment, are reported in the applicable government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the City's policy, which the Housing Successor adheres to, as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Property and equipment are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	<u>Years</u>
Structures and Improvements	50
Equipment, Furniture, & Vehicles:	
Furniture & Fixtures	5
Machinery & Equipment	5-10
Autos & Trucks	5-20
Infrastructures:	
Other infrastructure	15-50

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The Housing Successor does not carry an item that qualifies for reporting in this category.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The government has only one type of item, which arises only under a modified accrual basis of accounting that qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, the item, unavailable revenue, is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from various sources: taxes, long-term loans, and grant monies. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

Net Position Flow Assumption

Sometimes the government will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted – net position and unrestricted – net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the government's policy to consider restricted – net position to have been depleted before unrestricted – net position is applied.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2018

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Fund Balance Flow Assumptions

Sometimes the government will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the government's policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

Fund Equity

In the fund financial statements, government funds report the following fund balance classification:

Nonspendable include amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

<u>Restricted</u> include amounts that are constrained on the use of resources by either (a) external creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws of regulations of other governments or (b) by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Committed</u> include amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the government's highest authority, the Monrovia Housing Authority Board. The formal action that is required to be taken to establish, modify, or rescind a fund balance commitment is a resolution. The Housing Successor did not have any committed fund balance as of June 30, 2018.

<u>Assigned</u> include amounts that are constrained by the government's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. The City Manager is authorized to assign amounts to a specific purpose, which was established by the governing body in Resolution No. 2011-32 approved on June 21, 2011. The Housing Successor did not have any assigned fund balance as of June 30, 2018.

<u>Unassigned</u> include the residual amounts that have not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes.

An individual governmental fund could include nonspendable resources and amounts that are restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, or unassigned) or any combination of those classifications. Restricted amounts are to be considered spent when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available and committed, assigned, then unassigned amounts are considered to have been spent when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of those unrestricted fund balance classifications can be used.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2018

II. DETAILED NOTES

Note 2: Cash and Cash Equivalents

As of June 30, 2018, cash and investments were reported in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Deposits with financial institutions \$ 1,309,480

Total cash and cash equivalents \$ 1,309,480

The Housing Successor's fund is pooled with the City of Monrovia's cash and investments in order to generate optimum interest income. The information required by GASB Statement No. 40 related to authorized investments, credit risk, etc. is available in the annual report of the City.

III. OTHER INFORMATION

Note 3: Loans and Deferred Loans Receivable

a. Loans Receivable

In October 2002, the former redevelopment agency issued a 30-year Note Receivable to Monrovia Heritage Park, L.P. for the rehabilitation of low and moderate income housing. The note bears interest at 3% per annum, compounded annually. Payments are due annually, beginning April 15, 2002, and are equal to 50% of all residual receipts after the payment of deferred developer fee notes. The full amount of the note, together with all accrued and unpaid interest, is due no later than April 15, 2032. As of June 30, 2018, the balance was:

\$ 173,527

On July 1, 2008, the former redevelopment agency issued a 45-year Note Receivable to San Gabriel Valley Habitat for Humanity for the sale of properties at 1214 & 1218 Sherman Avenue, for the development of 4 low-income housing units. The note will not accrue interest and will become due and payable if a unit is subsequently sold to a buyer that does not meet the income restriction level. In the event that the buyer remains on site for 45 years, the note will be forgiven in its entirety. The balance of the loan outstanding on June 30, 2018 was:

300,000

On October 1, 1992, the former redevelopment agency issued a 30-year note receivable to Regency Court for the development of a 115 unit senior apartment complex. The full amount of the note, together with all accrued interest, is due no later than October 1, 2020. However, pursuant to the First Amendment to the Disposition and Development Agreement, dated June 15, 1993, the entire principal amount and accrued interest shall be forgiven by the Agency provided that no event of default exists. As of June 30, 2018, the balance was:

