

## **APPENDIX H- TRANSPORTATION IMPACT STUDY**

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*Linscott Law & Greenspan Engineers - March 22, 2019*

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TRANSPORTATION IMPACT STUDY  
**123 W. POMONA PROJECT**  
City of Monrovia, California  
March 22, 2019

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TRANSPORTATION IMPACT STUDY  
123 W. POMONA PROJECT

City of Monrovia, California  
March 22, 2019

## 1.0 INTRODUCTION

This traffic analysis has been conducted to identify and evaluate the potential traffic impacts of the proposed mixed-use project on the surrounding street system. The proposed project site is located at 123 and 137 West Pomona Avenue, at the southeast corner of the Primrose Avenue/Evergreen Avenue intersection in the City of Monrovia, California. The proposed project site and general vicinity are shown in *Figure 1-1*.

The traffic analysis follows City of Monrovia traffic study guidelines and is consistent with traffic impact assessment guidelines set forth in the *Los Angeles County Congestion Management Program*<sup>1</sup>. This traffic analysis evaluates potential project-related impacts at 11 key intersections in the vicinity of the project site. The study intersections were determined in consultation with City of Monrovia staff. The Intersection Capacity Utilization method was used to determine Volume-to-Capacity ratios and corresponding Levels of Service for the nine signalized study intersections, and the Highway Capacity Manual methodology was utilized for the two stop-sign controlled study intersections. A review also was conducted of Los Angeles County Metropolitan Transportation Authority freeway and intersection monitoring stations to determine if a Congestion Management Program transportation impact assessment analysis is required for the proposed project. In addition, a screening analysis was also completed as it relates to the Caltrans highway system and the ramp intersections under Caltrans jurisdiction were evaluated based on the Highway Capacity Manual (HCM) operational analysis methodologies.

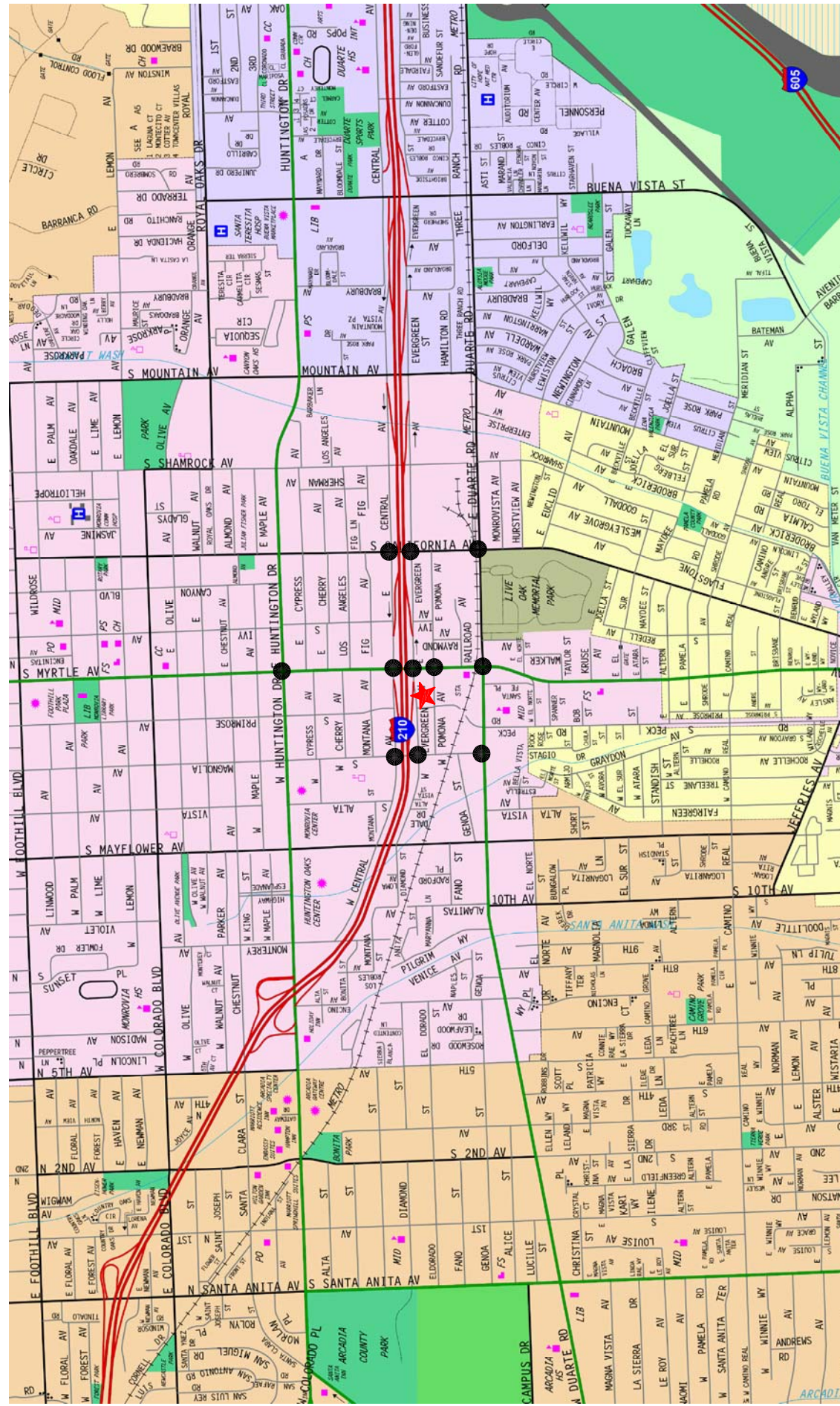
This study (i) presents existing traffic volumes, (ii) includes existing traffic volumes with the forecast traffic volumes from the proposed project, (iii) recommends mitigation measures, where necessary, (iv) forecasts future cumulative baseline traffic volumes, (v) forecasts future traffic volumes with the proposed project, (vi) determines future forecast with project-related impacts, and (vii) recommends mitigation measures, where necessary.

### 1.1 Study Area

Upon coordination with City of Monrovia staff, 11 study intersections have been identified for evaluation during the weekday morning and afternoon peak hours. The 11 study intersections provide local access to the study area and define the extent of the boundaries for this transportation

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<sup>1</sup> 2010 *Congestion Management Program*, Los Angeles County Metropolitan Transportation Authority, October 2010.



MAP SOURCE: RAND MCNALLY & COMPANY



NOT TO SCALE



PROJECT SITE



STUDY INTERSECTION

# FIGURE 1-1 VICINITY MAP

123 W. POMONA PROJECT

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impact analysis. Further discussion of the existing street system and study area is provided in Section 4.0.

The general location of the project in relation to the study locations and surrounding street system is presented in *Figure 1-1*. The traffic analysis study area is generally comprised of those locations which have the greatest potential to experience significant traffic impacts due to the proposed project as defined by the Lead Agency. In the traffic engineering practice, the study area generally includes those intersections that are:

- a. Immediately adjacent or in close proximity to the project site;
- b. In the vicinity of the project site that are documented to have current or projected future adverse operational issues; and
- c. In the vicinity of the project site that are forecast to experience a relatively greater percentage of project-related vehicular turning movements (e.g., at freeway ramp intersections).

The locations selected for analysis were based on the above criteria, proposed project peak hour vehicle trip generation, the anticipated distribution of project vehicular trips, and existing intersection/corridor operations.

## 1.2 Overview of Senate Bill 743

On September 27, 2013, Governor Brown signed Senate Bill (SB) 743 (Steinberg, 2013). Among other things, SB 743 creates a process to change the methodology to analyze transportation impacts under CEQA (Public Resources Code section 21000 and following), which could include analysis based on project vehicle miles traveled (VMT) rather than impacts to intersection Level of Service. On December 30, 2013, the State of California Governor's Office of Planning and Research (OPR) released a preliminary evaluation of alternative methods of transportation analysis. The intent of the original guidance documentation was geared first towards projects located within areas that are designated as transit priority areas, to be followed by other areas of the State. OPR issued other draft discussion documents in March 2015 and January 2016, suggesting some new revisions to the State CEQA Guidelines. In November 2017, OPR submitted the proposed amendments to the CEQA Guidelines to the State's Natural Resources Agency (that include a proposed new Guidelines section 15064.3 which governs how VMT-based analyses of potential traffic impacts should be conducted). On January 26, 2018, the Natural Resources Agency published a Notice of Rulemaking, commencing the formal rulemaking process for the amendments to the CEQA Guidelines. While OPR has now issued final revisions to the state CEQA Guidelines in order to implement the CEQA traffic analysis component of SB 743, Cities, like Monrovia, have until July 1, 2020, to update their transportation analysis guidelines. Therefore, the analysis in this study utilizes existing, long-established protocols in accordance with CEQA and the City's current significance thresholds.



## 2.0 PROJECT DESCRIPTION

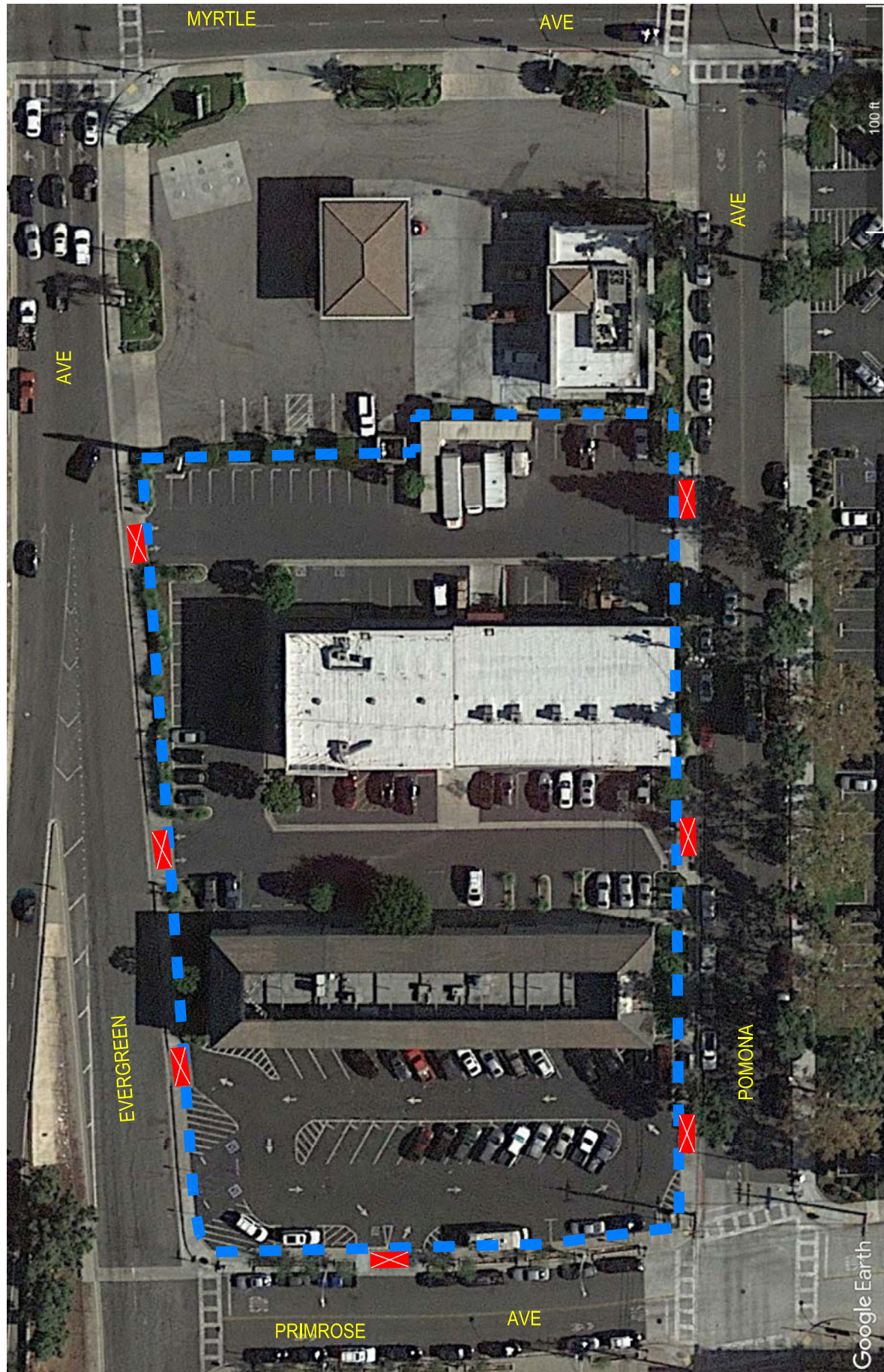
### 2.1 Existing Project Site

The project site is located at 123 and 137 West Pomona Avenue and is generally bordered by Evergreen Avenue to the north, Pomona Avenue to the south, an existing gas station to the east, and Primrose Avenue to the west. Comprised of approximately 1.83 acres, the site is located within the Residential and Industrial neighborhoods of the Station Square Transit Village Planned Development area of the City of Monrovia, California. The project site is currently occupied by light industrial warehousing uses and associated surface parking areas. An aerial photograph of the existing project site is contained in *Figure 2-1*.

### 2.2 Proposed Project Description

The proposed project consists of the construction of a mixed-use, transit-oriented development with 310 residential apartment units and two retail tenant spaces totaling 10,000 square feet. The residential component is planned to comprise of 67 studio units, 182 one-bedroom units, and 61 two-bedroom units. A portion of the residential units (i.e., 25 units) will be reserved as affordable housing units. The retail tenant spaces are situated with one fronting Primrose Avenue and another fronting Pomona Avenue. Other site amenities include the main plaza area, the residential entry plaza, fitness/yoga center, sky deck area, and pool/spa area. Completion of the building construction and occupancy of the proposed project is anticipated by the year 2022. The conceptual site plan for the proposed project is illustrated in *Figure 2-2*.

Vehicular access to the project is proposed to be provided via two access driveways: one full access driveway on Primrose Avenue for the residential ingress/egress and one full access driveway on Pomona Avenue for the retail and loading ingress/egress. Further discussion of the project's site access and circulation scheme is provided in Section 3.0.



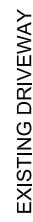
MAP SOURCE: GOOGLE EARTH



NOT TO SCALE



PROJECT SITE



EXISTING DRIVEWAY

FIGURE 2-1  
AERIAL PHOTOGRAPH OF EXISTING PROJECT SITE

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123 W. POMONA PROJECT





### 3.0 SITE ACCESS AND CIRCULATION

Descriptions of the existing and proposed project site access and circulation schemes are provided in the following subsections.

#### 3.1 Existing Site Access

Vehicular access to the existing site is currently provided via a total of seven existing curb cuts along the existing site frontages: with three driveways on Evergreen Avenue, three driveways on Pomona Avenue and one driveway on Primrose Avenue. An aerial photograph of the existing project site and the adjacent roadways is presented in *Figure 2-1*.

#### 3.2 Proposed Project Site Access

The proposed site access scheme for the 123 W. Pomona project is displayed in *Figure 2-2*. Vehicular movements into and out of the project site will be provided via two access driveways: one full access driveway on Primrose Avenue for the residential ingress/egress and one full access driveway on Pomona Avenue for the retail and loading ingress/egress. In order to improve visibility at the site driveways between exiting motorists and on-coming pedestrians along the sidewalk, mirrors (i.e., 18" in diameter) are planned to be installed at both driveway access locations along with a pedestrian warning system consisting of a combination of visual and audible signals (i.e., with flashing lights and an integrated sound/buzzer). Furthermore, any landscaping, signage, or objects (i.e., be less than 36 inches in height) and any and all lower level tree branches must be removed so as to maintain a clear line of sight between exiting motorists and oncoming motorists. No direct site access is provided via Evergreen Avenue. A description of the project site driveways is provided in the following paragraphs.

- *Primrose Avenue Driveway:*

This new project driveway is planned to be located on the east side of Primrose Avenue along the westerly property frontage just south of Evergreen Avenue. The Primrose Avenue project driveway is planned to be gate-controlled for resident-only access to and from the subterranean parking. The project driveway will provide a connection to the subterranean parking levels (i.e., Levels B1 and B2). Full access is planned to be provided (i.e., right-turn and left-turn ingress and egress movements) at the Primrose Avenue project driveway. The Primrose Avenue project driveway will be constructed to City of Monrovia design standards. The number of vehicles forecast with development of the project site is discussed later in Section 7.0.

- *Pomona Avenue Driveway:*

This new project driveway is planned to be located on the north side of Pomona Avenue along the southerly property frontage at the southeast portion of the project site. The Pomona Avenue project driveway is planned to provide access to retail parking on the ground floor and ingress/egress for loading vehicles. Full access is planned to be provided (i.e., right-turn

and left-turn ingress and egress movements) at the Pomona Avenue project driveway. Loading services for retail, trash pick-up, and move-in are provided near the northeast corner of the ground level parking. The service vehicles are anticipated to enter via the Pomona Avenue driveway, proceed northerly to the loading area to conduct loading operations and then exit also via the Pomona Avenue driveway. The Pomona Avenue driveway will be constructed to City of Monrovia design standards.

An analysis of the truck turning maneuvers at the Pomona Avenue driveway has been prepared using the AutoTURN software package. **Appendix A** provides an illustration of the inbound and outbound truck turning maneuvers based on the specifications as outlined according to AASHTO (American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials) for the design vehicle type (i.e., 30-foot single unit truck).

### 3.3 Pedestrian Access

The project will be designed to encourage pedestrian activity and walking as a transportation mode.<sup>2</sup> As indicated in *Figure 2-2*, the proposed project will include site enhancements to promote walkability. Walkability is a term for the extent to which walking is readily available as a safe, connected, accessible and pleasant mode of transport. There are several criteria that are widely accepted as key aspects of the walkability of urban areas that should be satisfied. The underlying principle is that pedestrians should not be delayed, diverted, or placed in danger. The widely accepted characteristics of walkability are as follows:

- **Connectivity:** People can walk from one place to another without encountering major obstacles, obstructions, or loss of connectivity.
- **Convivial:** Pedestrian routes are friendly and attractive, and are perceived as such by pedestrians.
- **Conspicuous:** Suitable levels of lighting, visibility and surveillance over its entire length, with high quality delineation and signage.
- **Comfortable:** High quality and well-maintained footpaths of suitable widths, attractive landscaping and architecture, shelter and rest spaces.
- **Convenient:** Walking is a realistic travel choice, partly because of the impact of the other criteria set forth above, but also because walking routes are of a suitable length as a result of land use planning with minimal delays.

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<sup>2</sup> For example, refer to <http://www.walkscore.com/>, which generates a walkability score of approximately 63 (Somewhat Walkable) out of 100 for the project site. Walk Score calculates the walkability of an address by locating nearby stores, restaurants, schools, parks, etc. Walk Score measures how easy it is to live a car-lite lifestyle—not how pretty the area is for walking.

A review of the project site location and pedestrian walkway network indicates that these five primary characteristics are accommodated as part of the proposed project. The project site is accessible from nearby public bus transit and to rail transit via bus transit transfers as well as other amenities along nearby major corridors. The majority of pedestrian access to the project site is envisioned to occur via existing public sidewalks along streets in the study area. In addition, the site's internal pedestrian walkways and adjacent sidewalks will be appropriately landscaped and adorned to provide a friendly walking environment.

### 3.4 Bicycle Access

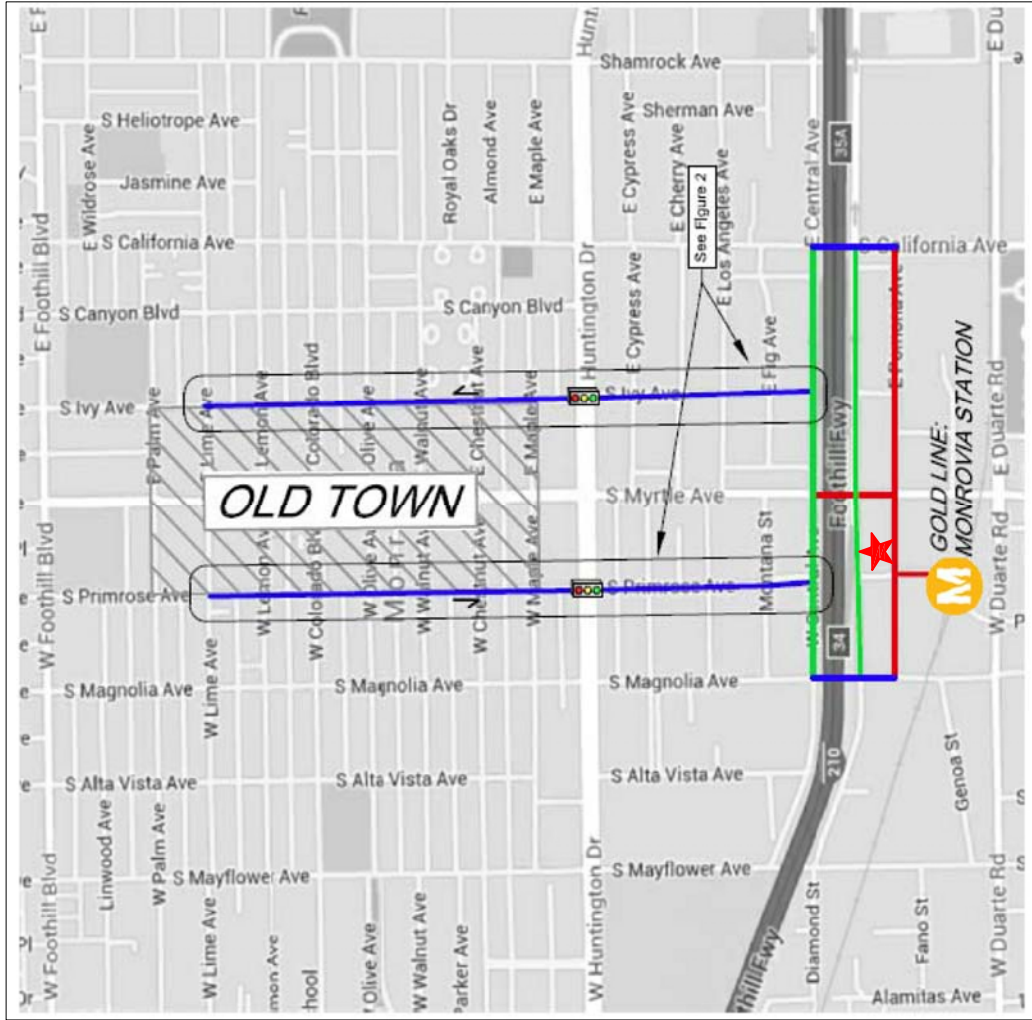
Bicycle access to the project site is facilitated by the City of Monrovia bicycle roadway network. Existing or proposed bicycle facilities (e.g., Class I Bicycle Path, Class II Bicycle Lanes, Class III Bicycle Routes, etc.) shown as part of the Active Community Travel Vinculum (ACTV) Monrovia are located within an approximate one-mile radius from the project site. The existing and proposed bikeway system in close proximity to the project site and in the surrounding area is illustrated in *Figure 3-1*.

The Federal and State transportation system recognizes three primary bikeway facilities: Bicycle Paths (Class I), Bicycle Lanes (Class II), and Bicycle Routes (Class III). Bicycle Paths (Class I) are exclusive car free facilities that are typically not located within a roadway area. Bicycle Lanes (Class II) are part of the street design that is dedicated only for bicycles and identified by a striped lane separating vehicle lanes from bicycle lanes. Bicycle Routes (Class III) are preferably located on collector and lower volume arterial streets.

The existing bicycle facilities in the City's bicycle network are located within an approximate one-mile radius from the project site:

- East-West Routes
  - Evergreen Avenue: Class II Bike Lane
  - Pomona Avenue: Class III Bike Route
  - Duarte Road: Class III Bike Route
- North-South Routes
  - Magnolia Avenue: Class III Bike Route
  - California Avenue: Class III Bike Route

Use of bicycles as a transportation mode to and from the project site should be encouraged by the provision of ample and safe parking.



**LEGEND**

- █ CLASS I – TWO-WAY PROTECTED BIKE/PEDESTRIAN ZONE
- █ CLASS III – SHARED ROAD ROUTE
- █ CLASS IV – ONE-WAY BIKE LANES

MAP SOURCE: ACTV MONROVIA, JUNE 2018

**FIGURE 3-1**  
**EXISTING & PLANNED BIKEWAY NETWORK**

PROJECT SITE

NOT TO SCALE

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123 W. POMONA PROJECT

## 4.0 EXISTING STREET SYSTEM

### 4.1 Local Street System

Immediate access to the 123 W. Pomona project will be provided via Pomona Avenue and Primrose Avenue. The following 11 study intersections were selected for analysis in consultation with City staff in order to determine potential impacts related to the proposed project:

1. Magnolia Avenue/Central Avenue (stop-sign controlled)
2. Magnolia Avenue/Evergreen Avenue (stop-sign controlled)
3. Magnolia Avenue/Duarte Road (signalized)
4. Myrtle Avenue/Huntington Drive (signalized)
5. Myrtle Avenue/Central Avenue (signalized)
6. Myrtle Avenue/Evergreen Avenue (signalized)
7. Myrtle Avenue/Pomona Avenue (signalized)
8. Myrtle Avenue/Duarte Road (signalized)
9. California Avenue/Central Avenue (signalized)
10. California Avenue/Evergreen Avenue (signalized)
11. California Avenue/Duarte Road (signalized)

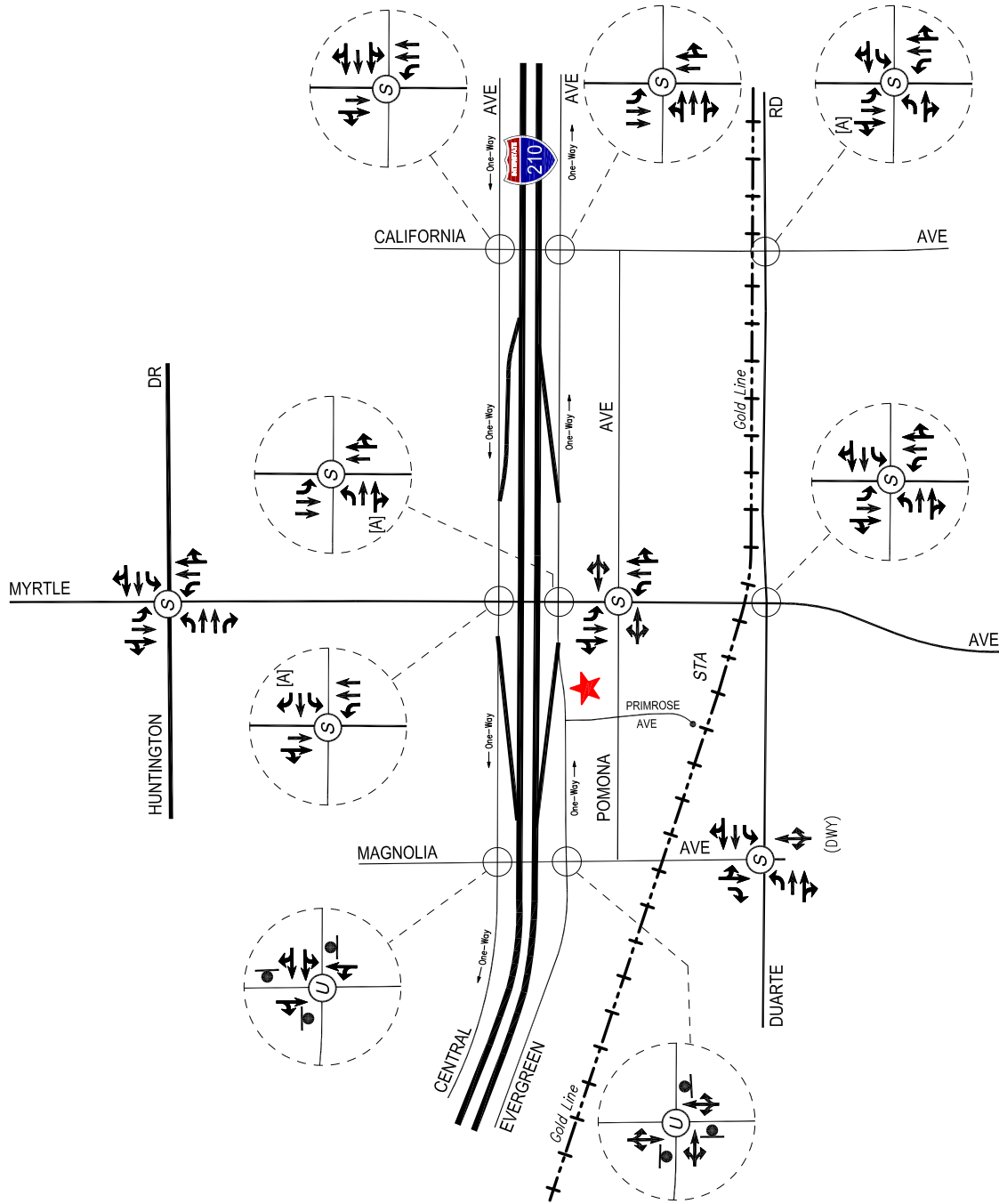
Nine of the 11 study intersections selected for analysis are presently controlled by traffic signals. The remaining two study intersections are stop-sign controlled, with stop-signs facing the minor street approach. The existing lane configurations at the study intersections are displayed in **Figure 4-1**.