800,625

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2018

Note 3: Loans and Deferred Loans Receivable (Continued)

b. Deferred Loans Receivable

The City has made various rehabilitation and second trust deed loans bearing different interest rates to property owners within the City. The majority of the loans are payable upon sale of the property. However, if the property is not sold within a certain amount of years, as stated in each loan agreement, any principal and interest relating to the loan is forgiven. The balance of the loans outstanding as of June 30, 2018, was:

1,663,518

Total Loans and Deferred Loans Receivable:

\$ 2,937,670

Note 4: Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2018, was as follows:

	eginning Balance	Incre	eases	Decr	eases	Ending alance
Governmental Activities:						
Capital assets, being depreciated: Equipment, furniture and vehicles	\$ 14,801	\$		\$		\$ 14,801
Total capital assets being depreciated	14,801				<u>-</u>	14,801
Less accumulated depreciation Equipment, furniture and vehicles	 14,801				-	14,801
Total accumulated depreciation	 14,801					 14,801
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	 <u>-</u>					
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 	\$		\$	_	\$

Note 5: Advance to the Successor Agency of the Former Monrovia Redevelopment Agency (Successor Agency)

On July 23, 2009, the State adopted legislation requiring a shift of monies during fiscal years 2009-2010 and 2010-2011 to be deposited into the County Supplemental Educational Revenue Augmentation Fund (SERAF). To accomplish these payments, Monrovia's former Redevelopment Agency borrowed from Monrovia's Redevelopment Agency Low/Mod Housing Fund. The balance outstanding of \$2,551,385 as of June 30, 2018, is due from the Private Purpose Trust Fund Successor Agency.

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	Budget <i>i</i>	Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$4,689,229	\$ 4,689,229	\$ 4,689,229	\$ -
Resources (Inflows):				
Use of money and property	5,000	5,000	57,722	52,722
Miscellaneous and Other Revenue	4,000	4,000	3,694	(306)
Contributions from City of Monrovia	146,449	146,449	158,160	11,711
Loss on sale of property	-	-	(128,615)	(128,615)
Amounts Available for Appropriations	4,844,678	4,844,678	4,780,190	(64,488)
Charges to Appropriations (Outflow):				
Community development	199,277	473,879	475,176	(1,297)
Total Charges to Appropriations	199,277	473,879	475,176	(1,297)
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$4,645,401	\$ 4,370,799	\$ 4,305,014	\$ (65,785)

COMPUTATION OF HOUSING SUCCESSOR EXCESS/SURPLUS (HSC 34176.1) JUNE 30, 2018

	Low and Moderate Housing Funds All Project Area July 1, 2017		Low and Moderate Housing Funds All Project Area July 1, 2018			
Opening Fund Balance		\$ 4,689,229		\$ 4,305,014		
Less Unavailable Amounts: Land held for resale Advances to Successor Agency Loans receivable	\$ (347,036) (2,551,385) (450,000)	(3,348,421)	\$ - (2,551,385) (450,000)	(3,001,385)		
Available Housing Successor Funds		1,340,808		1,303,629		
Limitation (greater of \$1,000,000 or four years deposit Aggregate amount deposited for last four years: 2017 - 2018 2016 - 2017 2015 - 2016 2014 - 2015 2013 - 2014	160,493 255,272 79,166 16,002		219,576 160,493 255,272 79,166			
Total	510,933		714,507			
Base Limitation	\$ 1,000,000		\$ 1,000,000			
Greater amount		\$ 1,000,000		\$ 1,000,000		
Computed Excess/Surplus		\$ 340,808		\$ 303,629 *		

^{*} This is the estimated future excess/surplus in 2018/2019, which would be the second year with an excess surplus.

Please note: If a housing successor has an excess surplus, the housing successor shall encumber the excess surplus for the purposes described in paragraph (3) of subdivision (a) of Health and Safety Code 34176.1 or transfer the funds pursuant to paragraph (2) of subdivision (c) of 34176.1 within three fiscal years. If the housing successor fails to comply with the subdivision, the housing successor, within 90 days of the end of the third fiscal year, shall transfer any excess surplus to the Department of Housing and Community Development for expenditure pursuant to the Multifamily Housing Program or the Joe Serna, Jr. Farmworker Housing Grant Program.