### 4.2 Roadway Classifications

The City of Monrovia utilizes the roadway categories recognized by regional, state and federal transportation agencies. There are four categories in the roadway hierarchy, ranging from freeways with the highest capacity to two-lane undivided roadways with the lowest capacity. The roadway categories are summarized as follows:

- *Freeways* are limited-access and high speed travel ways included in the state and federal highway systems. Their purpose is to carry regional through-traffic. Access is provided by interchanges with typical spacing of one mile or greater. No local access is provided to adjacent land uses.
- *Arterial* roadways are major streets that primarily serve through-traffic and provide access to abutting properties as a secondary function. Arterials are generally designed with two to six travel lanes and their major intersections are signalized. This roadway type is divided into two categories: principal and minor arterials. Principal arterials are typically four-or-more lane roadways and serve both local and regional through-traffic. Minor arterials are typically two-to-four lane streets that service local and commute traffic.





NOT TO SCALE

-  PROJECT SITE
-  UNSIGNALIZED INTERSECTION
-  STOP SIGN

-  SIGNALIZED INTERSECTION
-  NO RIGHT-TURN ON RED

**FIGURE 4-1**  
**EXISTING LANE CONFIGURATIONS**

- *Collector* roadways are streets that provide access and traffic circulation within residential and non-residential (e.g., commercial and industrial) areas. Collector roadways connect local streets to arterials and are typically designed with two through travel lanes (i.e., one through travel lane in each direction) that may accommodate on-street parking. They may also provide access to abutting properties.
- *Local* roadways distribute traffic within a neighborhood, or similar adjacent neighborhoods, and are not intended for use as a through-street or a link between higher capacity facilities such as collector or arterial roadways. Local streets are fronted by residential uses and do not typically serve commercial uses.

### 4.3 Regional Highway System

Primary regional access is provided by the I-210 Freeway as shown in *Figure 1-1*. A brief description of the I-210 Freeway is provided in the following paragraph.

*Foothill (I-210) Freeway* is a major east-west freeway located just north of the project site. The I-210 Freeway connects the foothill communities from the westerly terminus in Sylmar to the easterly terminus in Redlands. In the project vicinity, four mixed-flow mainline lanes and one High Occupancy Vehicle lane are provided in each direction on the I-210 Freeway. Full access interchanges (i.e., eastbound and westbound on- and off-ramps) are provided at Myrtle Avenue.

### 4.4 Roadway Descriptions

A review of the important roadways in the project site vicinity and study area is summarized in *Table 4-1*. As indicated in *Table 4-1*, the important roadways within the project study area were reviewed in terms of the number of lanes provided, roadway median types, posted speed limits, etc. Additionally, the roadway classifications of key roads in the project study area are also presented in *Table 4-1*.

### 4.5 Transit Services

Public bus and rail transit services are provided within the 123 W. Pomona Ave project study area. Public bus transit service is currently provided by Foothill Transit and the Metropolitan Transportation Authority (Metro). The Metro Gold Line Monrovia station is located one block south of the project site, at 1675 South Primrose Avenue. A summary of the existing transit service, including the transit routes, destinations and peak hour headways is presented in *Table 4-2*. The existing public transit routes in the project site vicinity are illustrated in *Figure 4-2*.



Table 4-1  
EXISTING ROADWAY DESCRIPTIONS

Roadway	Classification [1]	Travel Lanes		Median Types [4]	Speed Limit
		Direction [2]	No. Lanes [3]		
Magnolia Avenue	Collector Street	NB-SB	2 [5]	N/A	35
Myrtle Avenue (Foothill Blvd to Huntington Dr)	Collector Street	NB-SB	4 to 2	RMI	30-25
Myrtle Avenue (Huntington Dr to City Limit)	Primary Arterial	NB-SB	4	N/A/RMI	35
California Avenue (Huntington Dr to City Limits)	Secondary Arterial	NB-SB	4 [5]	N/A/RMI	35
Huntington Drive (5th Ave to City Limits)	Primary Arterial	EB-WB	4	RMI	35
Central Avenue (Mayflower Ave to Mountain Ave)	Collector Street	EB-WB	3 to 2 [5]	N/A	35
Evergreen Avenue (Mayflower Ave to Mountain Ave)	Collector Street	EB-WB	2 to 3 [6]	N/A	35
Pomona Avenue (Magnolia Ave to California Ave)	Collector Street	EB-WB	2	N/A	25
Duarte Road (5th Ave to Mountain Ave)	Secondary Arterial	EB-WB	4 to 2 [5]	2WLT/RMI	40

Notes:

- [1] Roadway classifications obtained from the *Circulation Element of the City of Monrovia General Plan*, amended November 6, 2012.
- [2] Direction of roadways in the project area: NB-SB - northbound and southbound; and EB-WB - eastbound and westbound.
- [3] Number of lanes in both directions on the roadway.
- [4] Median type of the road: RMI - Raised Median Island; 2WLT - 2-Way Left-Turn Lane; and N/A-Not Applicable.
- [5] Bike Route (Class III)
- [6] Bike Lane (Class II)

Table 4-2  
EXISTING TRANSIT ROUTES [1]

ROUTE	DESTINATIONS	ROADWAY(S) NEAR SITE	NO. OF BUSES/TRAINS DURING PEAK HOUR		
			DIR	AM	PM
Foothill Transit 187	Azusa to Pasadena via Duarte, Monrovia, Arcadia and Sierra Madre	Myrtle Avenue, Huntington Drive	EB WB	4 4	4 4
Foothill Transit 270	El Monte to Monrovia via Irwindale	Myrtle Avenue, Huntington Drive, Duarte Road	NB SB	2 1	2 1
Metro 264	Altadena to El Monte via Pasadena, Arcadia and Duarte	Magnolia Avenue, Myrtle Avenue, California Avenue, Duarte Road	EB WB	1 1	1 1
Metro Gold Line	East Los Angeles to Azusa via Downtown Los Angeles, Lincoln Heights, Highland Park, South Pasadena, Pasadena, Arcadia, Monrovia, Duarte and Irwindale	Monrovia Station	NB SB	8 8	8 8
Total				29	29

[1] Sources: Foothill Transit and Los Angeles County Metropolitan Transportation Authority (Metro) websites, 2018.



**FIGURE 4-2**  
**EXISTING TRANSIT ROUTES**

MAP SOURCE: METROPOLITAN TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY WEBSITE 2018



★ PROJECT SITE

NOT TO SCALE

## 5.0 TRAFFIC COUNTS

Manual counts of vehicular turning movements were conducted at each of the 11 study intersections during the weekday morning (AM) and afternoon (PM) commuter periods to determine the peak hour traffic volumes. The manual counts were conducted in 2016, 2017, and 2018 by various independent traffic count subconsultants at the study intersections from 7:00 AM to 9:00 AM to determine the AM peak commuter hour, and from 4:00 PM to 6:00 PM to determine the PM peak commuter hour. Traffic counts conducted in years 2016 and 2017 were increased by an annual ambient traffic growth rate (i.e., 0.82% per year) to reflect existing (2018) conditions. In conjunction with the manual turning movement vehicle counts, a count of bicycle and pedestrian volumes were collected during the peak periods. It is noted that all of the traffic counts were conducted when local schools were in regular session. Traffic volumes at the study intersections show the typical peak periods between 7:00 AM to 9:00 AM and 4:00 PM to 6:00 PM generally associated with metropolitan peak commute hours.

The weekday AM and PM peak hour manual counts of vehicle movements at the 11 study intersections are summarized in **Table 5-1**. The existing traffic volumes at the study intersections during the weekday AM and PM peak hours are shown in **Figures 5-1** and **5-2**, respectively. For each study intersection, the highest one-hour total traffic volumes (i.e., four consecutive 15-minute time intervals) traversing through the intersection during the 7:00 to 9:00 AM and 4:00 to 6:00 PM time periods were selected so as to determine the respective weekday AM and PM peak hour traffic volumes for each study intersection. For purposes of the traffic impact analysis, this common traffic engineering practice ensures that a more conservative (i.e., worst case) assessment of existing operating conditions be attained for each study intersection. Therefore, the traffic volumes shown in **Figures 5-1** and **5-2** for the study intersections do not necessarily reflect the same exact one hour time period during the morning and/or afternoon peak commuter conditions (i.e., one intersection's peak hour may have occurred between 7:30 and 8:30 AM, while another intersection's peak hour may have occurred between 7:45 and 8:45 AM). Summary data worksheets of the manual traffic counts at the study intersections are contained in **Appendix B**.

Table 5-1  
EXISTING TRAFFIC VOLUMES [1]  
WEEKDAY AM AND PM PEAK HOURS

NO.	INTERSECTION	DATE	DIR	AM PEAK HOUR		PM PEAK HOUR	
				BEGAN	VOLUME	BEGAN	VOLUME
1	Magnolia Avenue/ Central Avenue	06/06/2017 [2]	NB	7:15	263	4:45	311
			SB		296		321
			EB		0		0
			WB		393		346
2	Magnolia Avenue/ Evergreen Avenue	06/06/2017 [2]	NB	7:15	366	4:45	386
			SB		391		423
			EB		201		216
			WB		0		0
3	Magnolia Avenue/ Duarte Road	03/08/2017 [2]	NB	7:30	7	4:45	14
			SB		314		379
			EB		612		959
			WB		932		660
4	Myrtle Avenue/ Huntington Drive	09/20/2016 [2]	NB	7:30	865	4:45	646
			SB		355		727
			EB		545		1,170
			WB		1,388		887
5	Myrtle Avenue/ Central Avenue	09/20/2016 [2]	NB	7:30	835	4:45	683
			SB		553		891
			EB		0		0
			WB		1,117		997
6	Myrtle Avenue/ Evergreen Avenue	09/20/2016 [2]	NB	7:30	626	4:30	717
			SB		693		906
			EB		1,054		1,168
			WB		0		0
7	Myrtle Avenue/ Pomona Avenue	08/29/2018	NB	7:45	496	4:45	674
			SB		744		845
			EB		108		230
			WB		93		96
8	Myrtle Avenue/ Duarte Road	08/18/2016 [2]	NB	7:45	629	5:15	574
			SB		711		826
			EB		525		883
			WB		369		407
9	California Avenue/ Central Avenue	08/29/2018	NB	7:15	413	4:45	291
			SB		283		507
			EB		0		0
			WB		544		284
10	California Avenue/ Evergreen Avenue	08/29/2018	NB	7:30	529	4:30	381
			SB		351		521
			EB		251		693
			WB		0		0

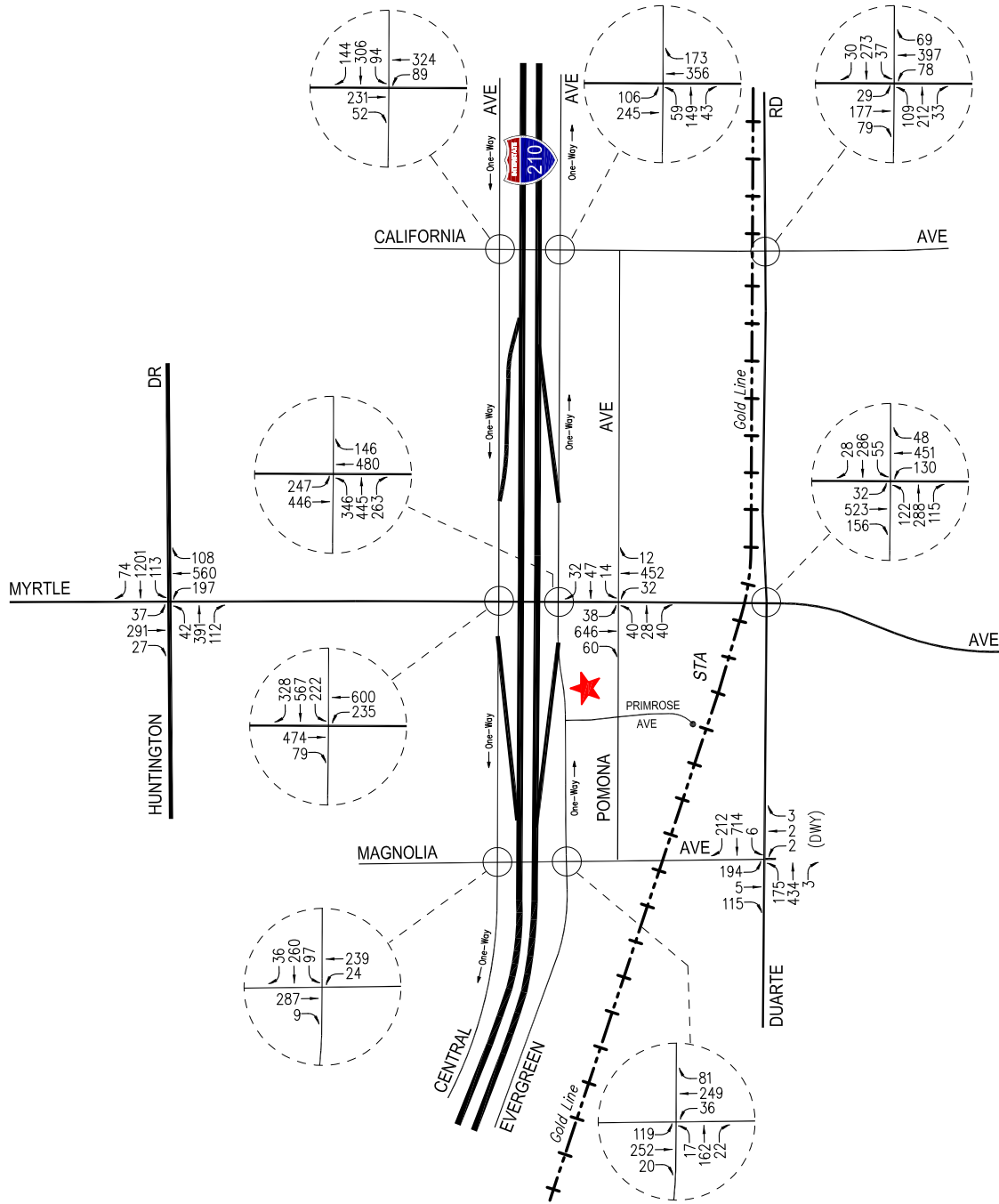
[1] Counts conducted by NDS, City Count LLC and The Traffic Solution.

[2] Includes application of ambient traffic growth factor (i.e., 0.82% per year) to reflect existing (2018) traffic volumes.

Table 5-1 (Continued)  
 EXISTING TRAFFIC VOLUMES [1]  
 WEEKDAY AM AND PM PEAK HOURS

NO.	INTERSECTION	DATE	DIR	AM PEAK HOUR		PM PEAK HOUR	
				BEGAN	VOLUME	BEGAN	VOLUME
11	California Avenue/ Duarte Road	08/29/2018	NB	7:30	544	4:45	419
			SB		285		440
			EB		354		615
			WB		340		324

[1] Counts conducted by NDS, City Count LLC and The Traffic Solution.

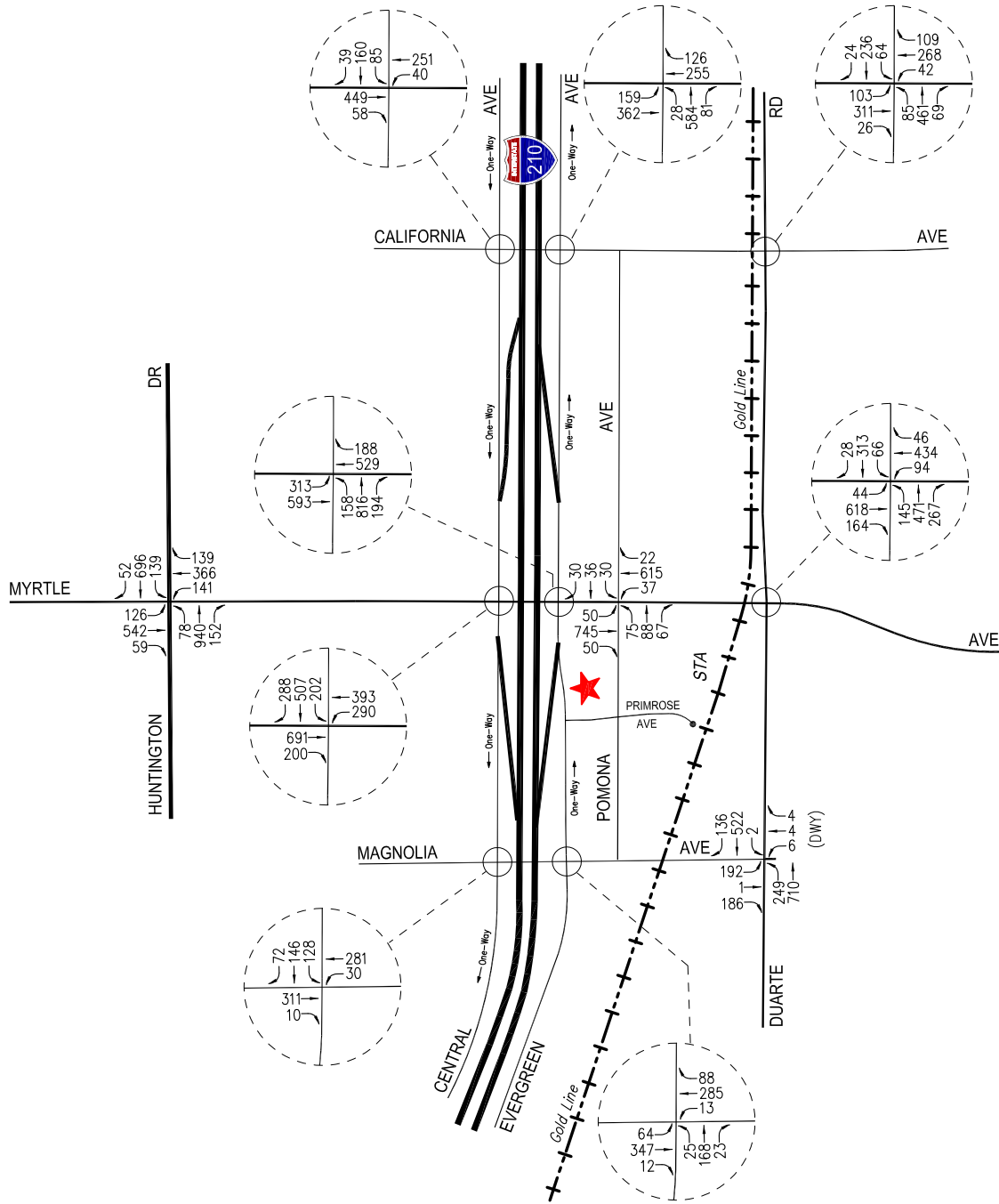


**FIGURE 5-1**  
**EXISTING TRAFFIC VOLUMES**  
 WEEKDAY AM PEAK HOUR  
 123 W. POMONA PROJECT


PROJECT SITE


NOT TO SCALE

LINSCOTT, LAW & GREENSPAN, engineers



**FIGURE 5-2**  
**EXISTING TRAFFIC VOLUMES**  
 WEEKDAY PM PEAK HOUR  
 123 W. POMONA PROJECT

 PROJECT SITE

 NOT TO SCALE

LINSCOTT, LAW & GREENSPAN, engineers



## 6.0 CUMULATIVE DEVELOPMENT PROJECTS

The forecast of future pre-project conditions was prepared in accordance to procedures outlined in Section 15130 of the CEQA Guidelines. Specifically, the CEQA Guidelines provide two options for developing the future traffic volume forecast:

“(A) A list of past, present, and probable future projects producing related or cumulative impacts, including, if necessary, those projects outside the control of the [lead] agency, or

(B) A summary of projections contained in an adopted local, regional or statewide plan, or related planning document, that describes or evaluates conditions contributing to the cumulative effect. Such plans may include: a general plan, regional transportation plan, or plans for the reduction of greenhouse gas emissions. A summary of projections may also be contained in an adopted or certified prior environmental document for such a plan. Such projections may be supplemented with additional information such as a regional modeling program. Any such document shall be referenced and made available to the public at a location specified by the lead agency.”

Accordingly, the traffic analysis provides a highly conservative estimate of future pre-project traffic volumes as it incorporates both the “A” and “B” options outlined in the CEQA Guidelines for purposes of developing the forecast.

### 6.1 Related Projects

A forecast of on-street traffic conditions prior to occupancy of the proposed project was prepared by incorporating the potential trips associated with other known development projects (related projects) in the area. With this information, the potential impact of the proposed project can be evaluated within the context of the cumulative impact of all ongoing development. The related projects research was based on information on file at the City of Monrovia Community Development Department Planning Division, County of Los Angeles Department of Regional Planning, City of Arcadia Development Services Department, and the City of Duarte Community Development Department. The list of related projects in the project study area is presented in **Table 6-1**. The location of the related projects is shown in **Figure 6-1**.

Traffic volumes expected to be generated by the related projects were calculated using rates provided in the Institute of Transportation Engineers’ (ITE) *Trip Generation Manual*<sup>3</sup> and other sources. The related projects’ respective traffic generation for the weekday AM and PM peak hours, as well as on a daily basis for a typical weekday, is summarized in **Table 6-1**. The distribution of the related projects traffic volumes to the study intersections during the weekday AM and PM peak hours are displayed in **Figures 6-2** and **6-3**, respectively.

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<sup>3</sup> Institute of Transportation Engineers *Trip Generation Manual*, 9<sup>th</sup> Edition, Washington, D.C., 2012.

Table 6-1  
RELATED PROJECTS LIST AND TRIP GENERATION [1]

MAP NO.	PROJECT STATUS	PROJECT NAME/NUMBER ADDRESS/LOCATION	LAND USE DATA		PROJECT DATA SOURCE	DAILY TRIP ENDS [2]	AM PEAK HOUR VOLUMES [2]			PM PEAK HOUR VOLUMES [2]		
			LAND-USE	SIZE			IN	OUT	TOTAL	IN	OUT	TOTAL
M1	Under Construction	Former Albertsons Center 725 E. Huntington Boulevard	Retail	98,000 GLSF	[3]	4,185	58	36	94	175	189	364
M2	Under Construction	530 Fano Street	Condominium	12 DU	[4]	70	1	4	5	4	2	6
M3	Built	City of Hope 1218 S. 5th Avenue	Research and Development Center	42,936 GSF	[5]	348	43	9	52	7	39	46
M4	Planning Review	Alexan 1625 Magnolia Avenue	Apartment Live Work	432 DU 4 DU	[6]	1,938	12	131	143	132	62	194
M5	Under Construction	MODA Southwest corner of Pomona Avenue between Primrose Avenue and Magnolia Avenue	Apartment	261 DU	[7]	1,736	27	106	133	105	57	162
M6	Built	5th & Huntington 1110-1212 S. 5th Avenue	Apartment Retail	154 DU 1,340 GLSF	[8]	736	(11)	56	45	56	11	67
M7	Approved	239 W. Chestnut Avenue	Condominium	10 DU	[4]	58	1	3	4	3	2	5
M8	Built	303 S. Madison Avenue	Single-Family Residential	6 DU	[9]	57	1	4	5	4	2	6
M9	In Planning Review	717-721 W. Duarte Road	Condominium	8 DU	[4]	46	1	3	4	3	1	4
M10	Approved	205 and 225 W. Duarte Road, 1725 Peck Road	Apartment	296 DU	[7]	1,968	30	121	151	120	64	184
M11	Planning Review	825 S. Myrtle Avenue	Apartment Retail	154 DU 3,440 GLSF	[10]	721	(11)	38	27	44	8	52
M12	Proposed	Northeast corner of Myrtle Avenue and Lime Avenue	Apartment	140 DU	[7]	931	14	57	71	57	30	87
M13	Planning Review	Block bounded by Evergreen Avenue to the north, Pomona Avenue to the south, Primrose Avenue to the east, and Magnolia Avenue to the west.	Apartment Retail	284 DU 7,080 GLSF	[11]	1,034	(6)	50	44	56	18	74
M14	Planning Review	Marriott Town Place Suites 102-140 W. Huntington Drive	Hotel	109 Occ. Rm	[12]	891	34	24	58	34	31	65
M15	Proposed	1601 Myrtle Avenue (current City Park-and Ride Lot)	Hotel	100 Occ. Rm	[13]	892	39	28	67	34	36	70
M16	Proposed	239 W. Huntington Drive	Coffee Shop	2,200 GSF	[14]	1,801	113	108	221	47	47	94

City of Monrovia

Table 6-1 (Continued)  
RELATED PROJECTS LIST AND TRIP GENERATION [1]

MAP NO.	PROJECT STATUS	PROJECT NAME/NUMBER ADDRESS/LOCATION	LAND USE DATA		PROJECT DATA SOURCE	DAILY TRIP ENDS [2]	AM PEAK HOUR VOLUMES [2]			PM PEAK HOUR VOLUMES [2]		
			LAND-USE	SIZE			IN	OUT	TOTAL	IN	OUT	TOTAL
Los Angeles County												
L1	Approved	1901-1909 Peck Road	Condominium	10 DU	[4]	58	1	3	4	3	2	5
City of Duarte												
D1	Under Construction	1634 Third Street and 1101 Oak Avenue	Condominium	18 DU	[4]	105	1	7	8	6	3	9
D2	Approved	Duarte Town Center Mixed-Use Project 1405-1437 Huntington Drive	Apartment Retail	161 DU 3,500 GLSF	[7] [3]	1,071 149	16 2	66 1	82 3	65 6	35 7	100 13
D3	Approved	Duarte Station TOD Northwest corner of Highland Avenue and Duarte Road	Apartment Office Hotel Retail	475 DU 400,000 GSF 250 Occ. Rms. 12,000 GLSF	[7] [15] [13] [3]	3,159 4,412 2,230 512	48 549 97 7	194 75 71 5	242 624 168 12	192 101 86 22	103 495 89 23	295 596 175 45
D4	Proposed	City of Hope Specific Plan 1500 Duarte Road	City of Hope (Population Net Increase)	2,945 Persons	[16]	4,753	448	66	514	74	388	462
D5	Approved	Planet Fitness 1193 Huntington Drive	Health Club	15,862 GSF	[17]	522	11	11	22	32	24	56
D6	Approved	946-962 Huntington Drive	Condominium	25 DU	[4]	145	2	9	11	9	4	13
D7	Proposed	928 Huntington Drive	Condominium	22 DU	[4]	128	2	8	10	7	4	11
D8	Approved	1525 Huntington Drive	Restaurant (Outdoor Dining Addition)	5,200 GSF	[18]	468	2	2	4	26	13	39
City of Arcadia												
A1	Proposed	323-325 N. 1st Avenue	Medical Office Retail	5,420 GSF 1,806 GLSF	[19] [3]	196 77	10 1	3 1	13 2	5 3	14 4	19 7
A2	Proposed	1117-129 E. Huntington Drive 124, 126 & 134 E. Wheeler Avenue	Apartment Retail	170 DU 13,900 GLSF	[7] [3]	1,131 594	17 8	70 5	87 13	68 25	37 27	105 52
A3	Under Construction	56 E. Duarte Road	Condominium Retail	37 DU 19,360 GLSF	[4] [3]	215 827	3 12	13 7	16 19	13 35	6 37	19 72
A4	Under Construction	57 Wheeler Avenue	Apartment Retail	38 DU 16,175 GLSF	[7] [3]	253 691	4 10	15 6	19 16	16 29	8 31	24 60
<b>TOTAL</b>						<b>39,108</b>	<b>1,597</b>	<b>1,416</b>	<b>3,013</b>	<b>1,704</b>	<b>1,953</b>	<b>3,657</b>

[1] Sources: City of Monrovia Community Development Department - Planning Division, Los Angeles County Department of Regional Planning, City of Arcadia Development Services Department - Planning Division, and City of Duarte Community Development Department - Planning Division. Trip generation for the related projects are based on ITE "Trip Generation Manual", 9th Edition, 2012 (as referenced in the Project Data Source column), unless otherwise noted.

[2] Trips are one-way traffic movements, entering or leaving.

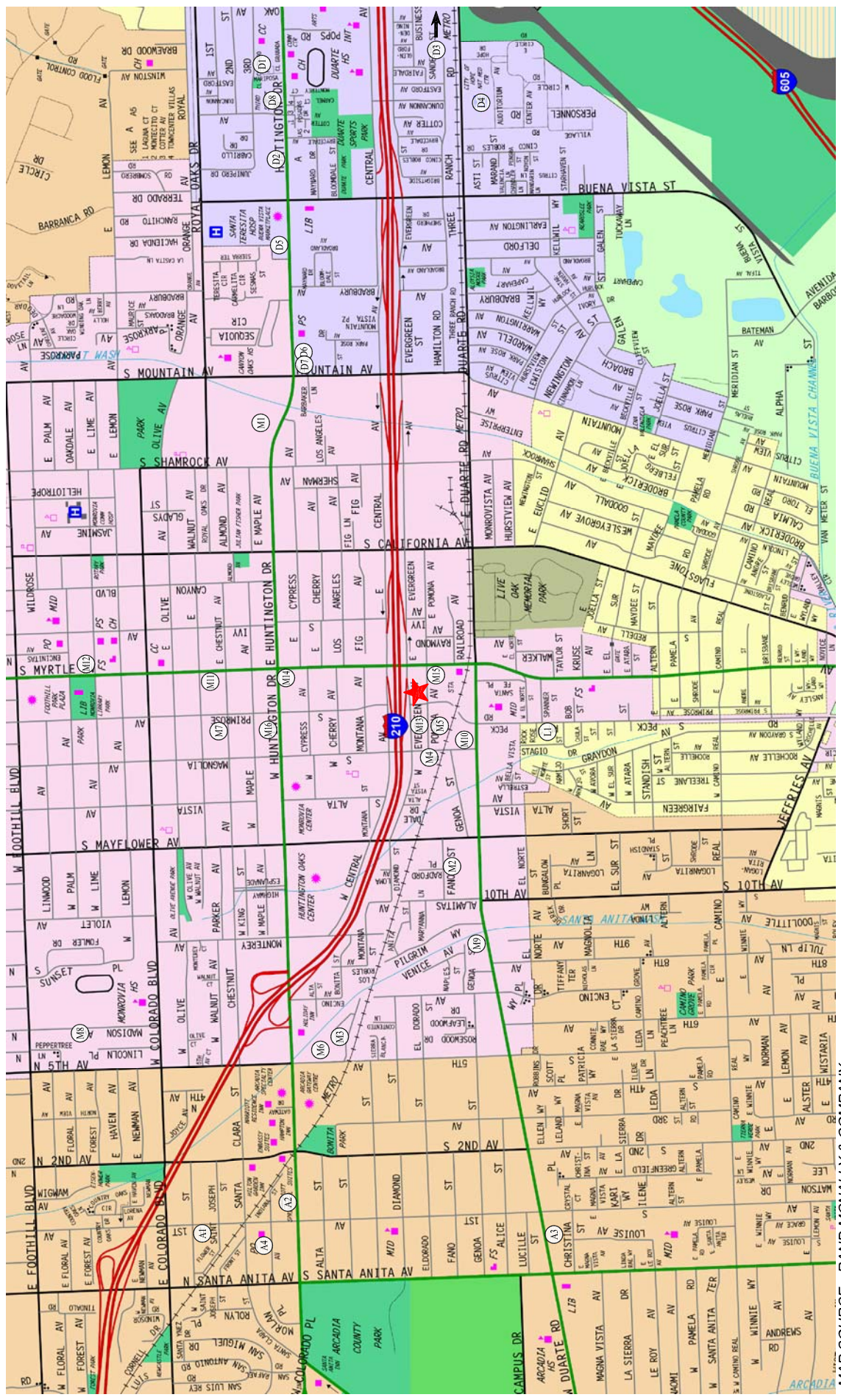
[3] ITE Land Use Code 820 (Shopping Center) trip generation average rates.

[4] ITE Land Use Code 230 (Residential Condominium/Townhouse) trip generation average rates.

[5] ITE Land Use Code 760 (Research and Development Center) trip generation average rates.

Table 6-1 (Continued)  
 RELATED PROJECTS LIST AND TRIP GENERATION [1]






- [6] Source: "Traffic Impact Analysis for 1625 Magnolia Avenue", prepared by LSA, May 2018.
- [7] ITE Land Use Code 220 (Apartment) trip generation average rates.
- [8] Source: "Traffic Impact Analysis for 5th Avenue/Huntington Drive Mixed-Use Project", prepared by LLG Engineers, December 27, 2012.
- [9] ITE Land Use Code 210 (Single Family Detached Housing) trip generation average rates.
- [10] Source: "Traffic Impact Analysis for Avalon Monrovia", prepared by LSA, March 2018.
- [11] Source: "Transportation Impact Study for The Arroyo at Monrovia Station Project", prepared by LLG Engineers, February 2019.
- [12] Source: "Traffic Impact Analysis for Monrovia Hotel", prepared by LSA, May 2018.
- [13] ITE Land Use Code 310 (Hotel) trip generation average rates.
- [14] ITE Land Use Code 937 (Coffee/Donut Shop with Drive-Through) trip generation average rates.
- [15] ITE Land Use Code 710 (General Office) trip generation average rates.
- [16] Source: "Draft Transportation Impact Study for the City of Hope", prepared by Fehr & Peers, April 2017. The City of Hope Specific Plan build-out year is expected to be by the year 2035, which is beyond the build-out year for the proposed 123 W. Pomona project.
- [17] ITE Land Use Code 492 (Health/Fitness Club) trip generation average rates.
- [18] ITE Land Use Code 931 (Quality Restaurant) trip generation average rates.
- [19] ITE Land Use Code 720 (Medical-Dental Office Building) trip generation average rates.



MAP SOURCE: RAND MCNALLY & COMPANY



NOT TO SCALE

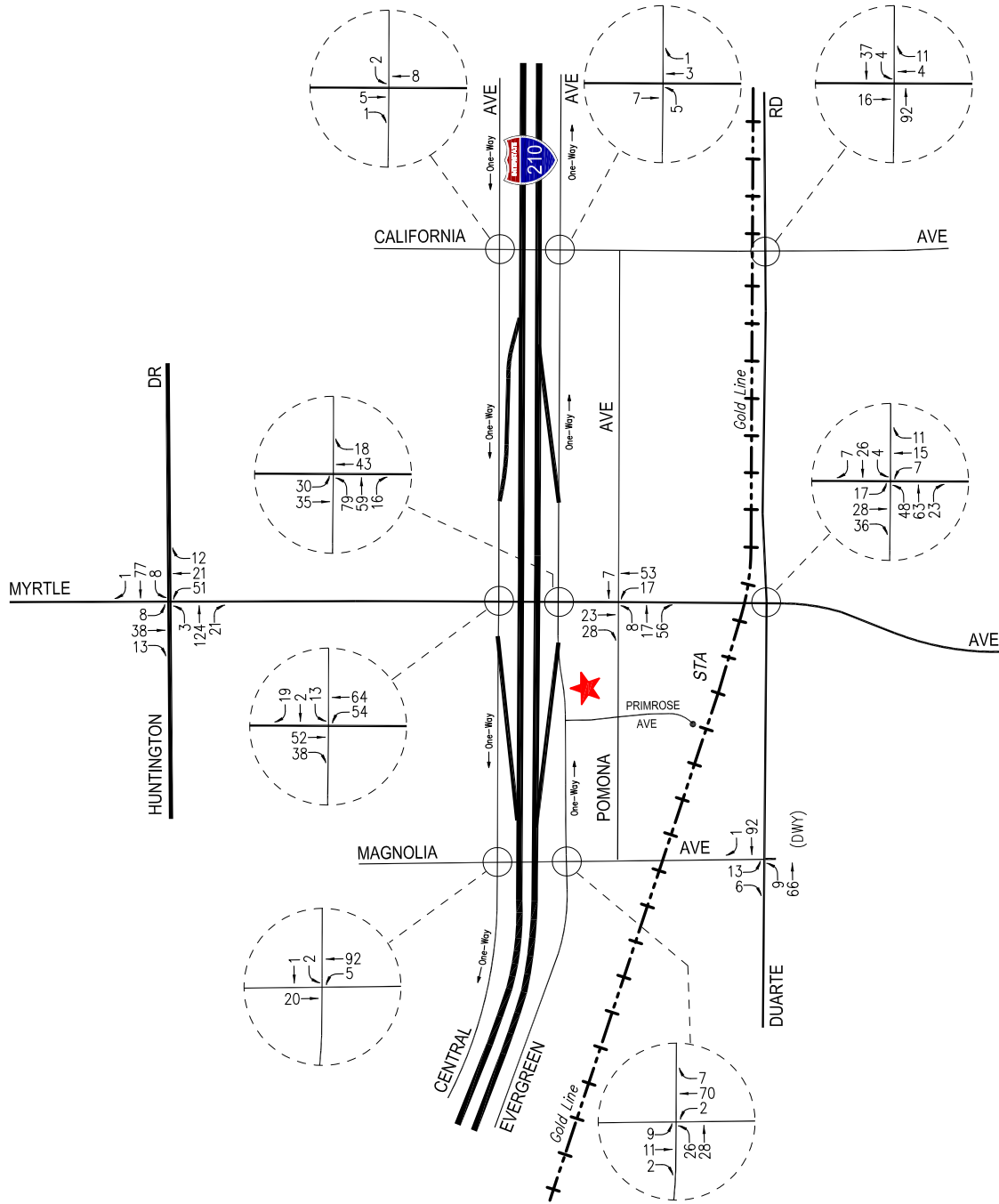
-  PROJECT SITE
-  CITY OF MONROVIA RELATED PROJECT
-  LOS ANGELES COUNTY RELATED PROJECT
-  CITY OF DUARTE RELATED PROJECT
-  CITY OF ARCADIA RELATED PROJECT

LINSCOTT, LAW & GREENSPAN, engineers

# FIGURE 6-1 LOCATION OF RELATED PROJECTS

123 W. POMONA PROJECT





PROJECT SITE

NOT TO SCALE

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# FIGURES 6-2

## RELATED PROJECTS TRAFFIC VOLUMES

WEEKDAY AM PEAK HOUR  
123 W. POMONA PROJECT



## 6.2 Ambient Traffic Growth Factor

In order to account for area-wide regional growth not included in this analysis, the existing traffic volumes were increased at an annual rate of 0.82 percent (0.82%) per year to the year 2022 (i.e., the anticipated year of project build-out). The ambient growth factor was based on review of the background traffic growth estimates for the City of Monrovia (included as part of Regional Statistical Area No. 25) published in the *2010 Congestion Management Program*, which indicate that existing traffic volumes would be expected to increase at an annual rate of approximately 0.57% to 0.82% between years 2015 and 2025. Further, it is noted that the ambient traffic growth rate is intended to anticipate future traffic generated by development projects in the project vicinity. Thus, the inclusion in this traffic analysis of both a forecast of traffic generated by known related projects plus the use of an ambient growth traffic factor based on CMP traffic model data results in a conservative estimate of future traffic volumes at the study intersections.



## 7.0 TRAFFIC FORECASTING METHODOLOGY

In order to estimate the traffic impact characteristics of the 123 W. Pomona project, a multi-step process has been utilized. The first step is trip generation, which estimates the total arriving and departing traffic volumes on a peak hour and daily basis. The traffic generation potential is forecast by applying the appropriate vehicle trip generation equations or rates to the project development tabulation.

The second step of the forecasting process is trip distribution, which identifies the origins and destinations of inbound and outbound project traffic volumes. These origins and destinations are typically based on demographics and existing/anticipated travel patterns in the study area.

The third step is traffic assignment, which involves the allocation of project traffic to study area streets and intersections. Traffic assignment is typically based on minimization of travel time, which may or may not involve the shortest route, depending on prevailing operating conditions and travel speeds. Traffic distribution patterns are indicated by general percentage orientation, while traffic assignment allocates specific volume forecasts to individual roadway links and intersection turning movements throughout the study area.

With the forecasting process complete and project traffic assignments developed, the impact of the proposed project is isolated by comparing operational (i.e., Levels of Service) conditions at the selected key intersections using existing and expected future traffic volumes without and with forecast project traffic. The need for site-specific and/or cumulative local area traffic improvements can then be evaluated and the significance of the project's impacts identified.

### 7.1 Project Trip Generation

Traffic volumes expected to be generated by the proposed project during the weekday AM and PM peak hours, as well as on a daily basis, were estimated using rates published in the 10<sup>th</sup> Edition of the *ITE Trip Generation Manual*<sup>4</sup>. ITE Land Use Code 221 (Multifamily Housing [Mid-Rise]) and ITE Land Use Code 820 (Shopping Center) trip generation rates were used to forecast the traffic volumes expected to be generated by the residential and retail components of the project, respectively. In addition, the ITE Land Use Code 110 (General Light Industrial) trip generation rates were used to forecast the traffic volumes from the existing uses (i.e., to be applied as a credit/reduction in the project trip generation forecasts as it will be removed with the proposed project).

The ITE manual contains trip rates for a variety of land uses (including office buildings, shopping centers, condominiums, apartments, etc.), which have been derived based on traffic counts conducted at existing sites. However, the traffic count data submitted to ITE is for free-standing sites generally located in suburban locations, which likely do not reflect the trip generation characteristics for projects located in urban areas such as where the proposed project is situated. Thus, the trip rates provided in the *ITE Trip Generation Manual* (derived from traffic counts at suburban projects) would be expected to

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<sup>4</sup> Institute of Transportation Engineers *Trip Generation Manual*, 10<sup>th</sup> Edition, Washington, D.C., 2017.

overstate the trip generation potential of projects located in the Station Square Transit Village (SSTV) Planned Development area of the City of Monrovia, including the proposed project.

Internal capture trips are those trips made internal to the site between land uses in a mixed or multi-use development. When combined within a mixed or multi-use development, land uses tend to interact, and thus attract a portion of each other's trip generation. In addition to internal capture trips, pass-by trips are made as intermediate stops on the way from an origin to a primary destination without a route diversion. Pass-by trips are attracted from traffic passing the site on an adjacent street or roadway that offers direct access to the site. It should be noted that a combined internal capture/pass-by adjustment factor of 25 percent has been conservatively applied to the retail traffic generation forecast only.

For the 123 W. Pomona project, it is reasonable to conclude that its design and location within Western Gateway neighborhood of the SSTV Planned Development area and proximity to the Metro Gold Line Monrovia station, would result in a significant reduction in vehicle trips as compared to the trip generation forecasts that would otherwise be calculated using the applicable and unadjusted ITE trip rates in a passively managed traffic management condition. Thus, a transit adjustment factor of 25 percent has been conservatively applied to the residential traffic generation forecast, and a transit adjustment factor of 15 percent was applied to the retail traffic generation forecast after the internal/pass-by adjustments were applied.

### 7.1.1 Project Trip Generation Summary

The trip generation forecast for the proposed project is summarized in *Table 7-1*. The trip generation forecast for the proposed project was submitted for review and approval by City of Monrovia staff. As presented in *Table 7-1*, the proposed project is expected to generate 73 net new vehicle trips (11 inbound trips and 62 outbound trips) during the weekday AM peak hour. During the weekday PM peak hour, the proposed project is expected to generate 111 net new vehicle trips (71 inbound trips and 40 outbound trips). Over a 24-hour period, the proposed project is forecast to generate 1,390 net new daily trip ends during a typical weekday (approximately 695 inbound trips and 695 outbound trips).

## 7.2 Project Traffic Distribution and Assignment

Project traffic volumes both entering and exiting the site have been distributed and assigned to the adjacent street system based on the following considerations:

- The site's proximity to major traffic corridors (i.e., Myrtle Avenue, Huntington Drive, Duarte Road, I-210 Freeway, etc.);
- Expected localized traffic flow patterns based on adjacent roadway channelization and presence of traffic signals;
- Existing intersection traffic volumes and I-210 Freeway on/off-ramp traffic volumes;

Table 7-1  
PROJECT TRIP GENERATION [1]

LAND USE	SIZE	DAILY TRIP ENDS [2] VOLUMES	AM PEAK HOUR VOLUMES [2]			PM PEAK HOUR VOLUMES [2]		
			IN	OUT	TOTAL	IN	OUT	TOTAL
<b>Proposed Uses</b>								
Apartment [3]	310 DU	1,686	29	83	112	83	53	136
Less Transit Adjustment (25%) [4]		(422)	(7)	(21)	(28)	(21)	(13)	(34)
Retail [5]	10,000 GLSF	378	6	3	9	18	20	38
Less Internal/Pass-by Adjustment (25%) [6]		(95)	(2)	(1)	(3)	(5)	(5)	(10)
Less Transit Adjustment (15%) [4]		(42)	(1)	0	(1)	(2)	(2)	(4)
<b>Subtotal Proposed Uses</b>		<b>1,505</b>	<b>25</b>	<b>64</b>	<b>89</b>	<b>73</b>	<b>53</b>	<b>126</b>
<b>Existing Uses to be Removed</b>								
General Light Industrial [7]	(23,264) GLSF	(115)	(14)	(2)	(16)	(2)	(13)	(15)
<b>Subtotal Existing Uses</b>		<b>(115)</b>	<b>(14)</b>	<b>(2)</b>	<b>(16)</b>	<b>(2)</b>	<b>(13)</b>	<b>(15)</b>
<b>NET TOTAL PROJECT TRIPS</b>		<b>1,390</b>	<b>11</b>	<b>62</b>	<b>73</b>	<b>71</b>	<b>40</b>	<b>111</b>

[1] Source: ITE "Trip Generation Manual", 10th Edition, 2017.

[2] Trips are one-way traffic movements, entering or leaving.

[3] ITE Land Use Code 221 (Multifamily Housing [Mid-Rise]) trip generation average rates.

- Daily Trip Rate: 5.44 trips/dwelling unit; 50% inbound/50% outbound

- AM Peak Hour Trip Rate: 0.36 trips/dwelling unit; 26% inbound/74% outbound

- PM Peak Hour Trip Rate: 0.44 trips/dwelling unit; 61% inbound/39% outbound

[4] Transit adjustments of 25 percent and 15 percent were applied to residential and retail project components, respectively, due to the proximity to the Metro Gold Line Monrovia Station located at 1675 S. Primrose Avenue. The transit adjustments were applied after the internal/pass-by adjustments were applied for the retail project component.

[5] ITE Land Use Code 820 (Shopping Center) trip generation average rates.

- Daily Trip Rate: 37.75 trips/1,000 SF of leasable floor area; 50% inbound/50% outbound

- AM Peak Hour Trip Rate: 0.94 trips/1,000 SF of leasable floor area; 62% inbound/38% outbound

- PM Peak Hour Trip Rate: 3.81 trips/1,000 SF of leasable floor area; 48% inbound/52% outbound

[6] Pass-by trips are made as intermediate stops on the way from an origin to a primary destination without a route diversion. Pass-by trips are attracted from the traffic passing the site on an adjacent street or roadway that offers direct access to the site. In addition, an internal trip adjustment was included to account for the synergistic effects between the residential and retail land use components of the proposed project. The internal capture/pass-by adjustment factor of 25 percent was applied to the retail land use component.

[7] ITE Land Use Code 110 (General Light Industrial) trip generation average rates.

- Daily Trip Rate: 4.96 trips/1,000 SF of floor area; 50% inbound/50% outbound

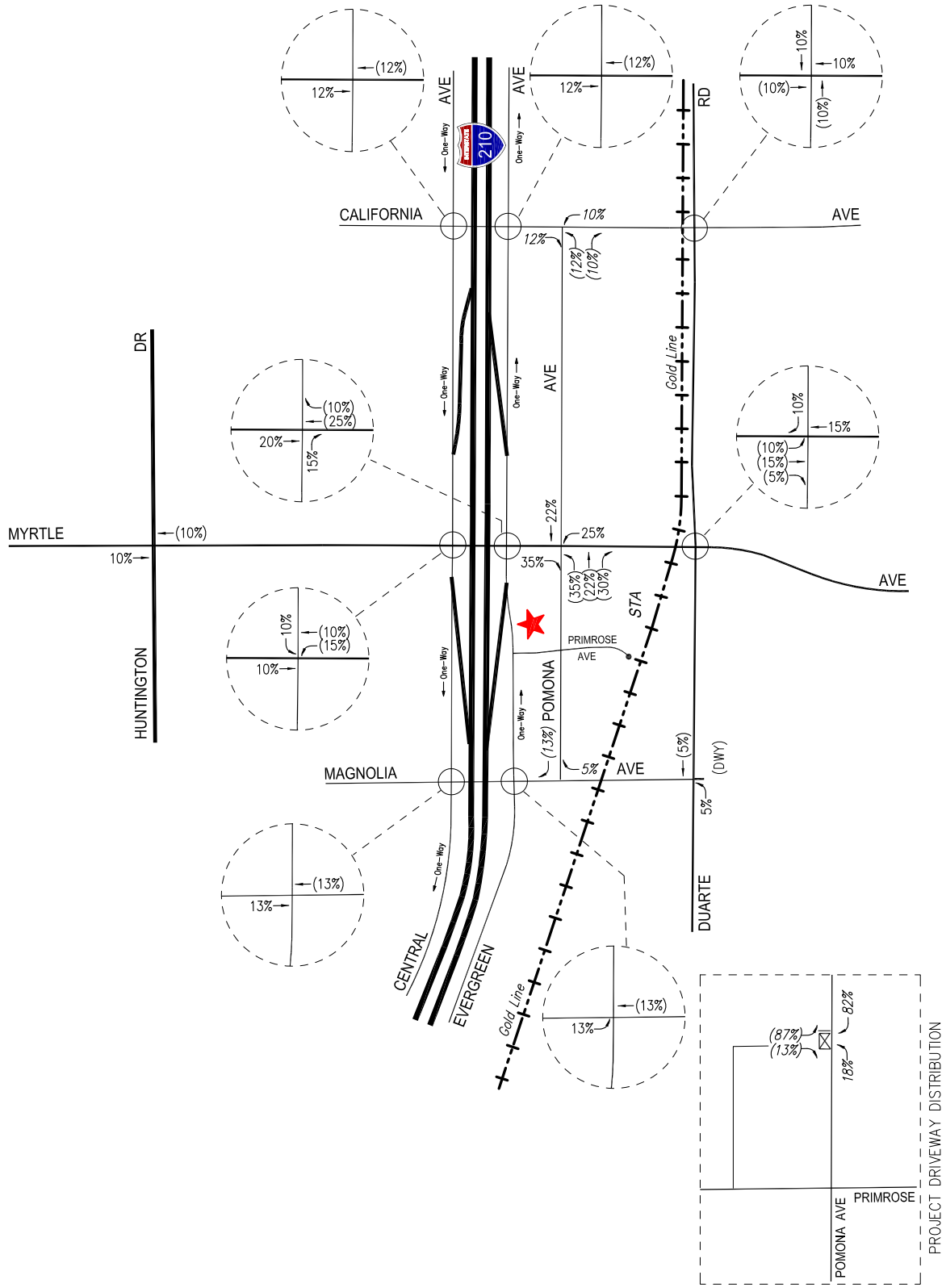
- AM Peak Hour Trip Rate: 0.70 trips/1,000 SF of floor area; 88% inbound/12% outbound

- PM Peak Hour Trip Rate: 0.63 trips/1,000 SF of floor area; 13% inbound/87% outbound

- Existing site parcel access ingress/egress schemes;
- Ingress/egress scheme planned for the proposed project;
- Nearby population and employment centers; and
- Coordination with City staff.

The residential and retail project traffic volume distribution percentages during weekday AM and PM peak hours at the study intersections are illustrated in *Figures 7-1* and *7-2*, respectively. The forecast net new project traffic volumes at the study intersections for the weekday AM and PM peak hours are displayed in *Figures 7-3* and *7-4*, respectively. The existing traffic volume distribution percentages during the weekday AM and PM peak hours at the study locations are contained in *Appendix C*. The net new traffic volume assignments presented in *Figures 7-3* and *7-4* reflect the traffic distribution characteristics shown in *Figures 7-1*, *7-2*, and *Appendix Figure C-1*, as well as the project traffic generation forecast presented in *Table 7-1*.



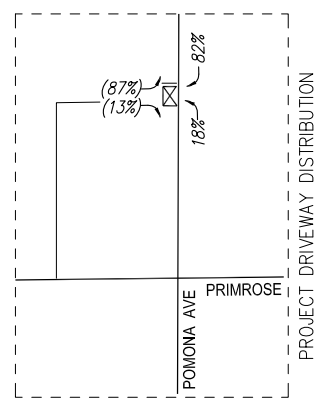


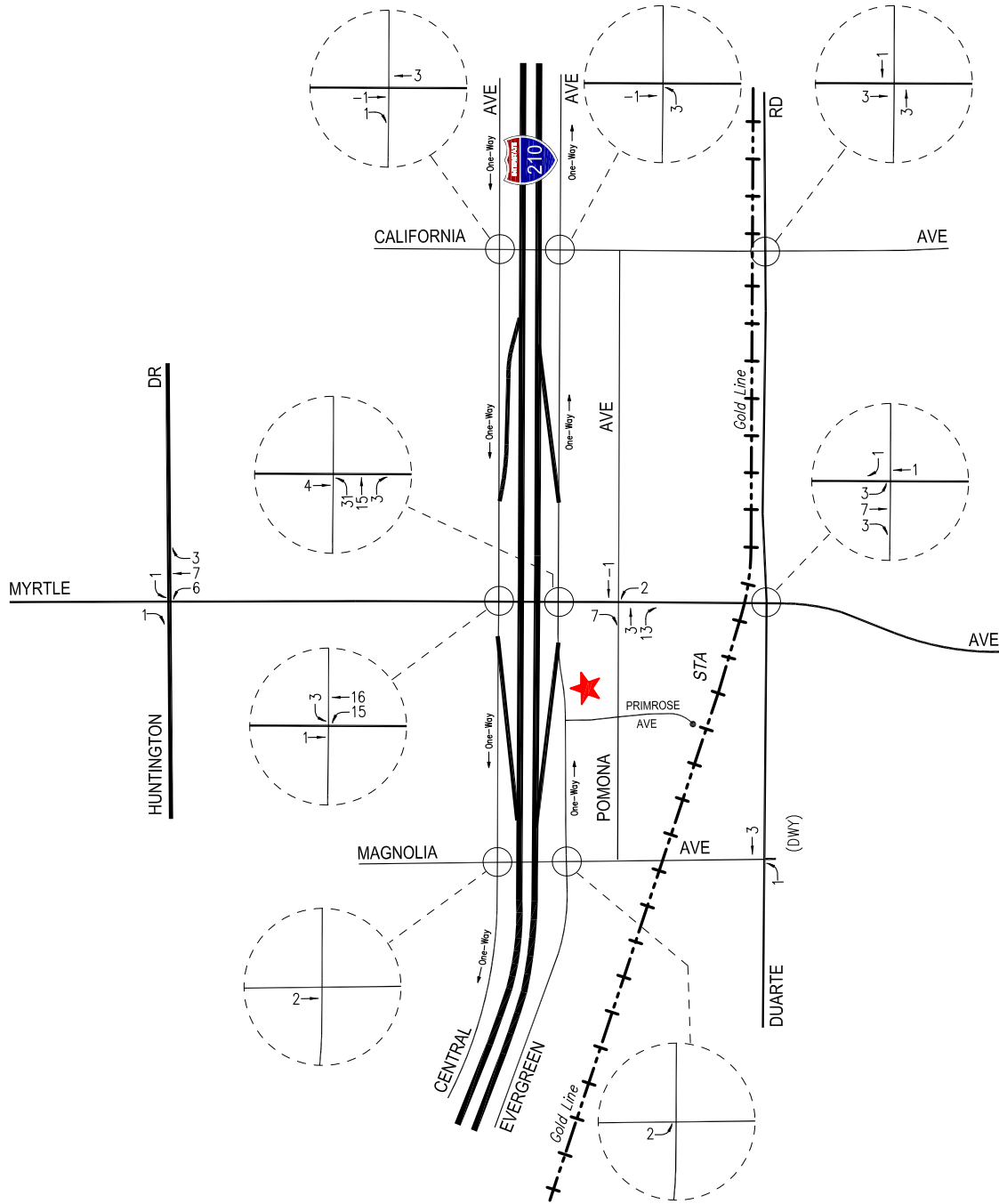
**FIGURE 7-2**  
**PROJECT TRIP DISTRIBUTION**  
 RETAIL COMPONENT  
 123 W. POMONA PROJECT

**PROJECT SITE**  
 ★ XX = INBOUND PERCENTAGES  
 (XX) = OUTBOUND PERCENTAGES

**NOT TO SCALE**

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**FIGURE 7-3**  
**NET NEW PROJECT TRAFFIC VOLUMES**  
 WEEKDAY AM PEAK HOUR  
 123 W. POMONA PROJECT

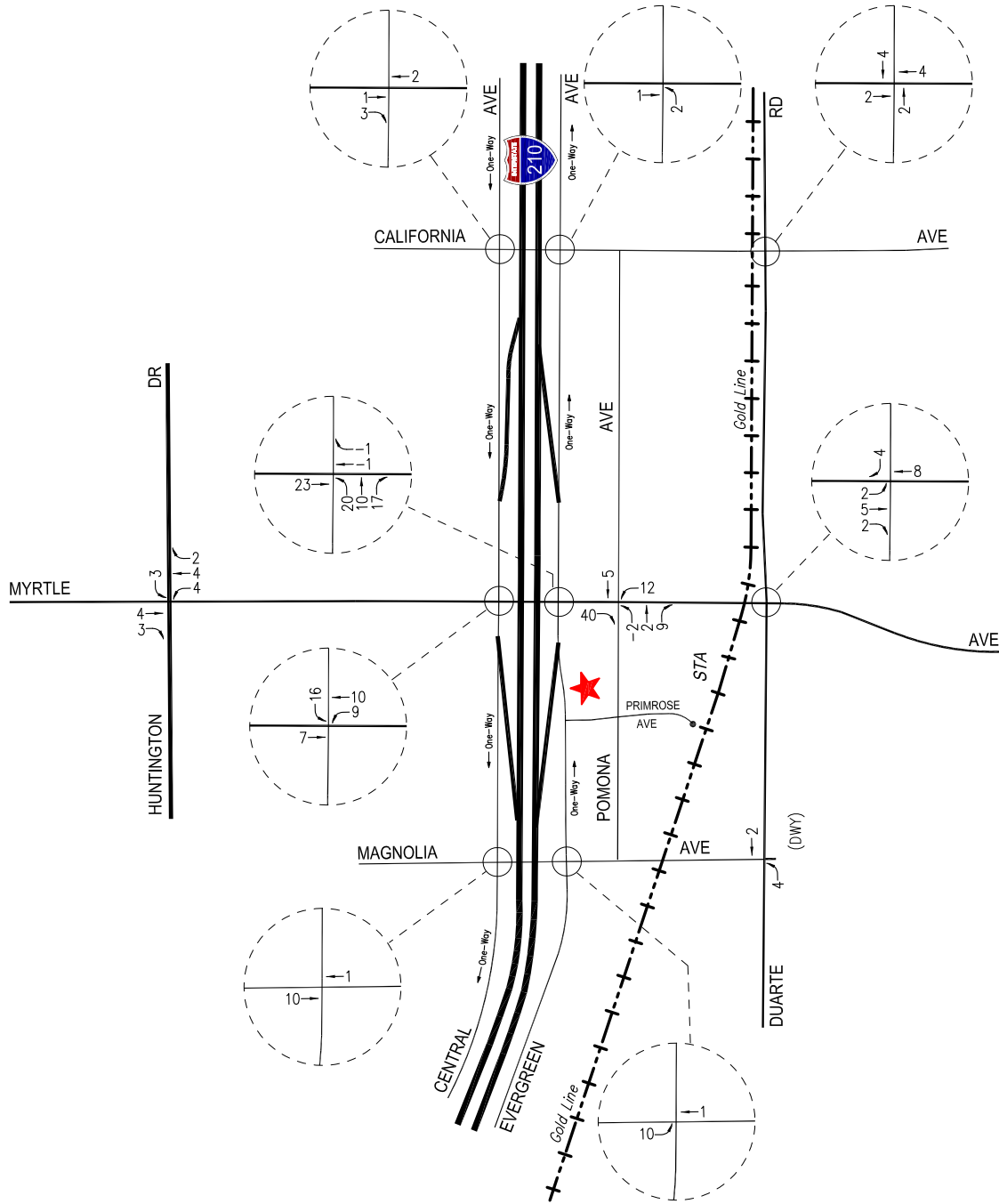
★ PROJECT SITE



NOT TO SCALE

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NOT TO SCALE



PROJECT SITE

**FIGURE 7-4**  
**NET NEW PROJECT TRAFFIC VOLUMES**  
 WEEKDAY PM PEAK HOUR  
 123 W. POMONA PROJECT

## 8.0 TRAFFIC IMPACT ANALYSIS METHODOLOGY

Signalized study intersections are typically evaluated using the Intersection Capacity Utilization (ICU) method of analysis. The ICU method determines the Volume-to-Capacity ( $v/c$ ) ratios on a critical lane basis (i.e., based on the individual  $v/c$  ratios for key conflicting traffic movements). The ICU numerical value represents the percent signal (green) time, and thus capacity, required by existing and/or future traffic. It should be noted that the ICU methodology assumes uniform traffic distribution per intersection approach lane and optimal signal timing. The overall intersection  $v/c$  ratio is subsequently assigned a Level of Service (LOS) value to describe intersection operations. Level of Service varies from LOS A (free flow) to LOS F (jammed condition). The six qualitative categories of Level of Service have been defined along with the corresponding ICU value range and are shown in *Table 8-1*. Detailed description of the ICU method and corresponding Levels of Service is provided in *Appendix D*.

TABLE 8-1  
LEVEL OF SERVICE CRITERIA AND ICU CHARACTERISTICS

Level of Service (LOS)	Intersection Capacity Utilization Value (V/C)	Level of Service Description
A	$\leq 0.600$	EXCELLENT. No vehicle waits longer than one red light, and no approach phase is fully used.
B	0.601 – 0.700	VERY GOOD. An occasional approach phase is fully utilized; many drivers begin to feel somewhat restricted within groups of vehicles.
C	0.701 – 0.800	GOOD. Occasionally drivers may have to wait through more than one red light; backups may develop behind turning vehicles.
D	0.801 – 0.900	FAIR. Delays may be substantial during portions of the rush hours, but enough lower volume periods occur to permit clearing of developing lines, preventing excessive backups.
E	0.901 – 1.000	POOR. Represents the most vehicles intersection approaches can accommodate; may be long lines of waiting vehicles through several signal cycles.
F	$> 1.000$	FAILURE. Backups from nearby locations or on cross streets may restrict or prevent movement of vehicles out of the intersection approaches. Potentially very long delays with continuously increasing queue lengths.

As the ICU method is intended for signalized intersection analysis, the two unsignalized/all-way stop-controlled (AWSC) study intersections were also analyzed using the methodology outlined in Chapter 19 of the Highway Capacity Manual. The TWSC methodology estimates the average control delay for each minor-street movement (or shared movement) as well as major-street left-turns and determines the LOS for each constrained movement. The six qualitative categories of Level of Service have been defined along with the corresponding HCM control delay value range, as shown in *Table 8-2*:

TABLE 8-2  
LEVEL OF SERVICE CRITERIA FOR UNSIGNALIZED INTERSECTIONS

Level of Service (LOS)	Control Delay Value (sec/veh)	Level of Service Description
A	≤ 10.0	Little or no delay
B	> 10.0 and ≤ 15.0	Short traffic delays
C	> 15.0 and ≤ 25.0	Average traffic delays
D	> 25.0 and ≤ 35.0	Long traffic delays
E	> 35.0 and ≤ 50.0	Very long traffic delays
F	> 50.0	Severe congestion

Average control delay for any particular movement is a function of the capacity of the approach and the degree of saturation. The average control delay is measured in seconds per vehicle, and includes delay due to deceleration to a stop at the back of the queue from free-flow speed, move-up time within the queue, stopped delay at the front of the queue, and delay due to acceleration back to free-flow speed. Detailed description of the HCM method and corresponding Level of Service is also provided in *Appendix D*.

### 8.1 Impact Criteria and Thresholds

The relative impact of the added project traffic volumes to be generated by the proposed project during the weekday AM and PM peak hours was evaluated based on analysis of existing and future operating conditions at the study intersections, without and with the proposed project. The previously discussed capacity analysis procedures were utilized to evaluate the future *v/c* or delay relationships and service level characteristics at each study intersection.

The significance of the potential impacts of project-generated traffic at each study intersection was identified using criteria as confirmed with City of Monrovia staff. According to the City's Sliding Scale Method for calculating the level of impact due to traffic generated by the proposed project, a significant transportation impact is determined based on the criteria presented in *Table 8-3*.

Table 8-3 CITY OF MONROVIA SIGNALIZED INTERSECTION IMPACT THRESHOLD CRITERIA		
Pre-Project ICU	Level of Service	Project Related Increase in <i>v/c</i>
> 0.710 - 0.800	C	equal to or greater than 0.04
> 0.810 - 0.900	D	equal to or greater than 0.03
> 0.910 - 1.000	E	equal to or greater than 0.02
> 1.000	F	equal to or greater than 0.01

The ICU calculations use a lane capacity of 1,600 vehicles per hour (vph) for left-turn, through, and right-turn lanes and a dual turn-lane capacity of 2,880 vph. A clearance interval of 0.10 also is included in the ICU calculations.

The City of Monrovia does not have established thresholds of significance for unsignalized intersections. However, based on prior coordination with City staff, unsignalized study intersections which operate at LOS E or F conditions for future with project conditions would require the preparation of a traffic signal warrant analysis at the subject intersection.

## 8.2 Traffic Impact Analysis Scenarios

Pursuant to the City's traffic study guidelines, LOS calculations have been prepared for the following scenarios:

- [a] Existing conditions.
- [b] Existing with project conditions.
- [c] Condition [b] with implementation of project mitigation measures, where necessary.
- [d] Condition [a] plus 0.82 percent (0.82%) annual ambient traffic growth through year 2022 and with completion and occupancy of the related projects (i.e., future without project conditions).
- [e] Condition [d] with completion and occupancy of the proposed project.
- [f] Condition [e] with implementation of project mitigation measures, where necessary.

The traffic volumes for each new condition were added to the volumes in the prior condition to determine the change in capacity utilization at the study intersections.

## 9.0 TRAFFIC ANALYSIS

The traffic impact analysis prepared for the study intersections using the ICU and HCM methodology and application of the City of Monrovia significant traffic impact criteria is summarized in *Table 9-1*. The ICU and HCM data worksheets for the analyzed intersections are contained in *Appendix D*.

### 9.1 Existing Conditions

#### 9.1.1 Existing Conditions

As indicated in column [1] of *Table 9-1*, all 11 study intersections are presently operating at LOS D or better during the weekday AM and PM peak hours under existing conditions as shown in *Table 9-1*. The existing traffic volumes at the study intersections during the weekday AM and PM peak hours are displayed in *Figures 5-1* and *5-2*, respectively.

#### 9.1.2 Existing With Project Conditions

As shown in column [2] of *Table 9-1*, application of the City's threshold criteria to the "Existing With Project" scenario indicates that the proposed project is not expected to result in a significant traffic impact at any of the study intersections during the weekday morning or afternoon peak hours.

Incremental but not significant impacts are noted at the remaining study intersections. The existing with project traffic volumes at the study intersections during the weekday AM and PM peak hours are illustrated in *Figures 9-1* and *9-2*, respectively.

### 9.2 Future Conditions

#### 9.2.1 Future Without Project Conditions

The future cumulative baseline conditions were forecast based on the addition of traffic generated by the completion and occupancy of the related projects, as well as the growth in traffic due to the combined effects of continuing development, intensification of existing developments and other factors (i.e., ambient growth). The  $v/c$  ratios and delay at all of the study intersections are incrementally increased with the addition of ambient traffic and traffic generated by the related projects listed in *Table 6-1*. As presented in column [3] of *Table 9-1*, eight of the 11 study intersections are expected to operate at LOS D or better during the weekday AM and PM peak hours with the addition of growth in ambient traffic and related projects traffic under the future without project conditions. The following three remaining study intersections are anticipated to operate at LOS E for the peak hour shown below with the addition of related projects traffic and ambient traffic:

- Int. No. 5: Myrtle Avenue/Central Avenue                      PM Peak Hour:  $v/c=0.960$ , LOS E
- Int. No. 6: Myrtle Avenue/Evergreen Avenue                      PM Peak Hour:  $v/c=0.918$ , LOS E
- Int. No. 8: Myrtle Avenue/Duarte Road                      PM Peak Hour:  $v/c=0.958$ , LOS E

Table 9-1  
SUMMARY OF VOLUME TO CAPACITY RATIOS  
AND LEVELS OF SERVICE  
WEEKDAY AM AND PM PEAK HOURS

NO.	INTERSECTION	PEAK HOUR	[1]		[2]		[3]		[4]			
			YEAR 2018 EXISTING V/C or LOS DELAY [a]	YEAR 2018 EXISTING W/ PROJECT V/C or LOS Delay [a]	CHANGE V/C or DELAY [(2)-(1)] [b]	SIGNIF. IMPACT [b]	YEAR 2022 FUTURE PRE-PROJECT V/C or LOS DELAY [a]	YEAR 2022 FUTURE PROJECT V/C or LOS DELAY [a]	CHANGE V/C or DELAY [(4)-(3)] [b]	SIGNIF. IMPACT [b]		
1	Magnolia Avenue/ Central Avenue [c]	AM	13.4	B	13.4	B	0.0	--	16.8	C	0.1	--
		PM	14.1	B	14.3	B	0.2	--	19.3	C	0.6	--
2	Magnolia Avenue/ Evergreen Avenue [c]	AM	14.8	B	14.8	B	0.0	--	22.2	C	0.1	--
		PM	16.7	C	17.1	C	0.4	--	32.6	D	1.9	--
3	Magnolia Avenue/ Duarte Road	AM	0.624	B	0.626	B	0.002	No	0.684	B	0.002	No
		PM	0.590	A	0.593	A	0.003	No	0.660	B	0.003	No
4	Myrtle Avenue/ Huntington Drive	AM	0.757	C	0.760	C	0.003	No	0.843	D	0.004	No
		PM	0.757	C	0.763	C	0.006	No	0.855	D	0.007	No
5	Myrtle Avenue/ Central Avenue	AM	0.774	C	0.784	C	0.010	No	0.860	D	0.010	No
		PM	0.877	D	0.884	D	0.007	No	0.960	E	0.008	No
6	Myrtle Avenue/ Evergreen Avenue	AM	0.671	B	0.686	B	0.015	No	0.772	C	0.019	No
		PM	0.835	D	0.843	D	0.008	No	0.918	E	0.008	No
7	Myrtle Avenue/ Pomona Avenue	AM	0.424	A	0.430	A	0.006	No	0.504	A	0.013	No
		PM	0.534	A	0.560	A	0.026	No	0.661	B	0.026	No
8	Myrtle Avenue/ Duarte Road	AM	0.768	C	0.771	C	0.003	No	0.848	D	0.003	No
		PM	0.875	D	0.877	D	0.002	No	0.958	E	0.002	No
9	California Avenue/ Central Avenue	AM	0.357	A	0.357	A	0.000	No	0.368	A	0.000	No
		PM	0.343	A	0.344	A	0.001	No	0.354	A	0.002	No

Table 9-1 (Continued)  
 SUMMARY OF VOLUME TO CAPACITY RATIOS  
 AND LEVELS OF SERVICE  
 WEEKDAY AM AND PM PEAK HOURS

NO.	INTERSECTION	PEAK HOUR	[1]		[2]		[3]		[4]			
			YEAR 2018 EXISTING V/C or DELAY [a]	YEAR 2018 EXISTING W/ PROJECT V/C or Delay [a]	CHANGE V/C or DELAY [(2)-(1)] [b]	YEAR 2022 FUTURE PRE-PROJECT V/C or DELAY [a]	YEAR 2022 FUTURE PROJECT V/C or DELAY [a]	CHANGE V/C or DELAY [(4)-(3)] [b]				
10	California Avenue/ Evergreen Avenue	AM	0.384	A	0.384	A	0.000	No	0.396	A	0.001	No
		PM	0.463	A	0.463	A	0.000	No	0.478	A	0.000	No
11	California Avenue/ Duarte Road	AM	0.521	A	0.522	A	0.001	No	0.563	A	0.001	No
		PM	0.653	B	0.656	B	0.003	No	0.723	C	0.002	No

[a] Level of Service (LOS) is based on the reported ICU value for signalized intersections and the delay value for unsignalized intersections.

[b] The City of Montrovia intersection impact threshold criteria for signalized and unsignalized intersections are as follows:

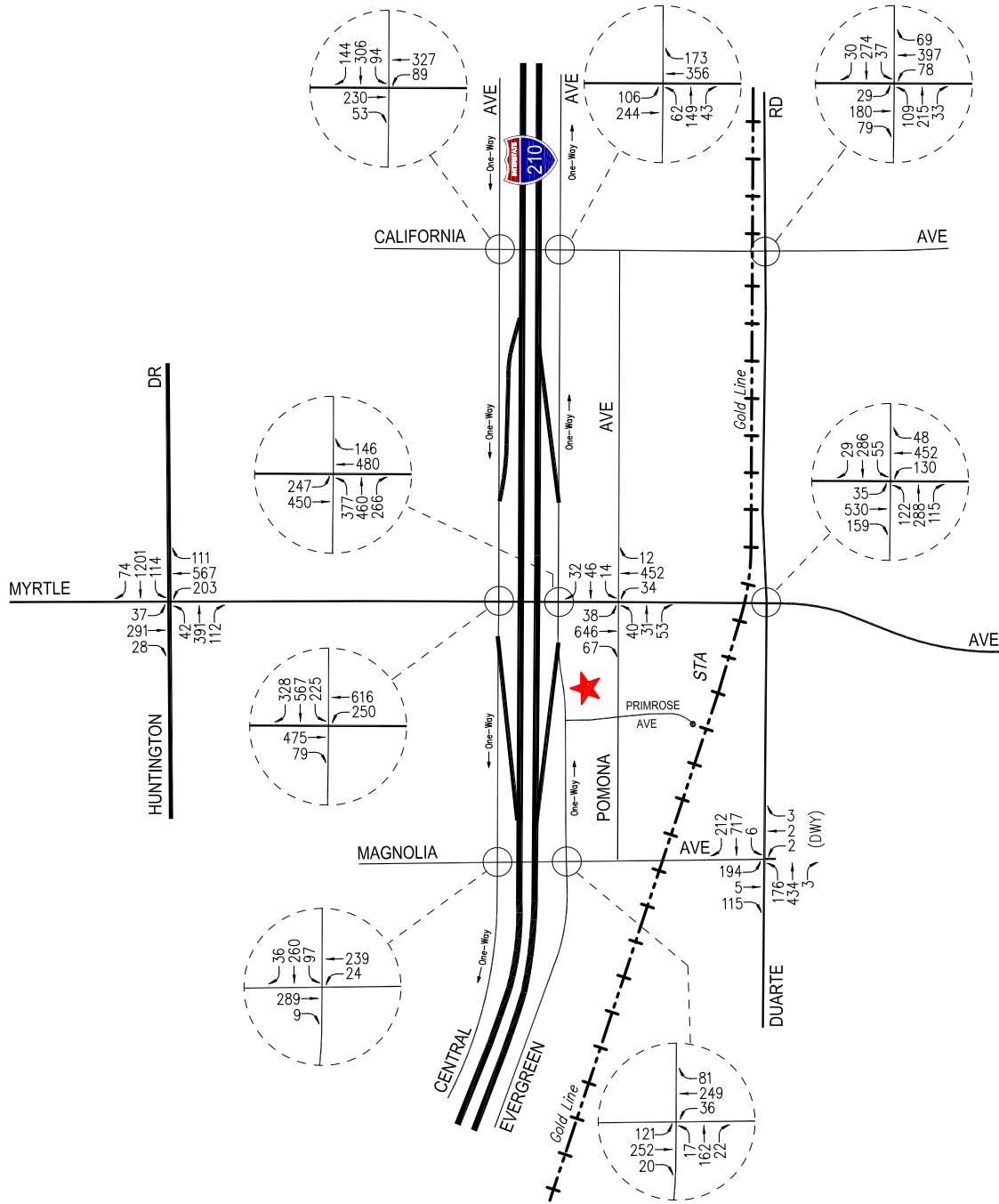
For signalized intersections, an impact is considered significant if the project-related increase in the volume-to-capacity ratio (v/c) equals or exceeds the thresholds shown in the following table:

Level of Service	Pre-Project V/C	Project-Related Increase in V/C
C	> 0.710 - 0.800	equal to or greater than 0.040
D	> 0.810 - 0.900	equal to or greater than 0.030
E	> 0.910 - 1.000	equal to or greater than 0.020
F	> 1.00	equal to or greater than 0.010

[c] For unsignalized intersections:

- Traffic signal warrants analysis to be prepared for unsignalized intersections operating at LOS E or F for future with project conditions.



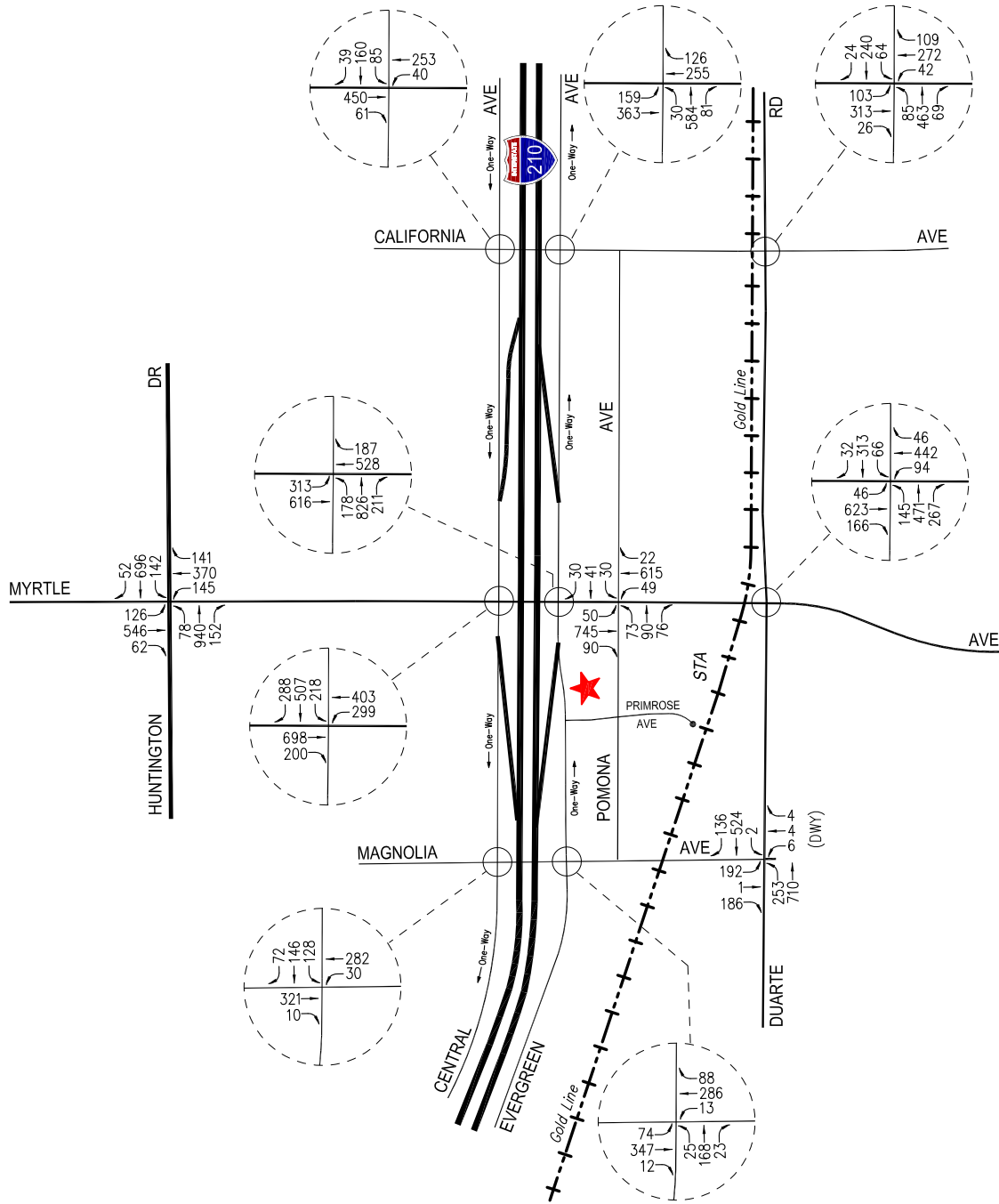


**FIGURE 9-1**  
**EXISTING WITH PROJECT TRAFFIC VOLUMES**  
 WEEKDAY AM PEAK HOUR  
 123 W. POMONA PROJECT

PROJECT SITE

NOT TO SCALE

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NOT TO SCALE

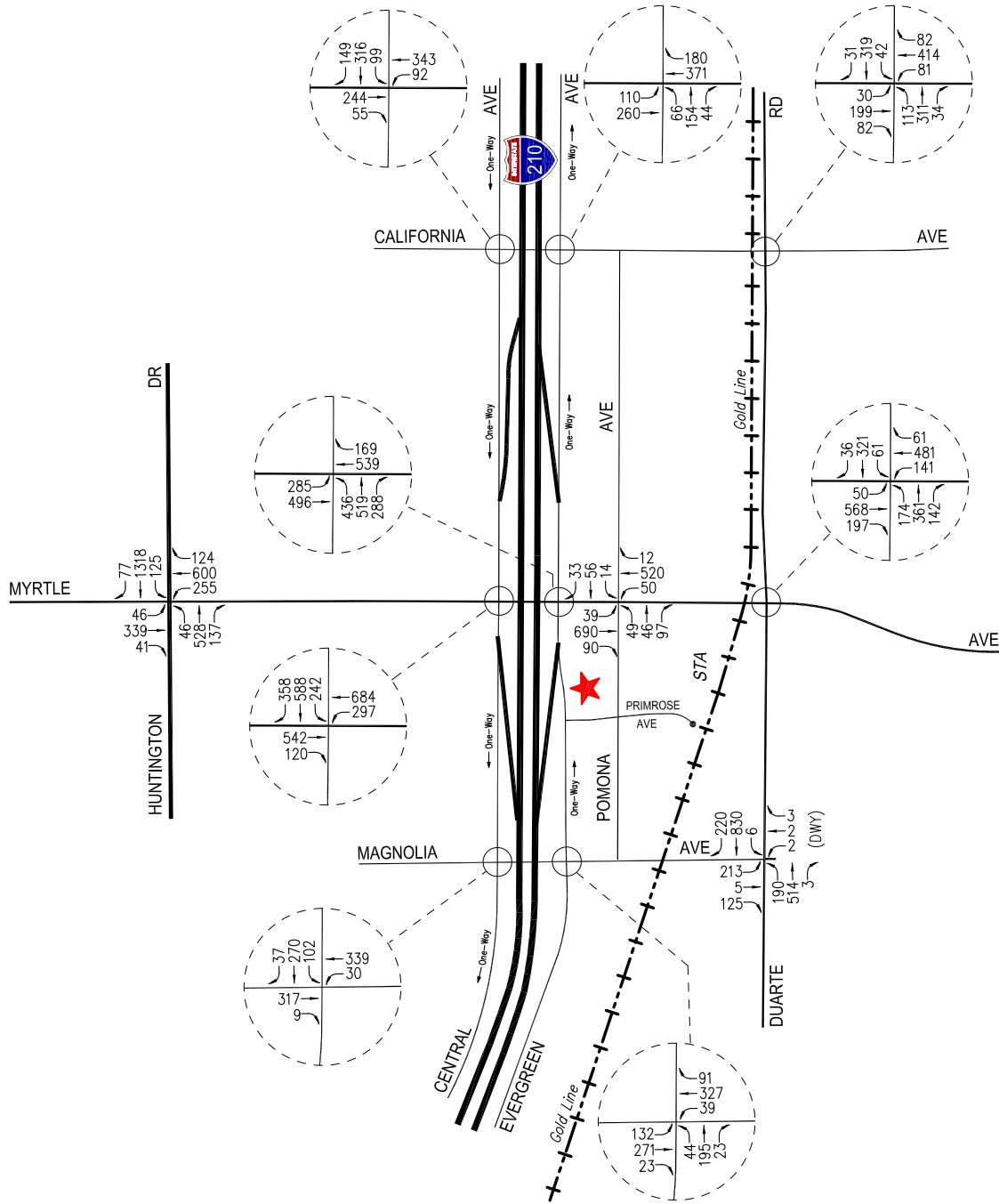
★ PROJECT SITE

**FIGURE 9-2**  
**EXISTING WITH PROJECT TRAFFIC VOLUMES**  
 WEEKDAY PM PEAK HOUR  
 123 W. POMONA PROJECT

The future without project (existing, ambient growth and related projects) traffic volumes at the study intersections during the weekday AM and PM peak hours are presented in **Figures 9-3 and 9-4**, respectively.

### 9.2.2 *Future With Project Conditions*

As shown in column [4] of *Table 9-1*, application of the City’s threshold criteria to the “Year 2022 Future With Project” scenario indicates that the proposed project is not expected to result in a significant impact at any of the 11 study intersections during the weekday morning and afternoon peak hours. Incremental, but not significant, impacts are noted at the remaining study intersections. Because there are no significant impacts, no traffic mitigation measures are required or recommended for the study intersections. The future with project (existing, ambient growth, related projects and project) traffic volumes at the study intersections during the weekday AM and PM peak hours are illustrated in **Figures 9-5 and 9-6**, respectively.

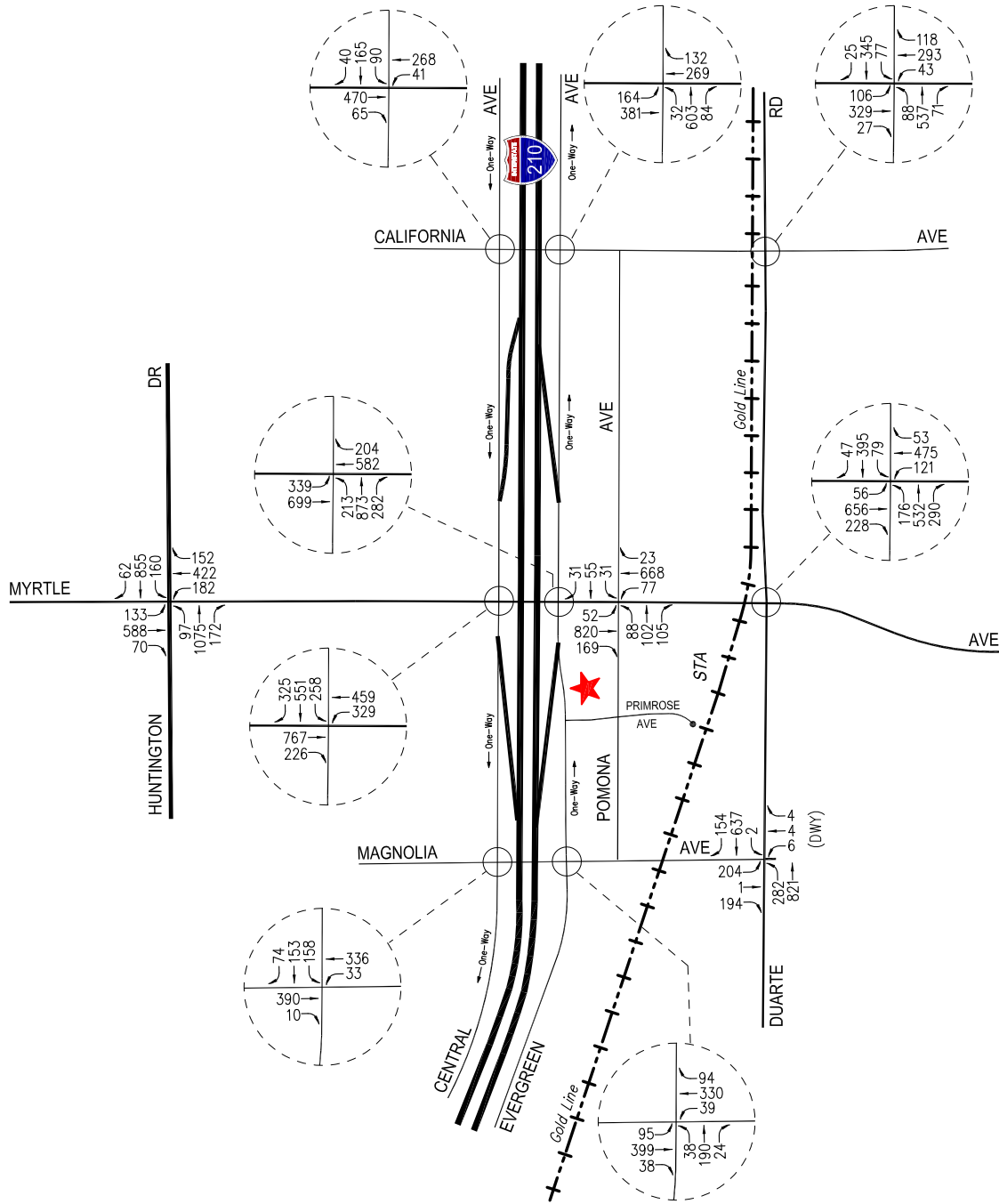


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★ PROJECT SITE

**FIGURE 9-3**  
**FUTURE WITHOUT PROJECT TRAFFIC VOLUMES**  
 WEEKDAY AM PEAK HOUR  
 123 W. POMONA PROJECT

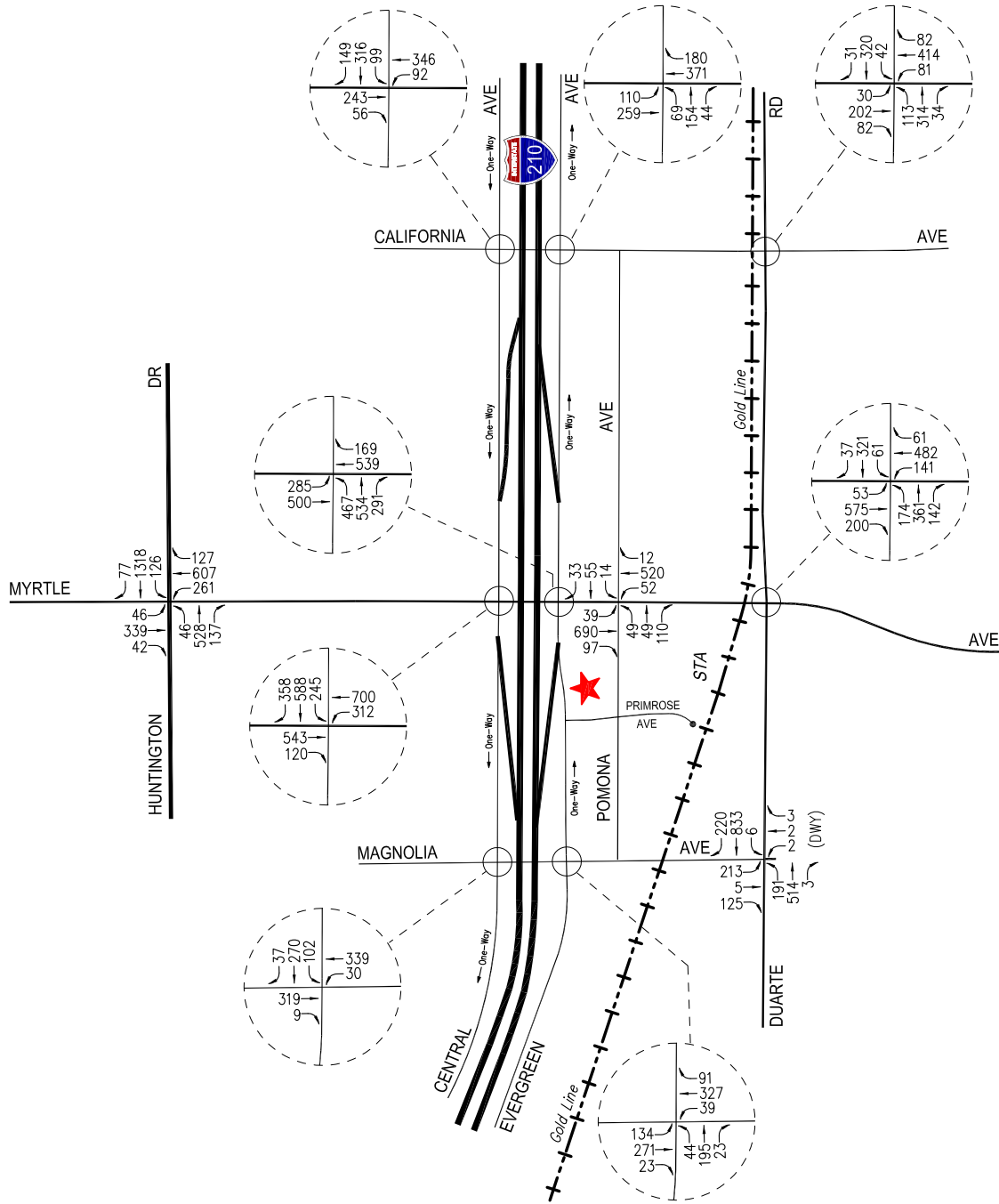
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**FIGURE 9-4**  
**FUTURE WITHOUT PROJECT TRAFFIC VOLUMES**  
 WEEKDAY PM PEAK HOUR  
 123 W. POMONA PROJECT

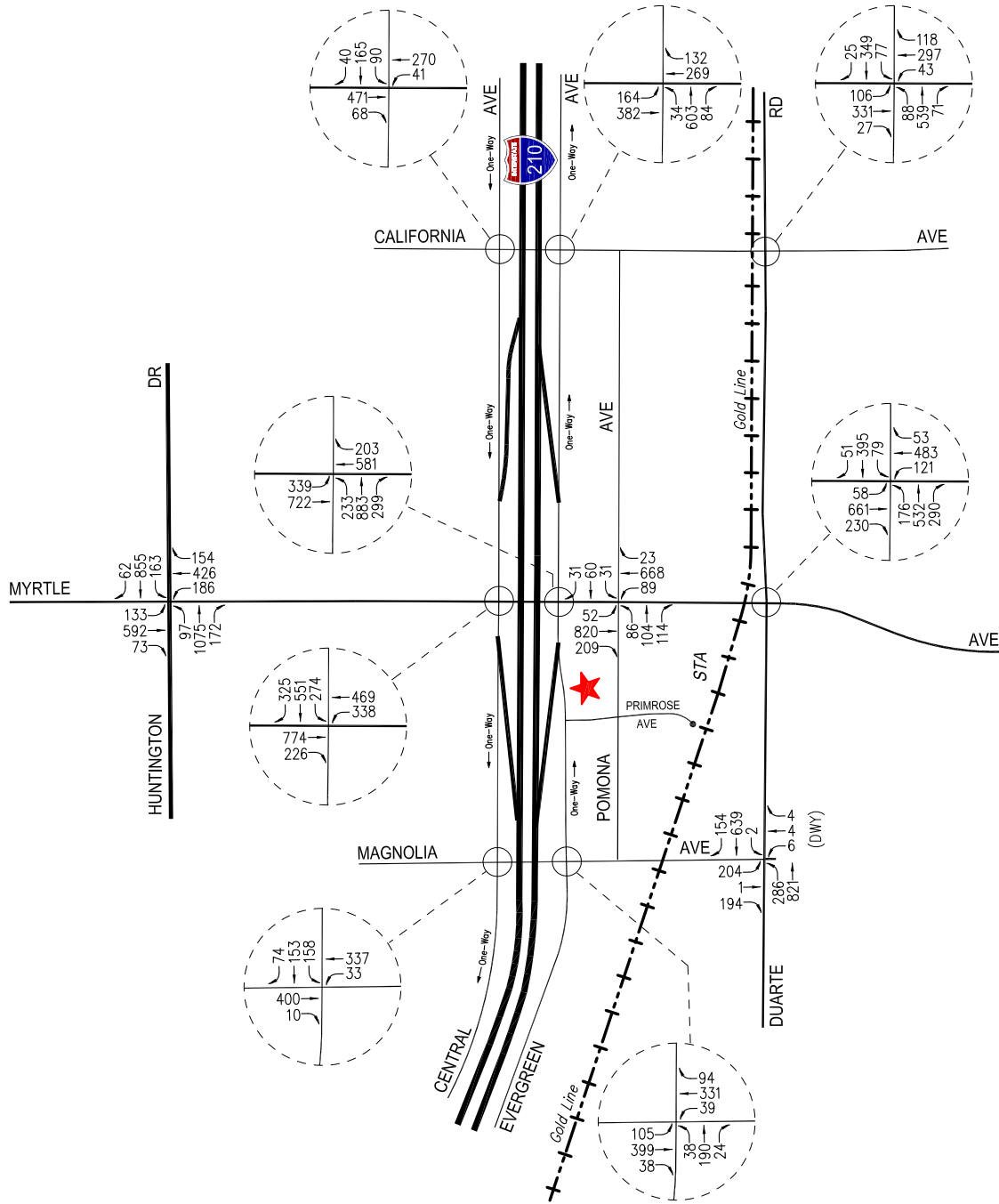


**FIGURE 9-5**  
**FUTURE WITH PROJECT TRAFFIC VOLUMES**  
 WEEKDAY AM PEAK HOUR  
 123 W. POMONA PROJECT

**PROJECT SITE**

**NOT TO SCALE**

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**FIGURE 9-6**  
**FUTURE WITH PROJECT TRAFFIC VOLUMES**  
 WEEKDAY PM PEAK HOUR  
 123 W. POMONA PROJECT

PROJECT SITE

NOT TO SCALE

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## 10.0 CALIFORNIA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION FREEWAY ANALYSIS

### 10.1 Freeway Segment Analysis

In addition to the intersection analyses, which utilize the City of Monrovia's methodology, a supplemental analysis was prepared based on the *Highway Capacity Manual*<sup>5</sup> (HCM) operational analysis methodologies pursuant to the California Department of Transportation's (Caltrans) *Guide for the Preparation of Traffic Impact Studies*<sup>6</sup>. According to the Caltrans document, the LOS for operating State highway facilities is based upon measures of effectiveness (MOEs). For mainline freeway segments, the MOE is determined based on density in passenger cars per mile per lane (pc/mi/ln). However, in some instances the density-based methodology will yield LOS results that are not indicative of actual peak hour operations, especially under congested conditions. Under such conditions, it may be more appropriate to utilize speed to measure LOS operations. Caltrans endeavors to maintain a target LOS at the transition between LOS "C" and LOS "D" on State highway facilities. Since the maximum density for LOS C operations on a freeway mainline segment is 26 pc/mi/ln, the freeway segment is considered to be significantly impacted if the traffic associated with any development project or projects causes the facility to degrade to a density of 27 pc/mi/ln or greater (resulting in LOS D operation). However, Caltrans acknowledges that this may not always be feasible and recommends that the lead agency consult with Caltrans to determine the appropriate target LOS. If an existing State highway facility is operating at less than the appropriate target LOS, the existing MOE should be maintained. Under this condition, if a freeway mainline segment is operating at LOS E with a density of 36 pc/mi/ln, then that same density value should be maintained.

According to the Caltrans document, analyses of Caltrans facilities should be conducted when and if a proposed project is expected to add 50 or more peak hour trips in either direction on a freeway mainline segment. The proposed project at build-out is not expected to generate 50 or more vehicle trips, during either the weekday AM or PM commute peak hours, at any freeway mainline location. Thus, any freeway mainline location would not exceed the threshold for preparation of a Caltrans freeway mainline analysis. However, the following mainline freeway segments along the I-210 Freeway have been identified for analysis based on their proximity to the project site and the expected level of project-generated traffic. These segments are forecast to experience a relatively greater percentage of project-related traffic than other mainline freeway segment locations:

- I-210 Freeway west of Myrtle Avenue
- I-210 Freeway east of Myrtle Avenue

The proposed project's effect on the regional mainline freeway system has been determined based on a review of available traffic volume data for existing weekday peak hour conditions. Freeway

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<sup>5</sup> *Highway Capacity Manual 6th Edition*, Transportation Research Board of the National Academies of Sciences-Engineering-Medicine, 2016.

<sup>6</sup> *Guide for the Preparation of Traffic Impact Studies*, State of California Department of Transportation, December 2002.

mainline data were obtained from Caltrans' Performance Measurement System (PeMS) website. Hourly volume and speed data were obtained for all mid-week days (i.e., Tuesday, Wednesday, and Thursday) in October 2018 and reviewed for validity and consistency. The 85<sup>th</sup> percentile volumes during the AM and PM peak hours were utilized for purposes of the analysis. The year 2018 existing traffic volumes were then increased by the CMP annual average growth rate of 0.82% per year so as to reflect the future year 2022 analysis condition. Additionally, the existing speeds associated with the 85<sup>th</sup> percentile volumes during the AM and PM peak hours were also obtained from PeMS, as it was noted that some of the freeway mainline segments experienced congested conditions during the peak hours, leading to an inaccurate representation of demand on the segments.

The selected freeway segment features used in the analysis were based on information obtained from field reviews and confirmed by the detector station details and roadway information provided by PeMS. The freeway analysis is primarily based on the number of freeway mainline lanes, although the effects of travel lane width and right shoulder width are considered. Along some freeway segments, auxiliary lanes are provided to facilitate entering and exiting freeway traffic to and from the freeway mainline. Although some of the freeway auxiliary lanes accommodate through traffic, these have not been considered so as to provide a conservative analysis to determine the effects of the proposed project. The HCM operational analysis for freeway segments is based on density (i.e., passenger cars per mile per lane [pc/mi/ln]). Where the LOS determined through the use of existing speed data obtained from PeMS indicates a worse operating condition than the LOS determined by the calculated density, the worse LOS is reported. The Caltrans freeway traffic analysis is summarized in *Table 10-1* for all traffic analysis conditions. Copies of the HCM freeway analysis data worksheets are provided in *Appendix E*.

#### 10.1.1 Existing and Existing With Project Conditions

As shown in *Table 10-1*, both of the study freeway segments are presently operating at LOS F during the weekday PM peak hour in the eastbound direction. Additionally, the freeway segment west of Myrtle Avenue is expected to operate at LOS F in the westbound direction during the weekday AM peak hour. With the addition of the proposed project traffic, the same study freeway segments are expected to continue to operate at LOS F during the weekday AM and PM peak hours. As shown in *Table 10-1*, application of the Caltrans LOS standards and guidelines to the "Existing With Project" scenario indicates that the proposed project is not expected to create traffic impacts at any of the study freeway segments.

#### 10.1.2 Future Without and With Project Conditions

Growth in traffic due to the combined effects of continuing development, intensification of existing development, and other factors, were assumed to be 0.82% per year through year 2022. With the addition of regional growth and development of the related projects (i.e., year 2022 without project conditions), the I-210 Freeway segment west of Myrtle Avenue is expected to operate at LOS F in the eastbound direction during the weekday PM peak hour. Additionally, the I-210 Freeway east of Myrtle Avenue is expected to operate at LOS F in the westbound direction during the AM peak hour and in the eastbound direction during the PM peak hour. With the addition of the proposed project

Table 10-1  
CAL TRANS FREEWAY IMPACT ANALYSIS [1]  
WEEKDAY AM AND PM PEAK HOURS

No.	Freeway Segment	Peak Hour	Dir.	Existing Year 2018			Project Trip Ends [6]	Existing Year 2018 With Project			Density Increase With Project [9]	Impact	Future Year 2022 Without Project			Future Year 2022 With Project			Density Increase With Project [12]	Impact		
				Traffic Volumes [2]	Density (pc/mi/ln) [3]	LOS [4]		Speed (mph) [2]	LOS [5]	Traffic Volumes [7]			Density (pc/mi/ln) [3]	LOS [8]	Traffic Volumes [10]	Density (pc/mi/ln) [3]	LOS [8]	Traffic Volumes [11]			Density (pc/mi/ln) [3]	LOS [8]
1	I-210 Freeway west of Myrtle Avenue	AM	EB	6,577	28.9	D	65.4	A/B	3	6,580	28.9	D	0.0	No	6,795	30.3	D	6,798	30.3	D	0.0	No
				4,285	18.1	C	59.8	D	16	4,301	18.1	D	0.0	No	4,427	18.7	D	4,443	18.7	D	0.0	No
		PM	EB	5,004	21.9	C	20.6	F	18	5,022	22.0	F	0.1	No	5,170	22.6	F	5,188	22.8	F	0.2	No
				5,380	22.4	C	68.7	A/B	9	5,389	22.4	C	0.0	No	5,559	23.2	C	5,568	23.2	C	0.0	No
2	I-210 Freeway east of Myrtle Avenue	AM	EB	6,268	28.0	D	68.6	A/B	12	6,280	28.1	D	0.1	No	6,476	29.3	D	6,488	29.4	D	0.1	No
				4,822	19.4	C	38.8	F	1	4,823	19.4	F	0.0	No	4,982	20.0	F	4,983	20.0	F	0.0	No
		PM	EB	4,757	20.3	C	33.0	F	6	4,763	20.3	F	0.0	No	4,915	21.0	F	4,921	21.0	F	0.0	No
				6,278	26.3	D	69.8	A/B	13	6,291	26.4	D	0.1	No	6,486	27.4	D	6,499	27.5	D	0.1	No

[1] Freeway analysis based on the Highway Capacity Manual 6th Edition, operational analysis methodologies, per the Caltrans' Guide for the Preparation of Traffic Impact Studies, December 2002.  
 [2] Source: Caltrans PeMS website, 2018. Data reflects the 85th percentile volumes and associated speeds for weekday AM and PM peak hour conditions based on October 2018 data obtained for the I-210 Freeway at postmiles 32.86 and 35.12 in the eastbound direction, and postmiles 32.76 and 34.61 in the westbound direction.

[3] pc/mi/ln: passenger cars per mile per lane. Pursuant to the Highway Capacity Software (HCS) worksheets contained in Appendix E, density values are reported to one decimal place.  
 [4] Freeway mainline Levels of Service by density were based on the following criteria:

Density (pc/mi/ln)      LOS      Density (pc/mi/ln)      LOS  
 ≤ 11      A      > 26-35      D  
 > 11-18      B      > 35-45      E  
 > 18-26      C      > 45      F  
 [5] Freeway mainline Levels of Service by minimum speeds were based on the following criteria:

Speed (mph)      LOS      Speed (mph)      LOS  
 ≥ 65.0      A      <64.6-59.7      D  
 ≥ 65.0      B      <59.7-52.2      E  
 <65.0-64.6      C      <52.2      F  
 [6] Based on the trip generation and trip distribution for the project.

[7] [2] + [6]  
 [8] For the purposes of this analysis, the worst-case Level of Service based on the calculated density and the existing speeds is reported as the segment Level of Service.

[9] Derived by subtracting the density of the year 2018 existing conditions from the year 2018 existing with project conditions.

[10] Year 2022 future without project traffic volumes were derived by increasing the existing traffic volumes by an ambient growth rate of 0.82% per year to the year 2022.

[11] [10] + [6]

[12] Derived by subtracting the density of the year 2022 future without project conditions from the year 2022 future with project conditions.

traffic (i.e., year 2022 with project conditions), these segments are expected to continue to operate at LOS F in the peak hours and direction noted in the future without project conditions. As shown in *Table 10-1*, application of the Caltrans LOS standards and guidelines to the year 2022 with project scenario indicates that the proposed project is not expected to create traffic impacts at any of the study freeway segments.

## 10.2 Freeway Intersection (Ramp) Analysis

Based on the HCM operations method of analysis, level of service for intersections is defined in terms of control delay, which is a measure of driver discomfort, frustration, fuel consumption, and lost travel time. The delay experienced by a motorist is made up of a number of factors that relate to control, geometries, traffic, and incidents. Total delay is the difference between the travel time actually experienced and the reference travel time that would result during ideal conditions: in the absence of traffic control, in the absence of geometric delay, in the absence of any incidents, and when there are no other vehicles on the road.

The HCM signalized methodology calculates the control delay for each of the subject traffic movements and determines the level of service for each constrained movement. The control delay for any particular movement is a function of the capacity of the approach and the degree of saturation. The overall control delay is measured in seconds per vehicle and the level of service is then determined. The term Level of Service (LOS) is used to describe intersection operations. Intersection Levels of Service vary from LOS A (free flow condition) to LOS F (jammed condition). The six qualitative categories of Level of Service have been defined along with the corresponding HCM control delay value range for signalized intersections.

The following Caltrans study intersections have been identified for analysis based on their proximity to the project site:

- Intersection No. 5: Myrtle Avenue/Central Avenue-I-210 Freeway Westbound Ramps
- Intersection No. 6: Myrtle Avenue/Evergreen Avenue-I-210 Freeway Eastbound Ramps

For state-controlled study intersections, the MOE is determined based on control delay in seconds per vehicle (sec/veh). For this analysis, LOS D is the target level of service standard and will be utilized to assess the project impacts at the Caltrans study intersections. For intersections, Caltrans considers a location to be impacted if the target MOE is not maintained and a corresponding change in control delay in seconds per vehicle (sec/veh) is 1.0 second or more.

Intersection analyses were prepared utilizing the *Synchro 10* software package which implements the Highway Capacity Manual operational methods. A *Synchro* network was created based on existing conditions field reviews at the above two (2) Caltrans study intersections. In addition, specifics such as traffic volume data, lane configurations, available vehicle storage lengths, crosswalk locations, posted speed limits, traffic signal timing and phasing, etc., were coded to complete the existing network.

**Table 10-2** summarizes the intersection analyses for the existing, existing with project, and year 2022 future cumulative traffic conditions (i.e., existing, ambient growth, and related projects) both without and with the project. The first column [1] of **Table 10-2** presents a summary of existing traffic conditions. The second column [2] presents existing with project traffic conditions based on existing intersection geometry. The third column [3] presents year 2022 traffic conditions based on existing intersection geometry, but without any project-generated traffic. The fourth column [4] presents future forecast traffic conditions with the addition of project traffic. As shown in **Table 10-2**, application of the Caltrans LOS standards and guidelines to the existing with project and future with project scenarios indicate that while incremental increases in delay are noted, the proposed project is not expected to adversely impact any of the Caltrans study intersections. The corresponding weekday AM and PM peak hour HCM intersection worksheets are contained in **Appendix F**.

### 10.3 Ramp Vehicle Queuing Analysis

A detailed review was also undertaken with respect to vehicle queuing on the freeway off-ramp approaches at two locations. The queuing analysis was calculated using the *Synchro 10* software package which includes a microsimulation module (SimTraffic). In forecasting vehicle queuing, the *Synchro* software considers traffic volume data, lane configurations, and available vehicle storage lengths for the respective traffic movements.

The following two (2) Caltrans study locations have been identified for a detailed review of vehicle queuing on the freeway off-ramp approaches:

- Intersection No. 5: Myrtle Avenue/Central Avenue-I-210 Freeway Westbound Ramps
- Intersection No. 6: Myrtle Avenue/Evergreen Avenue-I-210 Freeway Eastbound Ramps

The queuing analysis was prepared for the existing, existing with project, future without project and future cumulative with project conditions. Each of the two freeway off-ramp intersection approaches were reviewed in terms of expected maximum vehicle queues (i.e., 95<sup>th</sup> percentile queues) which represent the maximum back of vehicle queues with 95<sup>th</sup> percentile traffic volumes. The corresponding maximum vehicle queue lengths were then compared with the ramp storage lengths (i.e., the available storage length as measured from the applicable freeway/frontage road gore areas to the respective off-ramp approach limit lines/merge points). The total ramp storage lengths were determined based on the sum of the striped storage for all lanes provided at the off-ramp location.

As presented in **Table 10-3**, adequate storage areas are provided to accommodate the forecast 95<sup>th</sup> percentile queues under the Existing Year 2018 With Project and Future Year 2022 Without Project and With Project conditions. Therefore, based on a review of the queuing analyses and the available storage lengths, vehicle queuing back onto the I-210 Freeway mainline travel lanes is not expected. The corresponding weekday AM peak hour and PM peak hour peak hour HCM worksheets for purposes of determining the 95<sup>th</sup> percentile vehicle queues are contained in **Appendix F**.

Table 10-2  
CALTRANS INTERSECTION IMPACT ANALYSIS [a]

NO.	INTERSECTION	PEAK HOUR	[1]		[2]		[3]		[4]			
			YEAR 2018 EXISTING DELAY [b]	YEAR 2018 EXISTING LOS [c]	YEAR 2018 EXISTING W/ PROJECT DELAY [b]	YEAR 2018 EXISTING W/ PROJECT LOS [c]	YEAR 2022 PRE-PROJECT W/ AM. GROW. & REL. PROJ. DELAY [b]	YEAR 2022 PRE-PROJECT W/ AM. GROW. & REL. PROJ. LOS [c]	YEAR 2022 FUTURE PROJECT DELAY [b]	YEAR 2022 FUTURE PROJECT LOS [c]	CHANGE IN DELAY [(4)-(3)]	CHANGE IN IMPACT
5	Myrtle Avenue/ Central Avenue - I-210 Freeway Westbound Ramps	AM	22.0	C	22.5	C	33.8	C	35.8	D	2.0	No
		PM	36.2	D	37.2	D	50.8	D	52.3	D	1.5	No
6	Myrtle Avenue/ Evergreen Avenue - I-210 Freeway Eastbound Ramps	AM	27.8	C	28.9	C	35.5	D	38.9	D	3.4	No
		PM	37.1	D	38.0	D	51.3	D	53.0	D	1.7	No

[a] Intersection analysis based on the Highway Capacity Manual operational analysis methodologies, per the Caltrans' Guide for the Preparation of Traffic Impact Studies, December 2002.  
 [b] Reported control delay values in seconds per vehicle. For two-way stop controlled intersections, reported control delay values represent the delays associated with the most constrained approach of the intersection.  
 [c] Signalized Intersection Levels of Service are based on the following criteria:

- Control Delay (s/veh)
- LOS
- <= 10 A
- > 10-20 B
- > 20-35 C
- > 35-55 D
- > 55-80 E
- > 80 F

Table 10-3  
 SUMMARY OF OFF-RAMP VEHICLE QUEUING ANALYSIS [1]  
 WEEKDAY AM AND PM PEAK HOURS

NO.	INTERSECTION	PEAK HOUR	AVAILABLE OFF-RAMP STORAGE [2] (FEET)	EXISTING YEAR 2018			EXISTING YEAR 2018 WITH PROJECT			FUTURE YEAR 2022 WITHOUT PROJECT			FUTURE YEAR 2022 WITH PROJECT		
				95th PERCENTILE QUEUE [3] (FEET)	EXCEEDS STORAGE? (YES/NO)	95th PERCENTILE QUEUE [3] (FEET)	EXCEEDS STORAGE? (YES/NO)	95th PERCENTILE QUEUE [3] (FEET)	EXCEEDS STORAGE? (YES/NO)	95th PERCENTILE QUEUE [3] (FEET)	EXCEEDS STORAGE? (YES/NO)	95th PERCENTILE QUEUE [3] (FEET)	EXCEEDS STORAGE? (YES/NO)	95th PERCENTILE QUEUE [3] (FEET)	EXCEEDS STORAGE? (YES/NO)
5	Myrtle Avenue/ Central Avenue - I-210 Freeway Westbound Ramps	AM	990	685	No	710	No	685	No	685	No	685	No		
		PM	990	734	No	734	No	874	No	874	No	874	No		
6	Myrtle Avenue/ Evergreen Avenue - I-210 Freeway Eastbound Ramps	AM	1,630	587	No	638	No	778	No	805	No	805	No		
		PM	1,630	611	No	679	No	783	No	783	No	783	No		

[1] Refer to queuing worksheets contained in Appendix F.

[2] Available storage as measured via Google Earth, 2018.

[3] The 95th percentile queue is the maximum back of queue with 95th percentile traffic volumes. The total 95th percentile queue was obtained by summing the queue reported for each lane group on the ramp approach.



## 11.0 CONGESTION MANAGEMENT PROGRAM TRAFFIC IMPACT ASSESSMENT

The Congestion Management Program (CMP) is a state-mandated program that was enacted by the California State Legislature with the passage of Proposition 111 in 1990. The program is intended to address the impact of local growth on the regional transportation system.

As required by the 2010 Congestion Management Program, a Traffic Impact Assessment (TIA) has been prepared to determine the potential impacts on designated monitoring locations on the CMP highway system. The analysis has been prepared in accordance with procedures outlined in the *2010 Congestion Management Program*, Los Angeles County Metropolitan Transportation Authority, October 2010.

According to Section D.9.1 (Appendix D, page D-6) of the 2010 CMP manual, the criteria for determining a significant transportation impact is listed below:

“A significant transportation impact occurs when the proposed project increases traffic demand on a CMP facility by 2% of capacity ( $V/C \geq 0.02$ ), causing or worsening LOS F ( $V/C > 1.00$ ); if the facility is already at LOS F, a significant impact occurs when the proposed project increases traffic demand on a CMP facility by 2% of capacity ( $V/C \geq 0.02$ ).”

The CMP impact criteria apply for analysis of both intersection and freeway monitoring locations.

### 11.1 Freeways

The following CMP freeway monitoring location in the project vicinity has been identified:

- | <u>CMP Station</u> | <u>Location</u>         |
|--------------------|-------------------------|
| Seg. No. 1062      | I-210 west of Route 605 |

The CMP TIA guidelines require that freeway monitoring locations must be examined if the proposed project will add 150 or more trips (in either direction) during either the weekday AM or PM peak periods. The proposed project will not add 150 or more trips (in either direction) during either the weekday AM or PM peak hours to CMP freeway monitoring locations which is the threshold for preparing a traffic impact assessment, as stated in the CMP manual. As summarized in *Table 7-1*, the project is anticipated to generate at most 73 total net new trips during the AM peak hour and 111 total net new trips during the PM peak hour, which is well below the 150 trips threshold. Therefore, no further review of potential impacts to freeway monitoring locations that are part of the CMP highway system is required.

## 11.2 Intersections

The following CMP intersection monitoring locations in the project vicinity have been identified:

- CMP Station                      Intersection  
No. 100                                  Rosemead Boulevard/Huntington Drive  
No. 121                                  Rosemead Boulevard/Foothill Boulevard

The CMP TIA guidelines require that intersection monitoring locations must be examined if the proposed project will add 50 or more trips during either the weekday AM or PM peak hours. The proposed project will not add 50 or more trips during either the weekday AM or PM peak hours (i.e., of adjacent street traffic) at CMP monitoring intersections, as stated in the CMP manual as the threshold criteria for a traffic impact assessment. Therefore, no further review of potential impacts to intersection monitoring locations that are part of the CMP highway system is required.

## 11.3 Transit Impact Review

As required by the *2010 Congestion Management Program*, a review has been made of the potential impacts of the project on transit service. As discussed in Subsection 4.5 herein, existing transit service is provided in the vicinity of the proposed 123 W. Pomona project.

The project trip generation, as shown in *Table 7-1*, was adjusted by values set forth in the CMP (i.e., person trips equal 1.4 times vehicle trips, and transit trips equal 25 or 15 percent of the total person trips) to estimate transit trip generation. Pursuant to the CMP guidelines, the proposed project is forecast to generate demand for 41 transit trips during the weekday AM peak hour and 56 transit trips during the weekday PM peak hour. Over a 24-hour period, the proposed project is forecast to generate demand for 669 daily transit trips. Therefore, the calculations are as follows:

- Weekday AM Peak Hour:  
Residential =  $112 \times 1.4 \times 0.25 = 39$  Transit Trips  
Retail =  $9 \times 1.4 \times 0.15 = 2$  Transit Trip
- Weekday PM Peak Hour:  
Residential =  $136 \times 1.4 \times 0.25 = 48$  Transit Trips  
Retail =  $38 \times 1.4 \times 0.15 = 8$  Transit Trips
- Weekday Daily Trips:  
Residential =  $1,686 \times 1.4 \times 0.25 = 590$  Transit Trips  
Retail =  $378 \times 1.4 \times 0.15 = 79$  Transit Trips

As shown in *Table 4-2*, four bus/train transit lines and routes are provided adjacent to or in close proximity the project site. As outlined in *Table 4-2*, under the “No. of Buses/Trains During Peak Hour” column, these four transit lines provide services for an average of (i.e., average of the

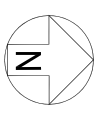
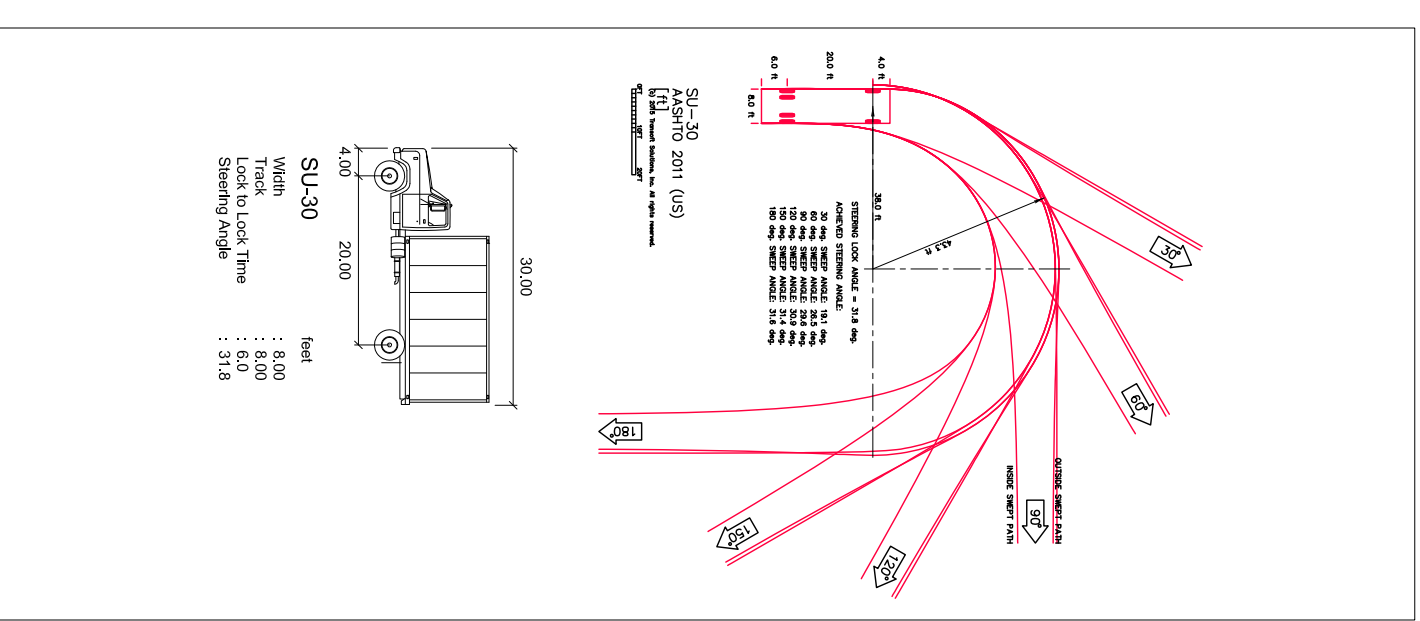
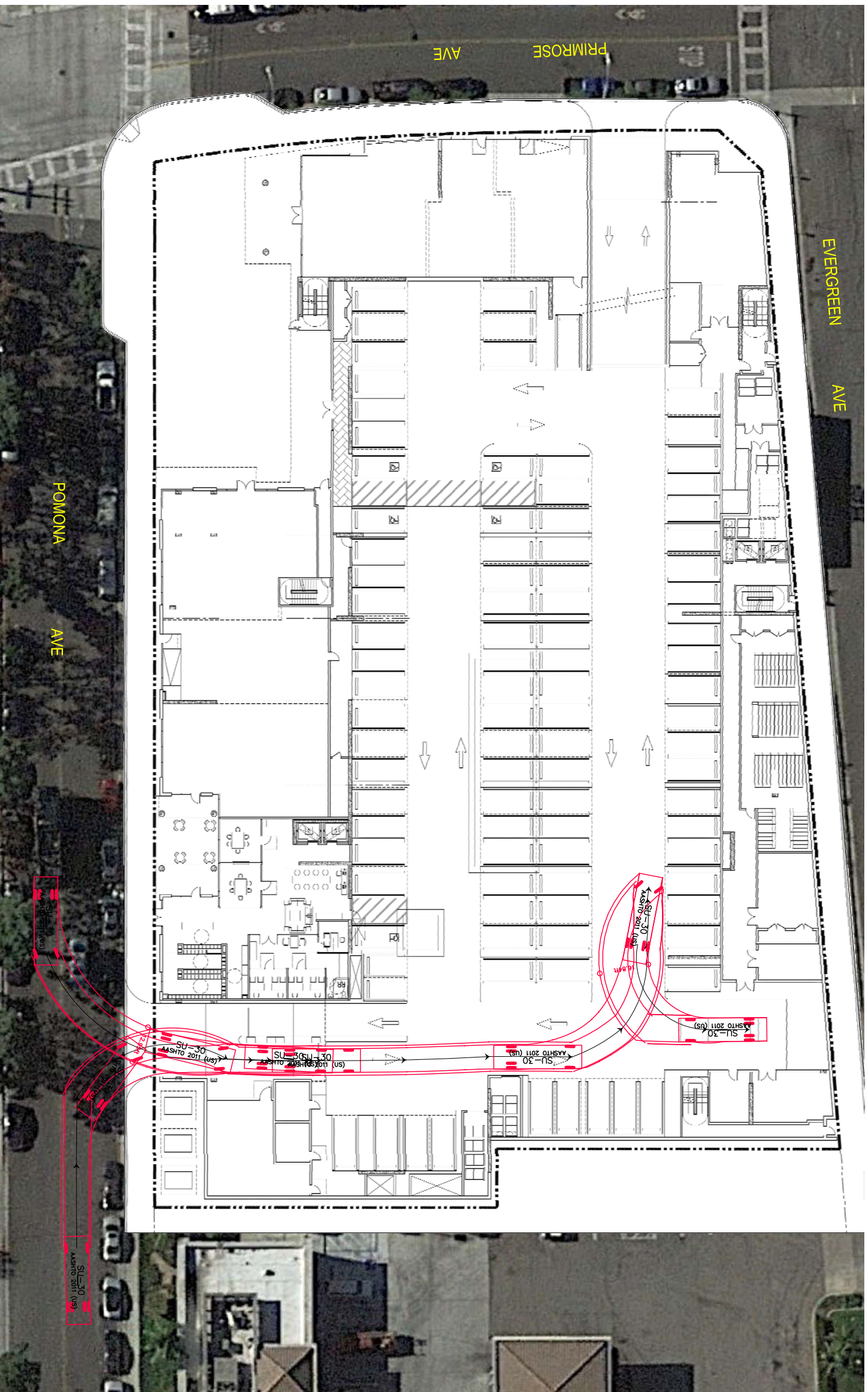
directional number of buses/trains during the peak hours) roughly 29 trains/buses during both the weekday AM and PM peak hours. Therefore, based on the above calculated weekday AM and PM peak hour trips, this would correspond to approximately one to two transit riders per bus. It is anticipated that the existing transit service in the project area will adequately accommodate the increase of project-generated transit trips. Thus, given the number of project-generated transit trips per bus/train, no project impacts on existing or future transit services in the project area are expected to occur as a result of the proposed project.

## 12.0 SUMMARY AND CONCLUSIONS

- **Project Description** – The proposed mixed-use, transit oriented development project consists of 310 residential apartment units and two retail tenant spaces totaling 10,000 square feet, with site amenities including a main plaza area and fitness center. Completion and occupancy of the proposed 123 W. Pomona project is expected by the end of 2022.
- **Vehicular Site Access** – Vehicular access into and out of the project site will be provided via two access driveways: one full access driveway on Primrose Avenue for the residential ingress/egress and one full access driveway on Pomona Avenue for the retail and loading ingress/egress. No direct site access is provided via Evergreen Avenue.
- **Study Scope** – Eleven (11) intersections in the project vicinity were selected for detailed peak hour level of service analyses under existing and future conditions, without and with the proposed project traffic. The analysis focused on assessing potential traffic impacts during the AM and PM peak hours on a typical weekday.
- **Project Trip Generation** – The proposed project is expected to generate 73 net new vehicle trips (11 inbound trips and 62 outbound trips) during the AM peak hour. During the PM peak hour, the proposed project development is expected to generate 111 net new vehicle trips (71 inbound trips and 40 outbound trips). Over a 24-hour period, the proposed project development is forecast to generate an increase of approximately 1,390 net new daily trips (approximately 695 inbound trips and 695 outbound trips) during a typical weekday.
- **Related Projects** – The City of Monrovia Community Development Department, the County of Los Angeles Department of Regional Planning, the City of Arcadia Development Services Department, and the City of Duarte Community Development Department were consulted to obtain the list of development projects (related projects) in the area. A total of 29 related projects was identified and considered as part of the cumulative traffic analysis.
- **Traffic Impact Analysis** – It is concluded that the proposed project is not expected to result in a significant project impact at any of the study intersections based on the City of Monrovia's thresholds of significance used for evaluating traffic impacts.
- **CMP Traffic Assessment** – The results of the Los Angeles CMP traffic assessment indicated that the proposed project will not adversely affect any CMP arterial monitoring intersections or freeway monitoring locations. Therefore, no improvements/mitigation measures are required or recommended.
- **Caltrans Traffic Impact Analysis** – Application of the respective Caltrans LOS standards and guidelines to the year 2022 cumulative with project scenario indicates that the proposed project is not expected to result in a contribution to cumulative traffic impacts at two freeway ramp intersections. In addition, it is recognized the proposed project would not result in a significant traffic impact at the two mainline freeway segments analyzed. Furthermore, adequate storage

lengths are provided to accommodate the forecast 95<sup>th</sup> percentile queues under the year 2022 cumulative with project build-out conditions at the two studied I-210 Freeway off-ramp locations at Myrtle Avenue.

**APPENDIX A**  
**TRUCK TURNING MANEUVERS**



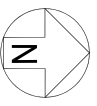
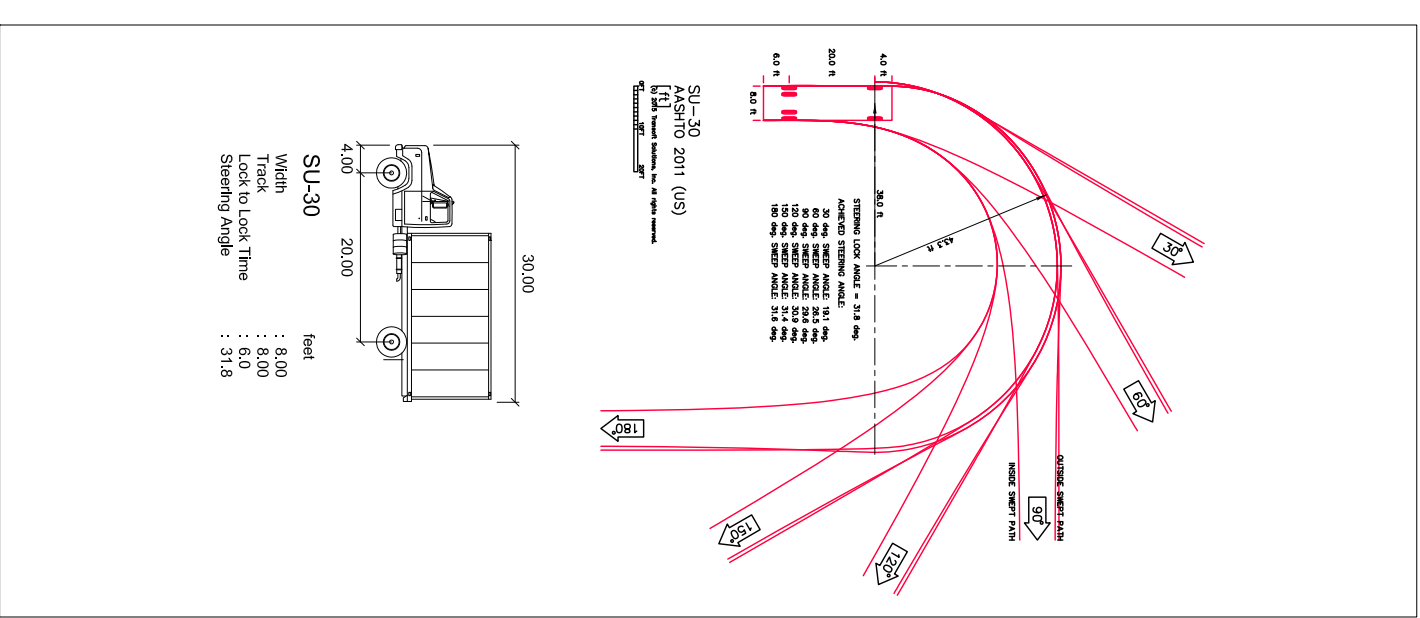
SCALE 1" = 40'

LINSCOTT, LAW & GREENSPAN, engineers

# APPENDIX FIGURE A-1 TRUCK MANEUVERING ANALYSIS - INBOUND

AASHTO (US) SU-30  
123 W. POMONA PROJECT





SCALE 1" = 40'

LINSCOTT, LAW & GREENSPAN, engineers

# APPENDIX FIGURE A-2 TRUCK MANEUVERING ANALYSIS - OUTBOUND

AASHTO (US) SU-30  
123 W. POMONA PROJECT



## APPENDIX B

### MANUAL INTERSECTION TRAFFIC COUNT DATA – WEEKDAY AM AND PM PEAK PERIODS

# ITM Peak Hour Summary

Prepared by:

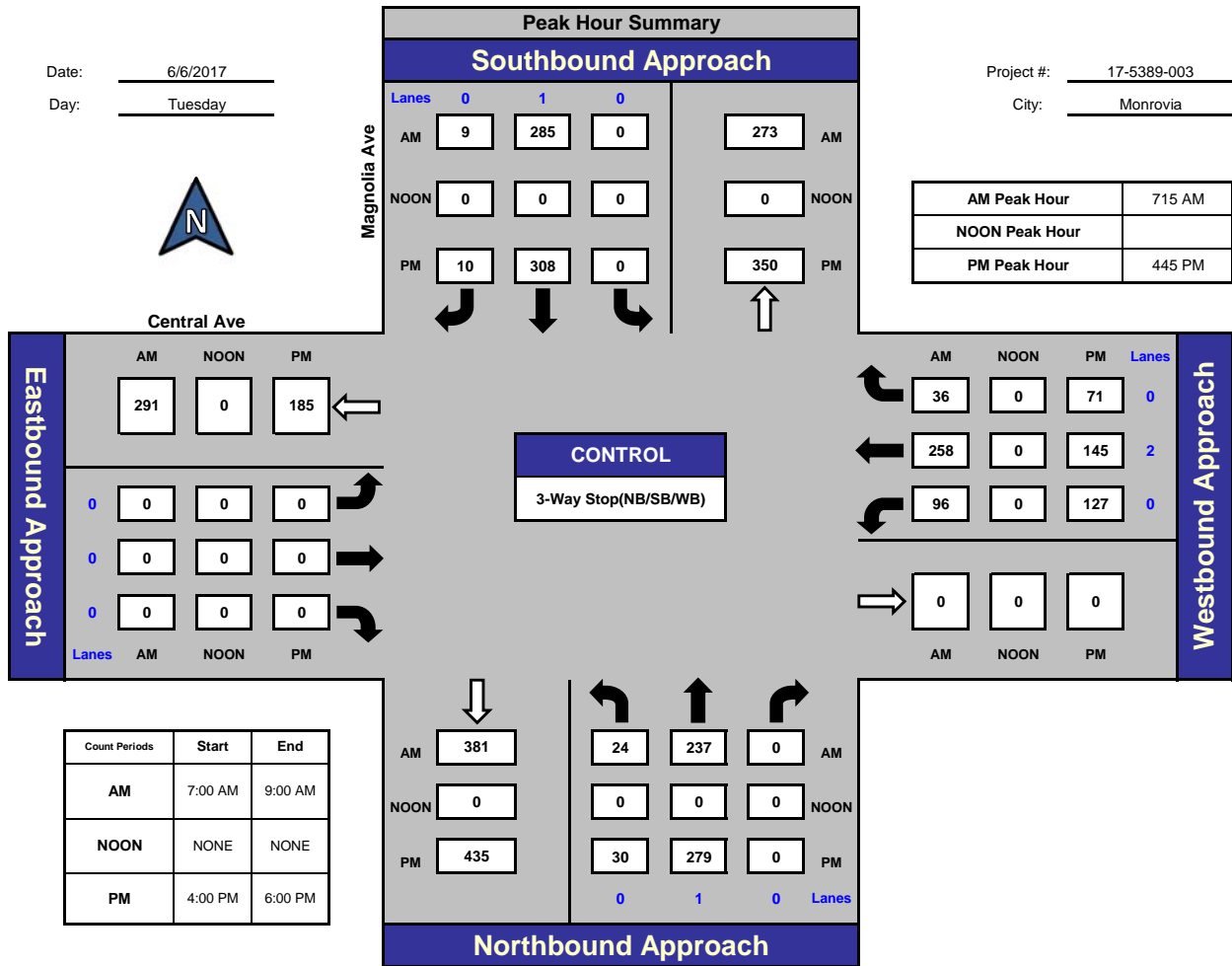


National Data & Surveying Services

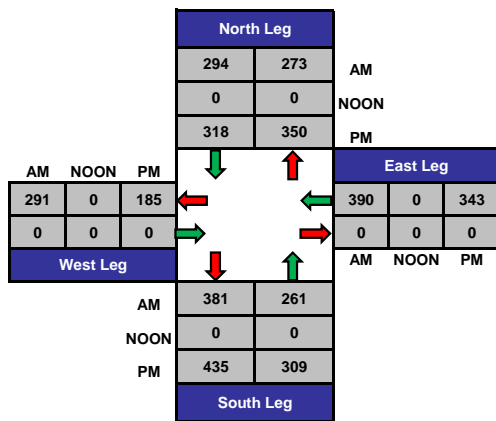
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Date: 6/6/2017  
Day: Tuesday

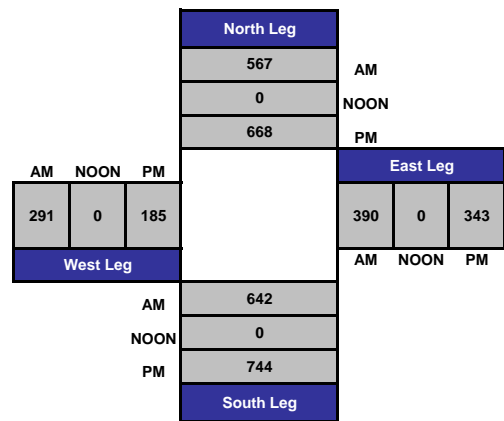
Project #: 17-5389-003  
City: Monrovia



### Total Ins & Outs



### Total Volume Per Leg



# ITM Peak Hour Summary

Prepared by:

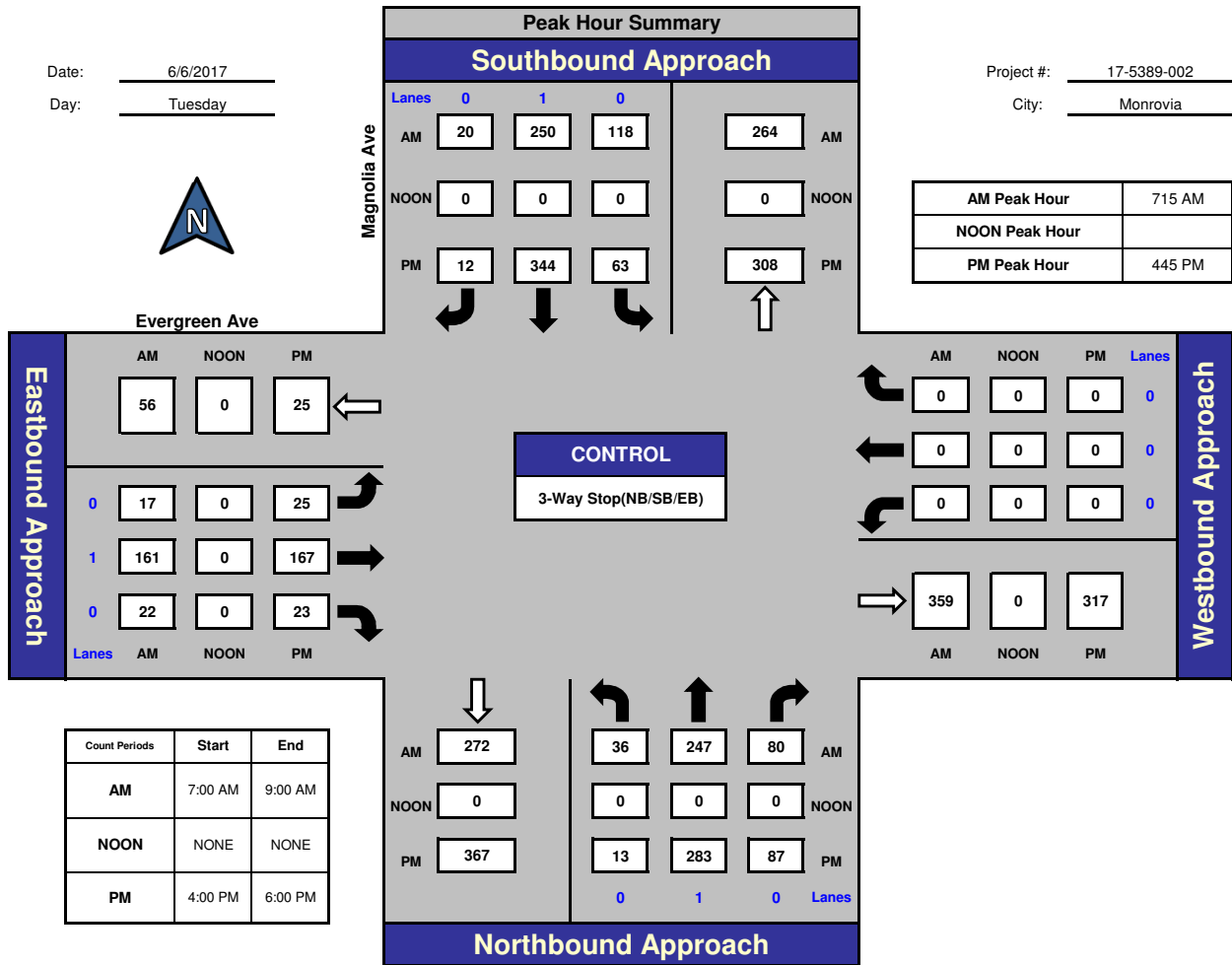


National Data & Surveying Services

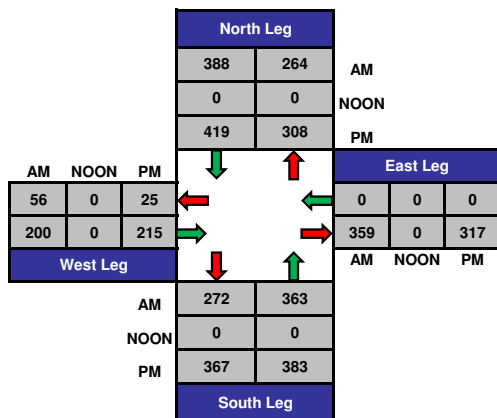
## Magnolia Ave and Evergreen Ave, Monrovia

Date: 6/6/2017  
Day: Tuesday

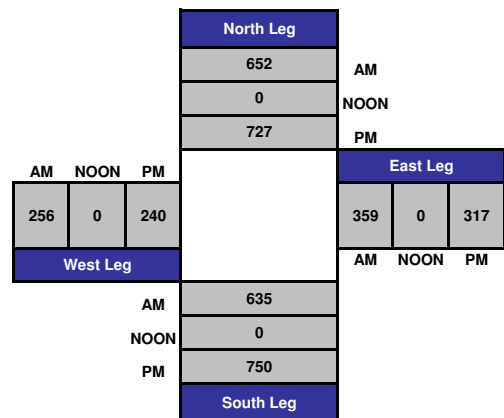
Project #: 17-5389-002  
City: Monrovia



### Total Ins & Outs



### Total Volume Per Leg



# ITM Peak Hour Summary

Prepared by:



National Data & Surveying Services

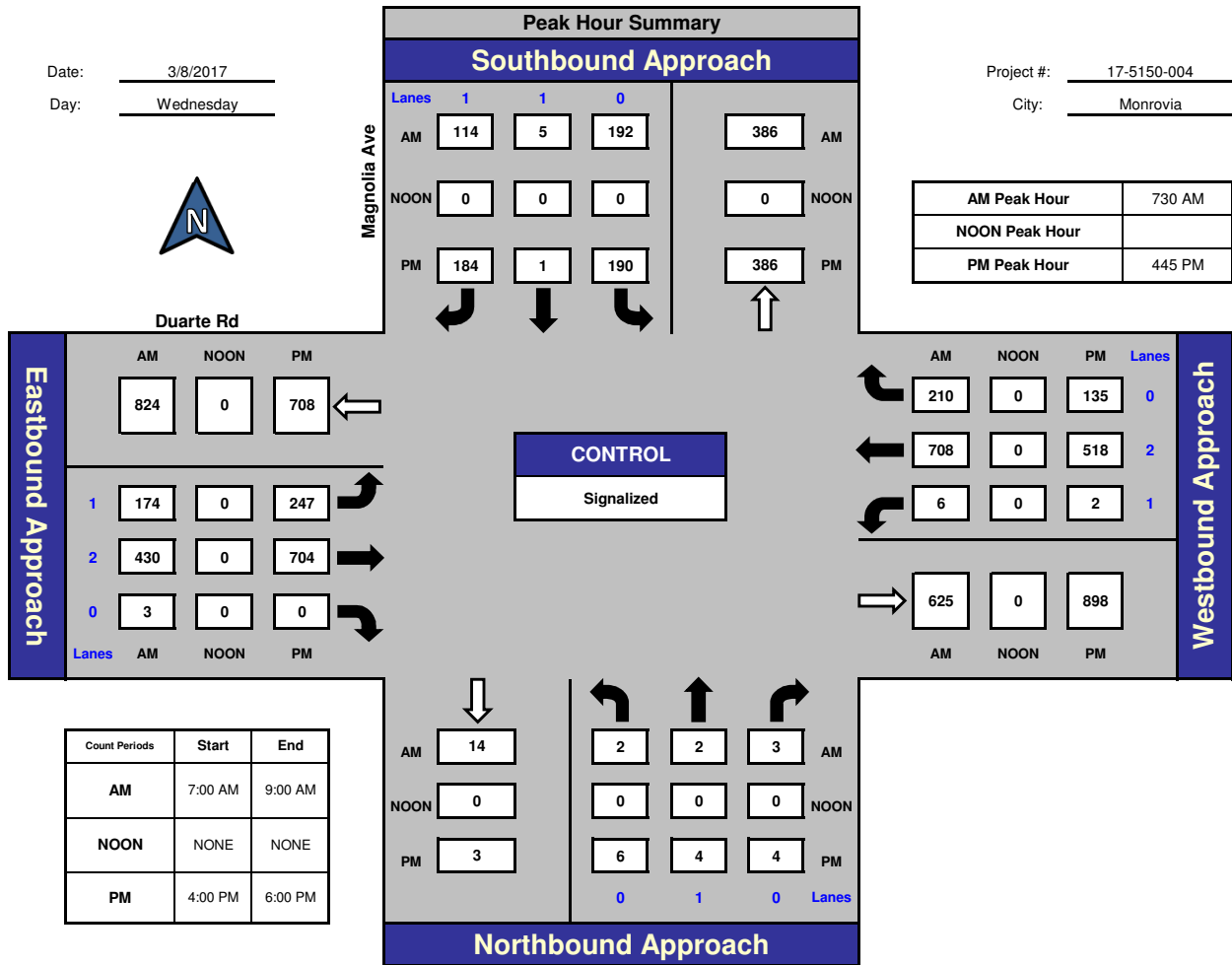
## Magnolia Ave and Duarte Rd, Monrovia

Date: 3/8/2017

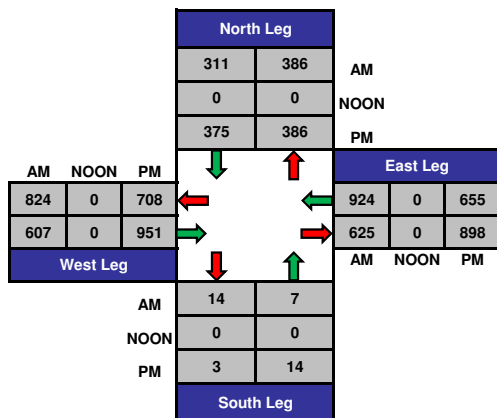
Day: Wednesday

Project #: 17-5150-004

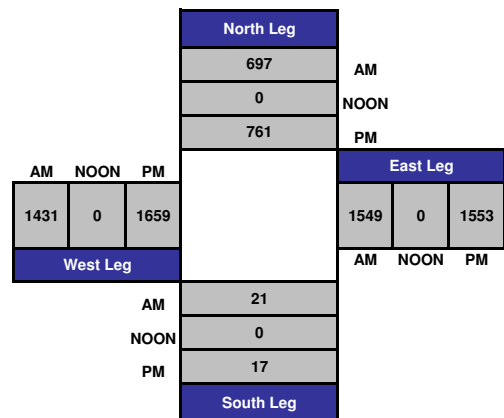
City: Monrovia



### Total Ins & Outs



### Total Volume Per Leg



# ITM Peak Hour Summary

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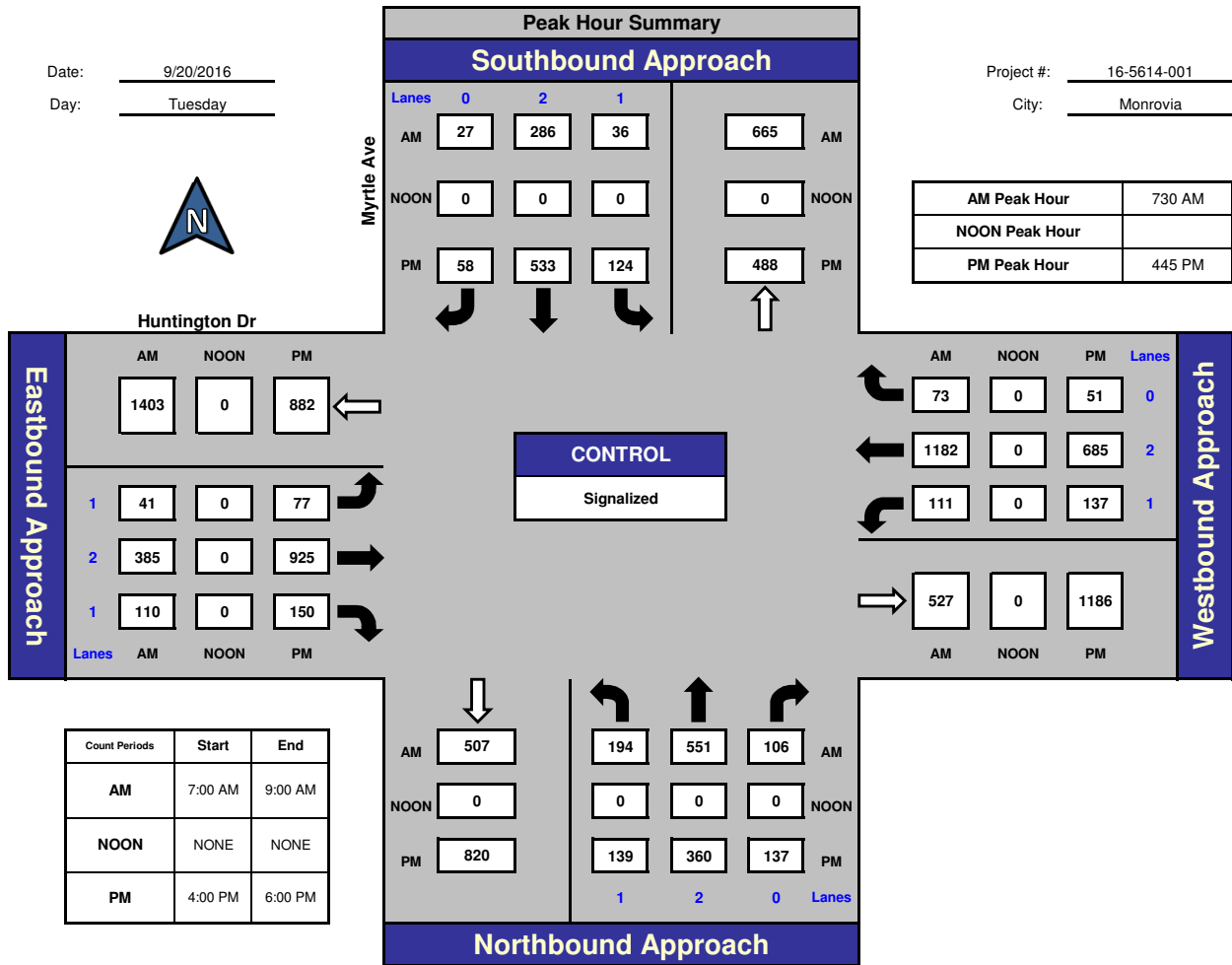


National Data & Surveying Services

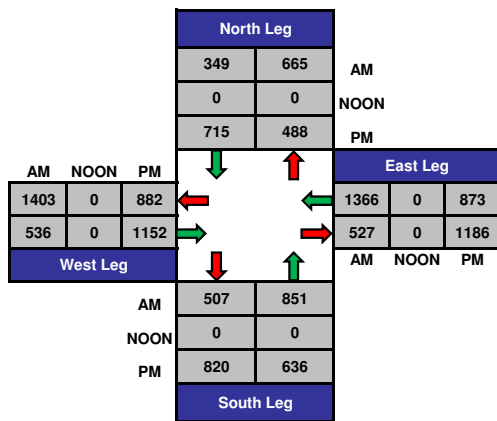
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Date: 9/20/2016  
Day: Tuesday

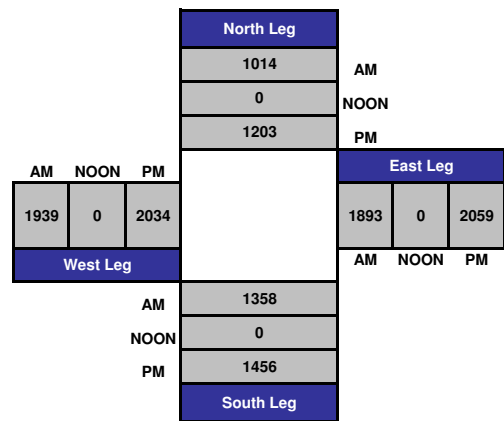
Project #: 16-5614-001  
City: Monrovia



### Total Ins & Outs



### Total Volume Per Leg



# ITM Peak Hour Summary

Prepared by:

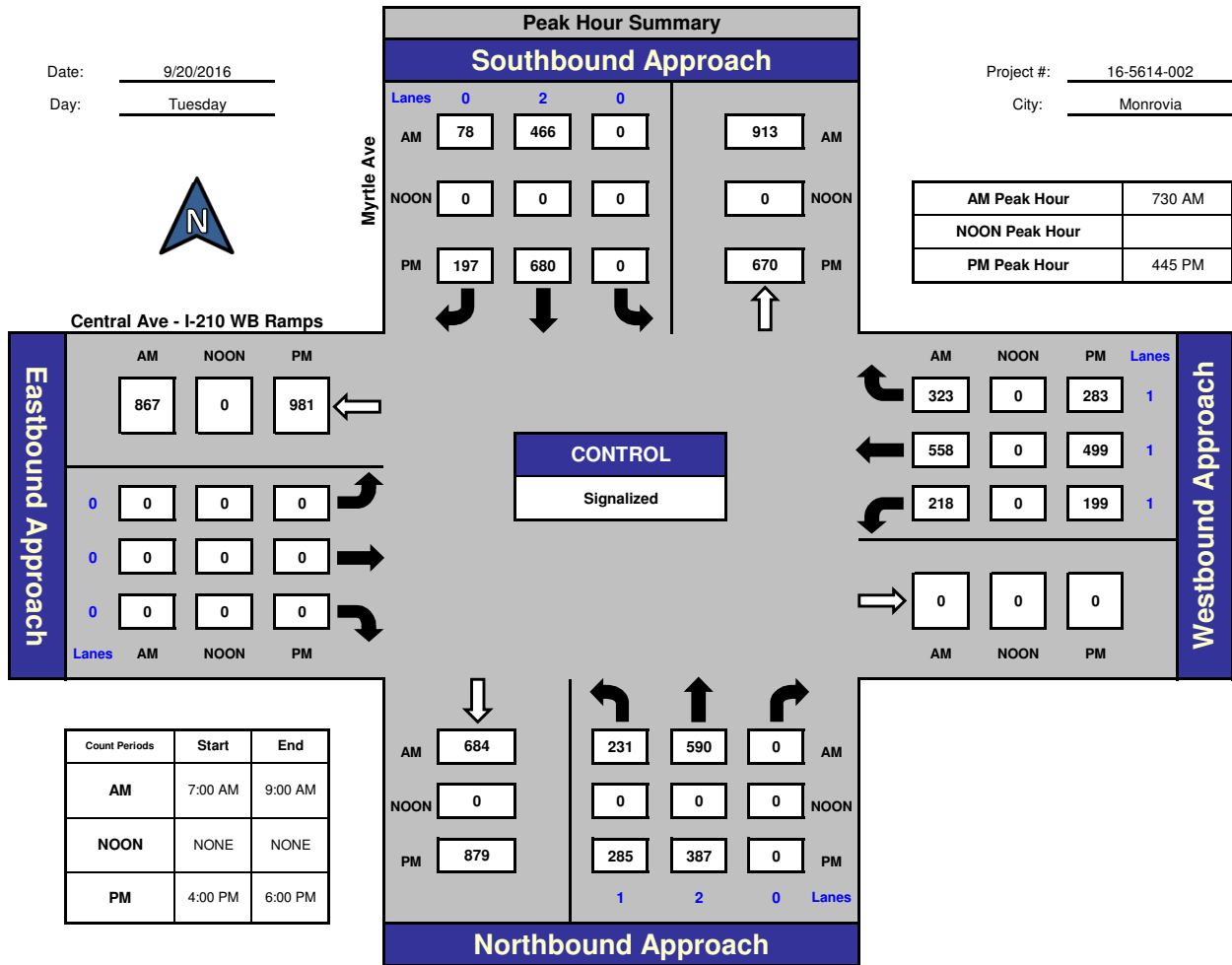


National Data & Surveying Services

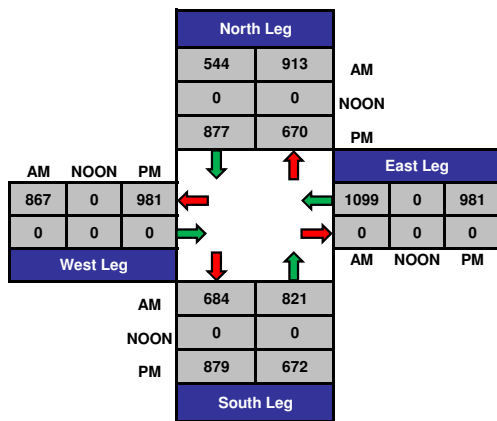
## Myrtle Ave and Central Ave - I-210 WB Ramps, Monrovia

Date: 9/20/2016  
Day: Tuesday

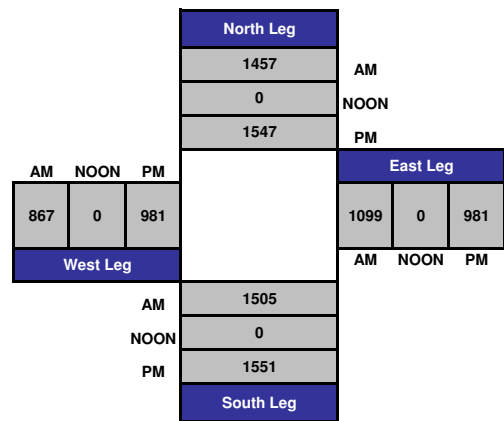
Project #: 16-5614-002  
City: Monrovia



### Total Ins & Outs



### Total Volume Per Leg



# ITM Peak Hour Summary

Prepared by:



National Data & Surveying Services

## Myrtle Ave and Evergreen Ave - I-210 EB Ramps, Monrovia

Date: 9/20/2016

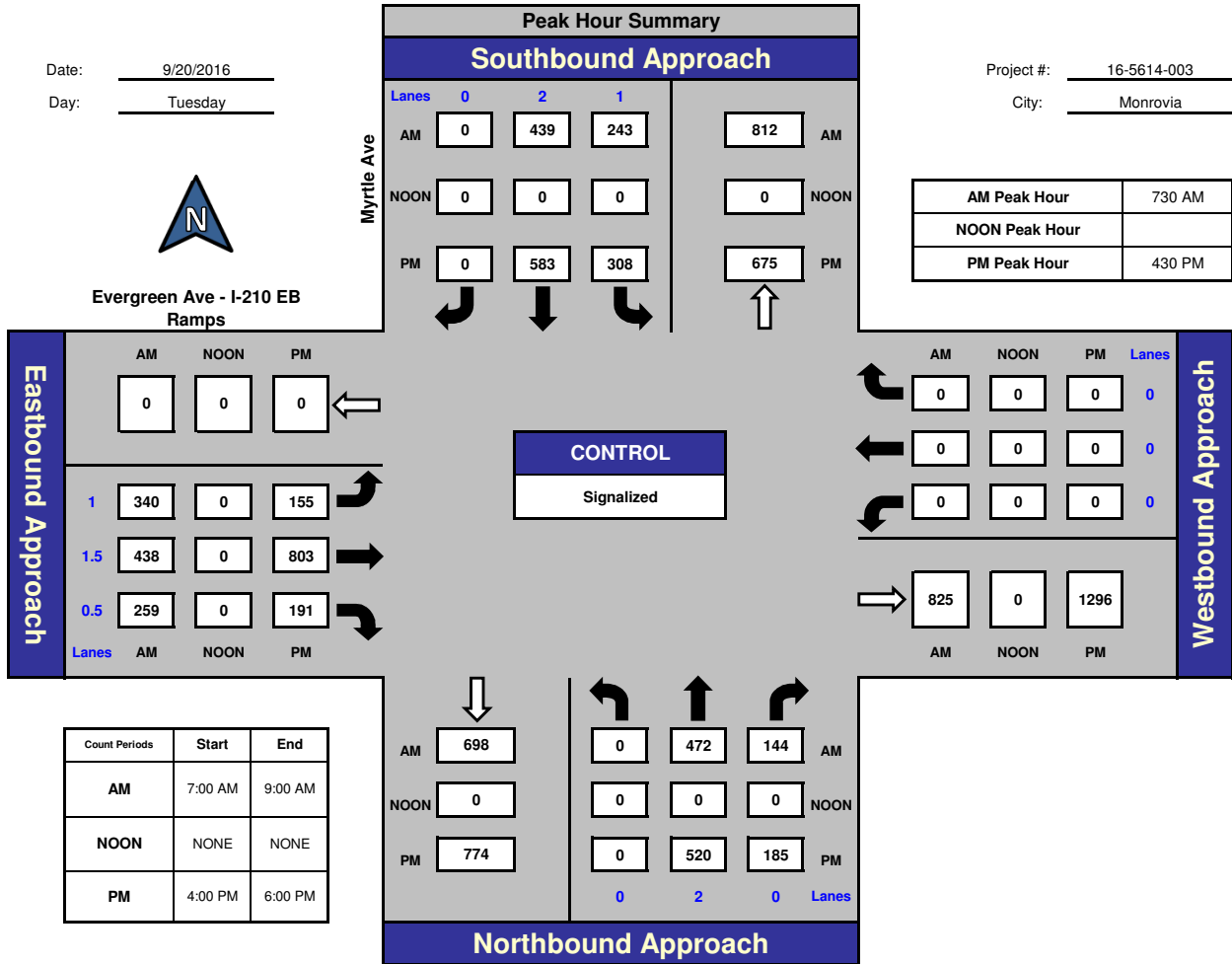
Day: Tuesday

Project #: 16-5614-003

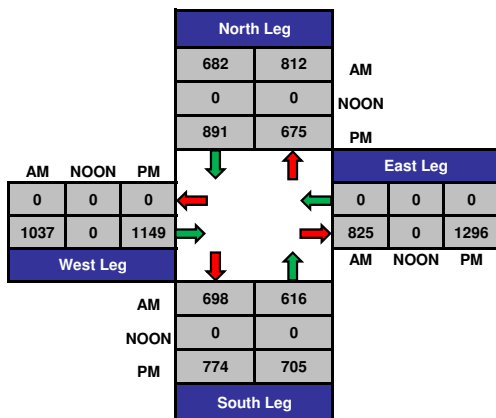
City: Monrovia



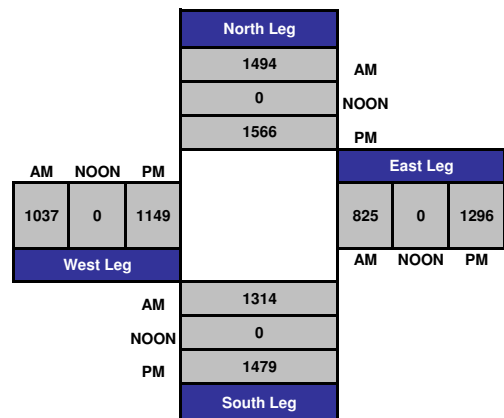
Evergreen Ave - I-210 EB Ramps



### Total Ins & Outs



### Total Volume Per Leg



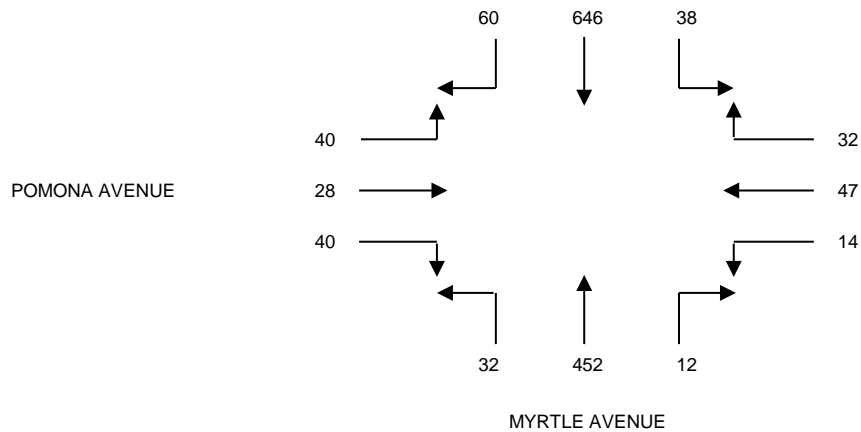
# INTERSECTION TURNING MOVEMENT COUNT SUMMARY

CLIENT: LLG - PASADENA  
 PROJECT: CITY OF MONROVIA  
 DATE: WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 29, 2018  
 PERIOD: 07:00 AM TO 09:00 AM  
 INTERSECTION: N/S MYRTLE AVENUE  
 E/W POMONA AVENUE  
 FILE NUMBER: 1-AM

15 MINUTE	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
TOTALS	SBRT	SBTH	SBLT	WBRT	WBTH	WBLT	NBRT	NBTH	NBLT	EBRT	EBTH	EBLT
0700-0715	20	98	15	10	10	3	2	97	9	9	1	8
0715-0730	18	102	9	7	11	5	2	104	11	5	3	6
0730-0745	12	144	5	6	19	2	1	101	7	3	3	11
0745-0800	12	161	5	7	17	4	2	105	7	5	3	16
0800-0815	15	165	10	7	11	2	3	111	7	11	7	8
0815-0830	15	170	11	8	10	3	4	115	8	12	8	8
0830-0845	18	150	12	10	9	5	3	121	10	12	10	8
0845-0900	15	140	10	7	8	3	4	116	7	10	7	8

1 HOUR	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	TOTALS
TOTALS	SBRT	SBTH	SBLT	WBRT	WBTH	WBLT	NBRT	NBTH	NBLT	EBRT	EBTH	EBLT	TOTALS
0700-0800	62	505	34	30	57	14	7	407	34	22	10	41	1223
0715-0815	57	572	29	27	58	13	8	421	32	24	16	41	1298
0730-0830	54	640	31	28	57	11	10	432	29	31	21	43	1387
0745-0845	60	646	38	32	47	14	12	452	32	40	28	40	1441
0800-0900	63	625	43	32	38	13	14	463	32	45	32	32	1432

A.M. PEAK HOUR  
0745-0845



DATA PROVIDED BY:

THE TRAFFIC SOLUTION  
 329 DIAMOND STREET  
 ARCADIA, CALIFORNIA 91005  
 PH: 626-446-7978  
 FAX: 626-446-2877



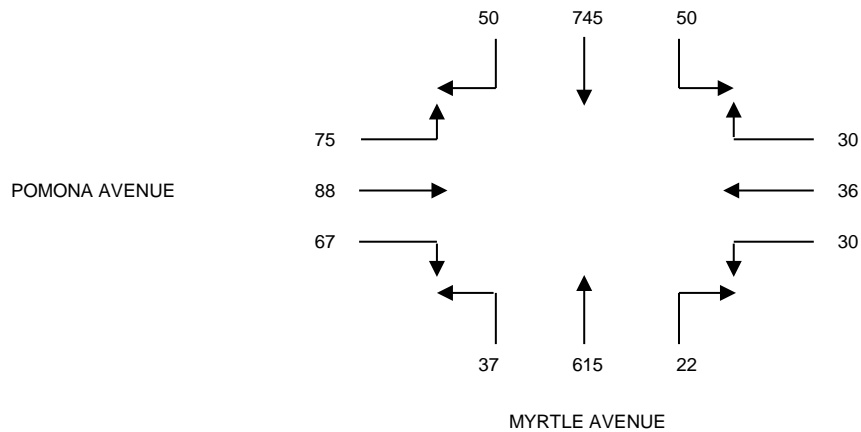
# INTERSECTION TURNING MOVEMENT COUNT SUMMARY

CLIENT: LLG - PASADENA  
 PROJECT: CITY OF MONROVIA  
 DATE: WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 29, 2018  
 PERIOD: 04:00 PM TO 06:00 PM  
 INTERSECTION: N/S MYRTLE AVENUE  
 E/W POMONA AVENUE  
 FILE NUMBER: 1-PM

15 MINUTE	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
TOTALS	SBRT	SBTH	SBLT	WBRT	WBTH	WBLT	NBRT	NBTH	NBLT	EBRT	EBTH	EBLT
0400-0415	8	167	7	5	5	7	5	157	5	9	20	12
0415-0430	9	145	10	4	4	7	2	123	4	13	17	11
0430-0445	10	173	13	5	5	8	3	162	6	12	20	14
0445-0500	14	185	18	6	4	8	4	168	6	12	21	17
0500-0515	14	180	10	10	9	7	6	160	11	21	20	26
0515-0530	14	177	8	9	9	8	7	157	12	20	22	22
0530-0545	8	203	14	5	14	7	5	130	8	14	25	10
0545-0600	8	194	14	3	15	8	6	123	7	14	23	16

1 HOUR	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	TOTALS
TOTALS	SBRT	SBTH	SBLT	WBRT	WBTH	WBLT	NBRT	NBTH	NBLT	EBRT	EBTH	EBLT	TOTALS
0400-0500	41	670	48	20	18	30	14	610	21	46	78	54	1650
0415-0515	47	683	51	25	22	30	15	613	27	58	78	68	1717
0430-0530	52	715	49	30	27	31	20	647	35	65	83	79	1833
0445-0545	50	745	50	30	36	30	22	615	37	67	88	75	1845
0500-0600	44	754	46	27	47	30	24	570	38	69	90	74	1813

P.M. PEAK HOUR  
0445-0545



DATA PROVIDED BY:

THE TRAFFIC SOLUTION  
 329 DIAMOND STREET  
 ARCADIA, CALIFORNIA 91005  
 PH: 626-446-7978  
 FAX: 626-446-2877

# Turning Movement Count Report AM

Location ID: 1  
 North/South: Myrtle Ave  
 East/West: Duarte Rd  
 Date: 08/18/16  
 City: Monrovia, CA

Movements:	Southbound			Westbound			Northbound			Eastbound			Totals:
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	
	R	T	L	R	T	L	R	T	L	R	T	L	
7:00	19	80	4	1	60	7	5	83	23	22	40	22	366
7:15	30	103	4	4	73	17	7	139	20	10	41	16	464
7:30	29	119	4	6	100	17	8	88	33	34	55	40	533
7:45	29	152	7	11	60	14	12	119	34	34	95	39	606
8:00	38	139	9	7	69	19	12	99	34	38	57	19	540
8:15	36	123	5	6	72	9	11	95	31	20	72	26	506
8:30	50	101	10	4	80	12	12	131	29	21	59	36	545
8:45	49	104	13	7	66	18	7	97	28	29	64	36	518
9:00													0
9:15													0
9:30													0
9:45													0

Total Volume:	280	921	56	46	580	113	74	851	232	208	483	234	4078
Approach %	22%	73%	4%	6%	78%	15%	6%	74%	20%	22%	52%	25%	

Peak Hr Begin:	7:45												
PHV	153	515	31	28	281	54	47	444	128	113	283	120	2197
PHF		0.930			0.945			0.900			0.768		0.906

# Turning Movement Count Report PM

Location ID: 1  
 North/South: Myrtle Ave  
 East/West: Duarte Rd  
 Date: 08/18/16  
 City: Monrovia, CA

Movements:	Southbound			Westbound			Northbound			Eastbound			Totals:
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	
	R	T	L	R	T	L	R	T	L	R	T	L	
15:00	29	105	10	5	49	21	12	69	19	25	77	38	459
15:15	32	102	7	10	46	10	21	162	20	21	74	32	537
15:30	37	145	4	10	61	16	7	81	23	45	93	22	544
15:45	28	149	8	2	60	11	19	109	25	42	96	33	582
16:00	29	127	7	9	45	15	11	103	20	48	87	24	525
16:15	27	123	7	5	51	10	11	111	19	40	107	41	552
16:30	23	118	7	4	77	18	9	100	25	54	107	38	580
16:45	39	135	10	12	70	10	13	103	14	56	120	36	618
17:00	45	165	6	6	70	8	19	87	20	70	97	42	635
17:15	28	154	10	8	82	15	14	120	25	82	126	26	690
17:30	54	160	16	7	56	11	14	125	20	58	107	36	664
17:45	32	139	7	7	88	13	9	96	31	63	130	35	650
18:00	47	155	10	6	82	26	8	86	16	60	100	46	642
18:15	35	139	4	7	57	13	13	117	33	61	112	31	622
18:30	24	137	7	5	56	14	8	85	13	59	107	29	544
18:45	21	146	4	3	68	13	12	85	18	53	69	29	521

Total Volume:	530	2199	124	106	1018	224	200	1639	341	837	1609	538	9365
Approach %	19%	77%	4%	8%	76%	17%	9%	75%	16%	28%	54%	18%	

Peak Hr Begin:	17:15												
PHV	161	608	43	28	308	65	45	427	92	263	463	143	2646
PHF	0.883	0.879	0.887	0.928	0.928	0.887	0.928	0.887	0.928	0.928	0.928	0.928	0.959

# INTERSECTION TURNING MOVEMENT COUNT SUMMARY

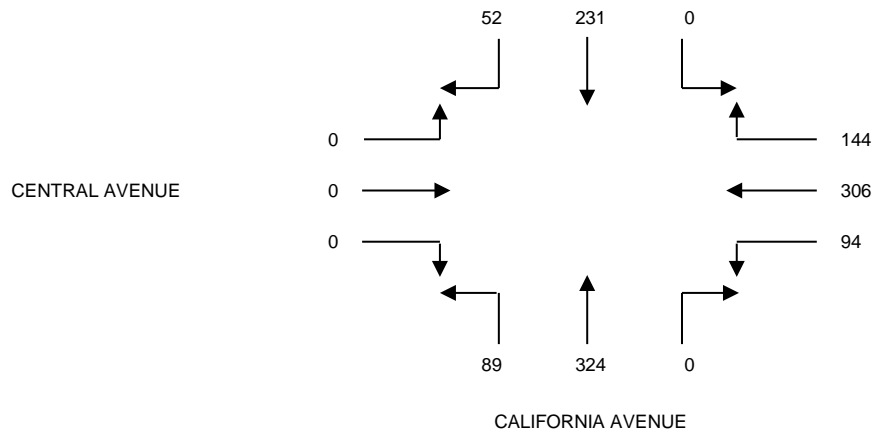
CLIENT: LLG - PASADENA  
 PROJECT: CITY OF MONROVIA  
 DATE: WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 29, 2018  
 PERIOD: 07:00 AM TO 09:00 AM  
 INTERSECTION: N/S CALIFORNIA AVENUE  
 E/W CENTRAL AVENUE  
 FILE NUMBER: 2-AM

15 MINUTE	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
TOTALS	SBRT	SBTH	SBLT	WBRT	WBTH	WBLT	NBRT	NBTH	NBLT	EBRT	EBTH	EBLT
0700-0715	10	38	0	29	76	19	0	48	22	0	0	0
0715-0730	9	43	0	29	103	19	0	62	24	0	0	0
0730-0745	17	63	0	20	81	20	0	69	28	0	0	0
0745-0800	16	63	0	39	62	31	0	112	20	0	0	0
0800-0815	10	62	0	56	60	24	0	81	17	0	0	0
0815-0830	10	73	0	41	45	17	0	80	12	0	0	0
0830-0845	5	56	0	37	39	14	0	53	7	0	0	0
0845-0900	2	59	0	33	25	14	0	62	6	0	0	0

1 HOUR	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	TOTALS
TOTALS	SBRT	SBTH	SBLT	WBRT	WBTH	WBLT	NBRT	NBTH	NBLT	EBRT	EBTH	EBLT	
0700-0800	52	207	0	117	322	89	0	291	94	0	0	0	1172
0715-0815	52	231	0	144	306	94	0	324	89	0	0	0	1240
0730-0830	53	261	0	156	248	92	0	342	77	0	0	0	1229
0745-0845	41	254	0	173	206	86	0	326	56	0	0	0	1142
0800-0900	27	250	0	167	169	69	0	276	42	0	0	0	1000

A.M. PEAK HOUR

0715-0815



DATA PROVIDED BY:

THE TRAFFIC SOLUTION  
 329 DIAMOND STREET  
 ARCADIA, CALIFORNIA 91005  
 PH: 626-446-7978  
 FAX: 626-446-2877

# INTERSECTION TURNING MOVEMENT COUNT SUMMARY

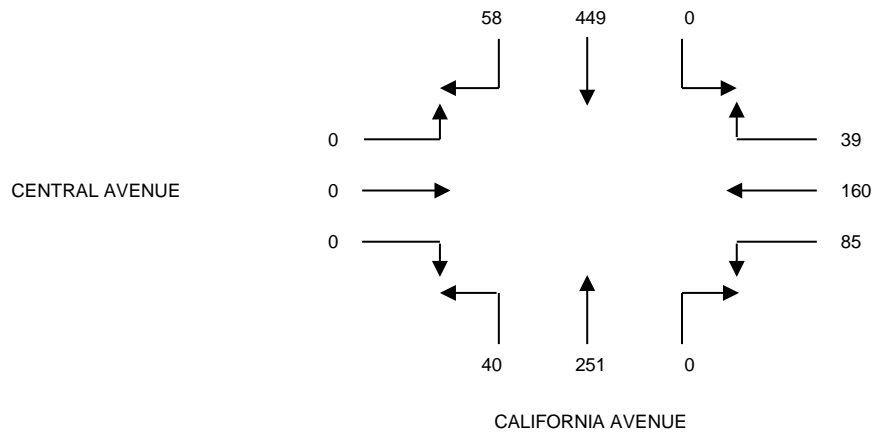
CLIENT: LLG - PASADENA  
 PROJECT: CITY OF MONROVIA  
 DATE: WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 29, 2018  
 PERIOD: 04:00 PM TO 06:00 PM  
 INTERSECTION: N/S CALIFORNIA AVENUE  
 E/W CENTRAL AVENUE  
 FILE NUMBER: 2-PM

15 MINUTE	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
TOTALS	SBRT	SBTH	SBLT	WBRT	WBTH	WBLT	NBRT	NBTH	NBLT	EBRT	EBTH	EBLT
0400-0415	12	75	0	8	29	11	0	50	9	0	0	0
0415-0430	14	90	0	14	27	22	0	63	15	0	0	0
0430-0445	12	94	0	7	40	28	0	49	14	0	0	0
0445-0500	15	116	0	6	47	22	0	76	13	0	0	0
0500-0515	15	107	0	9	42	19	0	50	8	0	0	0
0515-0530	16	112	0	10	32	20	0	58	9	0	0	0
0530-0545	12	114	0	14	39	24	0	67	10	0	0	0
0545-0600	10	101	0	11	37	22	0	65	14	0	0	0

1 HOUR	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	TOTALS
TOTALS	SBRT	SBTH	SBLT	WBRT	WBTH	WBLT	NBRT	NBTH	NBLT	EBRT	EBTH	EBLT	TOTALS
0400-0500	53	375	0	35	143	83	0	238	51	0	0	0	978
0415-0515	56	407	0	36	156	91	0	238	50	0	0	0	1034
0430-0530	58	429	0	32	161	89	0	233	44	0	0	0	1046
0445-0545	58	449	0	39	160	85	0	251	40	0	0	0	1082
0500-0600	53	434	0	44	150	85	0	240	41	0	0	0	1047

P.M. PEAK HOUR

0445-0545



DATA PROVIDED BY:

THE TRAFFIC SOLUTION  
 329 DIAMOND STREET  
 ARCADIA, CALIFORNIA 91005  
 PH: 626-446-7978  
 FAX: 626-446-2877

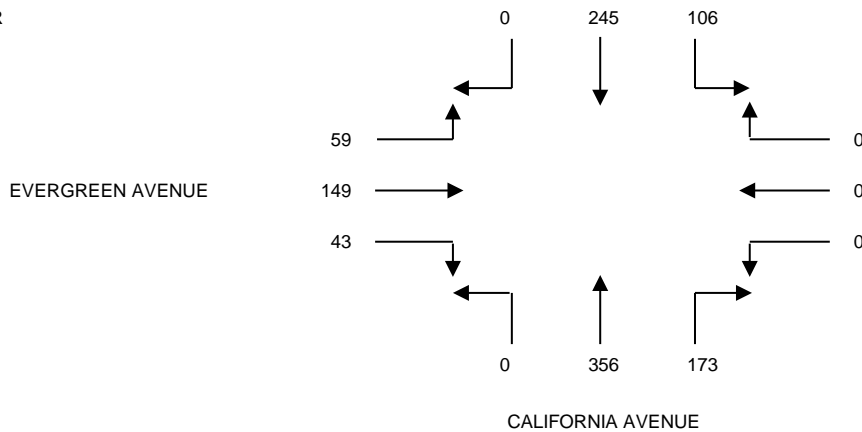
# INTERSECTION TURNING MOVEMENT COUNT SUMMARY

CLIENT: LLG - PASADENA  
 PROJECT: CITY OF MONROVIA  
 DATE: WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 29, 2018  
 PERIOD: 07:00 AM TO 09:00 AM  
 INTERSECTION: N/S CALIFORNIA AVENUE  
 E/W EVERGREEN AVENUE  
 FILE NUMBER: 3-AM

15 MINUTE	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
TOTALS	SBRT	SBTH	SBLT	WBRT	WBTH	WBLT	NBRT	NBTH	NBLT	EBRT	EBTH	EBLT
0700-0715	0	38	21	0	0	0	28	64	0	8	18	5
0715-0730	0	36	18	0	0	0	44	80	0	13	27	11
0730-0745	0	54	25	0	0	0	47	97	0	12	25	15
0745-0800	0	72	27	0	0	0	53	102	0	14	44	15
0800-0815	0	66	30	0	0	0	40	85	0	8	35	14
0815-0830	0	53	24	0	0	0	33	72	0	9	45	15
0830-0845	0	47	18	0	0	0	29	62	0	9	35	13
0845-0900	0	65	20	0	0	0	19	48	0	6	30	9

1 HOUR	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	TOTALS
TOTALS	SBRT	SBTH	SBLT	WBRT	WBTH	WBLT	NBRT	NBTH	NBLT	EBRT	EBTH	EBLT	TOTALS
0700-0800	0	200	91	0	0	0	172	343	0	47	114	46	1013
0715-0815	0	228	100	0	0	0	184	364	0	47	131	55	1109
0730-0830	0	245	106	0	0	0	173	356	0	43	149	59	1131
0745-0845	0	238	99	0	0	0	155	321	0	40	159	57	1069
0800-0900	0	231	92	0	0	0	121	267	0	32	145	51	939

A.M. PEAK HOUR  
0730-0830



DATA PROVIDED BY:

THE TRAFFIC SOLUTION  
 329 DIAMOND STREET  
 ARCADIA, CALIFORNIA 91005  
 PH: 626-446-7978  
 FAX: 626-446-2877

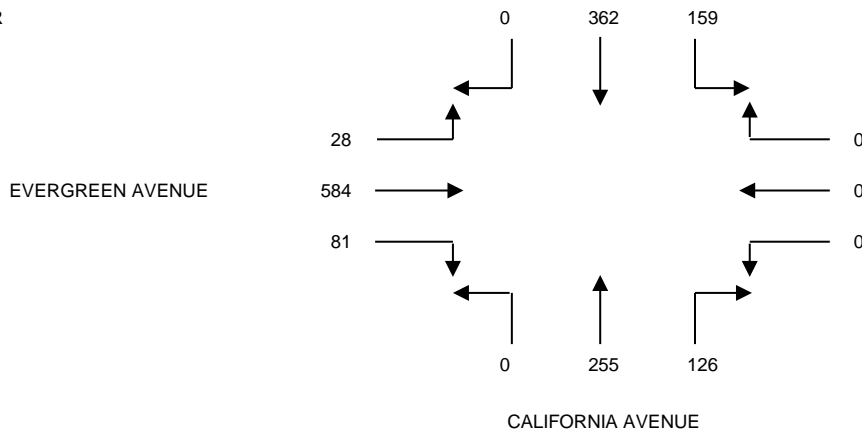
# INTERSECTION TURNING MOVEMENT COUNT SUMMARY

CLIENT: LLG - PASADENA  
 PROJECT: CITY OF MONROVIA  
 DATE: WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 29, 2018  
 PERIOD: 04:00 PM TO 06:00 PM  
 INTERSECTION: N/S CALIFORNIA AVENUE  
 E/W EVERGREEN AVENUE  
 FILE NUMBER: 3-PM

15 MINUTE	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
TOTALS	SBRT	SBTH	SBLT	WBRT	WBTH	WBLT	NBRT	NBTH	NBLT	EBRT	EBTH	EBLT
0400-0415	0	53	23	0	0	0	25	67	0	17	97	7
0415-0430	0	65	31	0	0	0	31	54	0	31	114	7
0430-0445	0	98	47	0	0	0	43	75	0	29	150	8
0445-0500	0	103	40	0	0	0	23	60	0	20	129	4
0500-0515	0	82	38	0	0	0	30	70	0	18	156	7
0515-0530	0	79	34	0	0	0	30	50	0	14	149	9
0530-0545	0	109	44	0	0	0	31	76	0	25	142	10
0545-0600	0	87	40	0	0	0	29	50	0	16	148	5

1 HOUR	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	TOTALS
TOTALS	SBRT	SBTH	SBLT	WBRT	WBTH	WBLT	NBRT	NBTH	NBLT	EBRT	EBTH	EBLT	TOTALS
0400-0500	0	319	141	0	0	0	122	256	0	97	490	26	1451
0415-0515	0	348	156	0	0	0	127	259	0	98	549	26	1563
0430-0530	0	362	159	0	0	0	126	255	0	81	584	28	1595
0445-0545	0	373	156	0	0	0	114	256	0	77	576	30	1582
0500-0600	0	357	156	0	0	0	120	246	0	73	595	31	1578

P.M. PEAK HOUR  
0430-0530



DATA PROVIDED BY:

THE TRAFFIC SOLUTION  
 329 DIAMOND STREET  
 ARCADIA, CALIFORNIA 91005  
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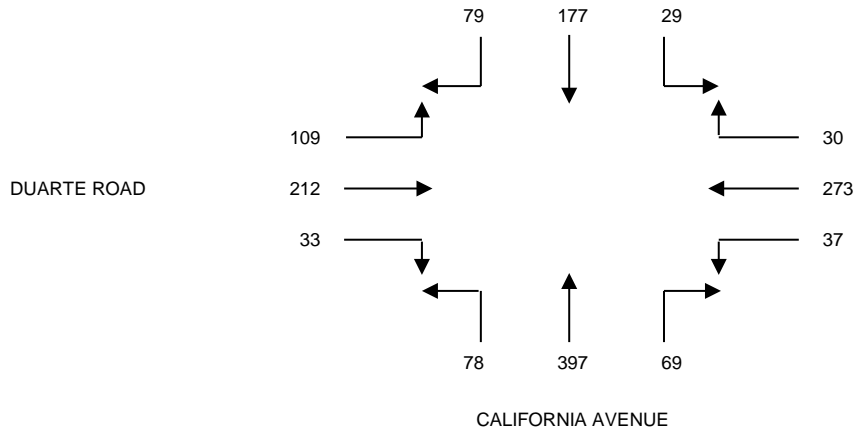
# INTERSECTION TURNING MOVEMENT COUNT SUMMARY

CLIENT: LLG - PASADENA  
 PROJECT: CITY OF MONROVIA  
 DATE: WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 29, 2018  
 PERIOD: 07:00 AM TO 09:00 AM  
 INTERSECTION: N/S CALIFORNIA AVENUE  
 E/W DUARTE ROAD  
 FILE NUMBER: 4-AM

15 MINUTE	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
TOTALS	SBRT	SBTH	SBLT	WBRT	WBTH	WBLT	NBRT	NBTH	NBLT	EBRT	EBTH	EBLT
0700-0715	6	35	5	6	58	4	13	82	18	3	21	8
0715-0730	10	32	6	6	72	8	12	98	14	5	30	10
0730-0745	14	38	9	9	64	7	16	95	22	12	39	30
0745-0800	22	58	6	9	77	10	19	130	20	11	57	38
0800-0815	23	48	5	5	53	7	18	102	23	6	56	29
0815-0830	20	33	9	7	79	13	16	70	13	4	60	12
0830-0845	16	42	4	7	70	11	19	54	15	5	55	10
0845-0900	10	41	7	6	50	8	23	67	11	3	51	13

1 HOUR	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	TOTALS
TOTALS	SBRT	SBTH	SBLT	WBRT	WBTH	WBLT	NBRT	NBTH	NBLT	EBRT	EBTH	EBLT	TOTALS
0700-0800	52	163	26	30	271	29	60	405	74	31	147	86	1374
0715-0815	69	176	26	29	266	32	65	425	79	34	182	107	1490
0730-0830	79	177	29	30	273	37	69	397	78	33	212	109	1523
0745-0845	81	181	24	28	279	41	72	356	71	26	228	89	1476
0800-0900	69	164	25	25	252	39	76	293	62	18	222	64	1309

A.M. PEAK HOUR  
0730-0830



DATA PROVIDED BY:

THE TRAFFIC SOLUTION  
 329 DIAMOND STREET  
 ARCADIA, CALIFORNIA 91005  
 PH: 626-446-7978  
 FAX: 626-446-2877



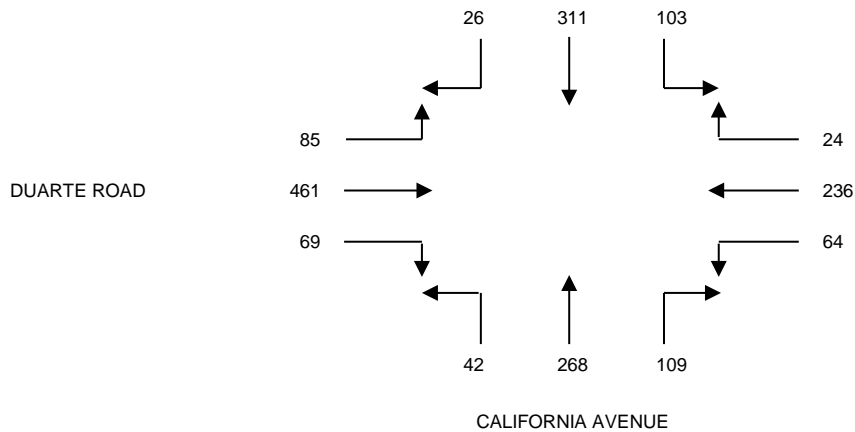
# INTERSECTION TURNING MOVEMENT COUNT SUMMARY

CLIENT: LLG - PASADENA  
 PROJECT: CITY OF MONROVIA  
 DATE: WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 29, 2018  
 PERIOD: 04:00 PM TO 06:00 PM  
 INTERSECTION: N/S CALIFORNIA AVENUE  
 E/W DUARTE ROAD  
 FILE NUMBER: 4-PM

15 MINUTE	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
TOTALS	SBRT	SBTH	SBLT	WBRT	WBTH	WBLT	NBRT	NBTH	NBLT	EBRT	EBTH	EBLT
0400-0415	13	53	10	4	51	21	33	68	9	21	94	26
0415-0430	7	79	19	6	60	14	23	63	11	15	97	26
0430-0445	14	93	15	9	55	16	24	55	12	19	98	22
0445-0500	11	77	20	8	45	19	30	62	9	19	112	21
0500-0515	7	82	26	5	78	14	29	79	10	18	122	23
0515-0530	4	65	25	5	56	19	24	66	13	14	106	23
0530-0545	4	87	32	6	57	12	26	61	10	18	121	18
0545-0600	9	63	22	9	56	13	18	48	11	15	96	19

1 HOUR	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	TOTALS
TOTALS	SBRT	SBTH	SBLT	WBRT	WBTH	WBLT	NBRT	NBTH	NBLT	EBRT	EBTH	EBLT	TOTALS
0400-0500	45	302	64	27	211	70	110	248	41	74	401	95	1688
0415-0515	39	331	80	28	238	63	106	259	42	71	429	92	1778
0430-0530	36	317	86	27	234	68	107	262	44	70	438	89	1778
0445-0545	26	311	103	24	236	64	109	268	42	69	461	85	1798
0500-0600	24	297	105	25	247	58	97	254	44	65	445	83	1744

P.M. PEAK HOUR  
0445-0545

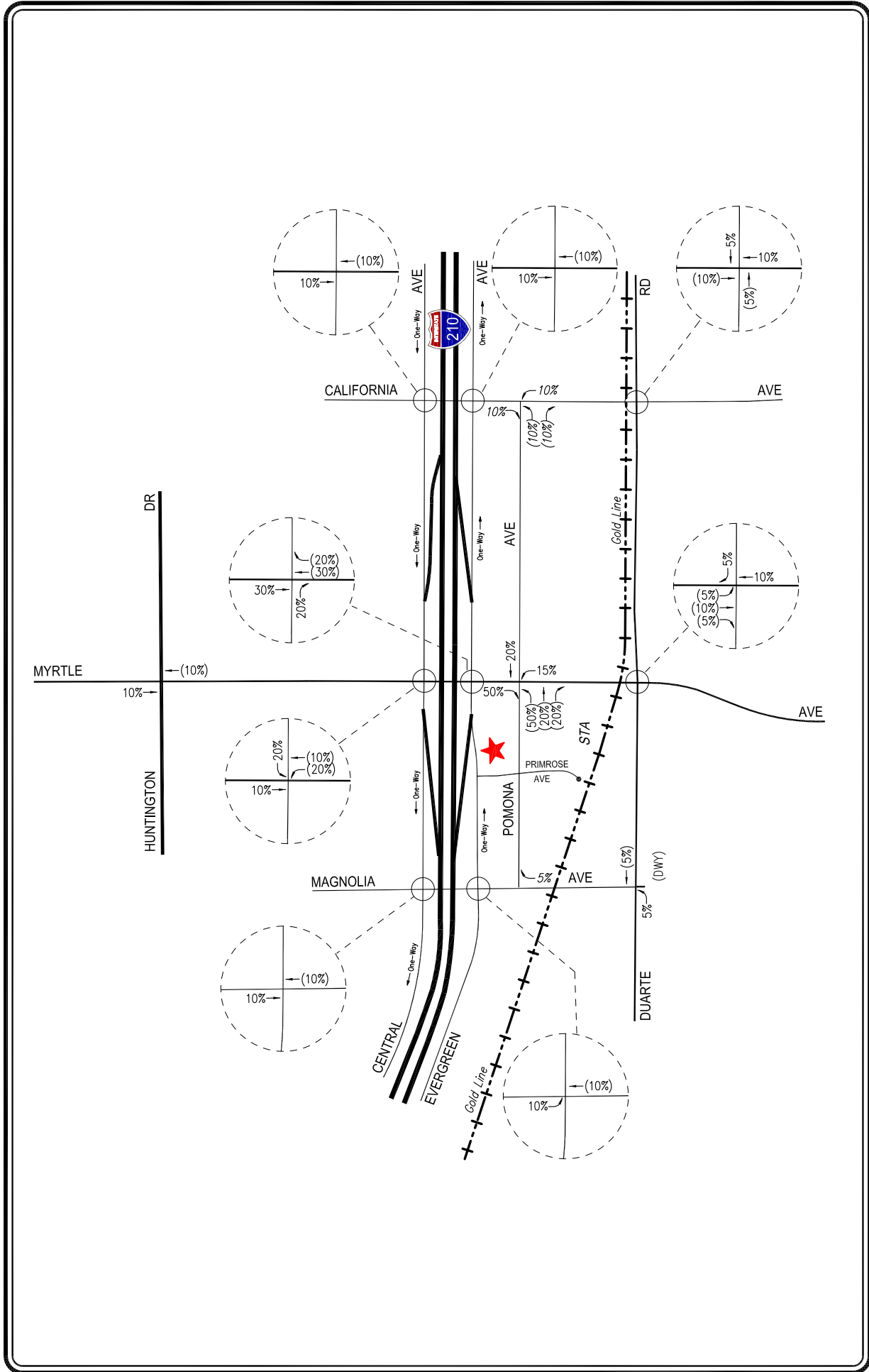


DATA PROVIDED BY:


THE TRAFFIC SOLUTION  
 329 DIAMOND STREET  
 ARCADIA, CALIFORNIA 91005  
 PH: 626-446-7978  
 FAX: 626-446-2877

## APPENDIX C

### EXISTING USES TRIP DISTRIBUTION/ASSIGNMENT



# APPENDIX FIGURE C-1 EXISTING USES TO BE REMOVED

 PROJECT SITE  
 XX = INBOUND PERCENTAGES  
 (XX) = OUTBOUND PERCENTAGES

 NOT TO SCALE

## APPENDIX D

ICU AND LEVELS OF SERVICE EXPLANATION  
HCM AND LEVELS OF SERVICE EXPLANATION

ICU AND HCM DATA WORKSHEETS  
WEEKDAY AM AND PM PEAK HOURS

## INTERSECTION CAPACITY UTILIZATION (ICU) DESCRIPTION

Level of Service is a term used to describe prevailing conditions and their effect on traffic. Broadly interpreted, the Levels of Service concept denotes any one of a number of differing combinations of operating conditions which may occur as a roadway is accommodating various traffic volumes. Level of Service is a qualitative measure of the effect of such factors as travel speed, travel time, traffic interruptions, freedom to maneuver, safety, driving comfort and convenience.

Six Levels of Service, A through F, have been defined in the 1965 *Highway Capacity Manual*, published by the Transportation Research Board. Level of Service A describes a condition of free flow, with low traffic volumes and relatively high speeds, while Level of Service F describes forced traffic flow at low speeds with jammed conditions and queues which cannot clear during the green phases.

The Intersection Capacity Utilization (ICU) method of intersection capacity analysis has been used in our studies. It directly relates traffic demand and available capacity for key intersection movements, regardless of present signal timing. The capacity per hour of green time for each approach is calculated based on the methods of the *Highway Capacity Manual*. The proportion of total signal time needed by each key movement is determined and compared to the total time available (100 percent of the hour). The result of summing the requirements of the conflicting key movements plus an allowance for clearance times is expressed as a decimal fraction. Conflicting key traffic movements are those opposing movements whose combined green time requirements are greatest.

The resulting ICU represents the proportion of the total hour required to accommodate intersection demand volumes if the key conflicting traffic movements are operating at capacity. Other movements may be operating near capacity, or may be operating at significantly better levels. The ICU may be translated to a Level of Service as tabulated below.

The Levels of Service (abbreviated from the *Highway Capacity Manual*) are listed here with their corresponding ICU and Load Factor equivalents. Load Factor is that proportion of the signal cycles during the peak hour which are fully loaded; i.e. when all of the vehicles waiting at the beginning of green are not able to clear on that green phase.

Intersection Capacity Utilization Characteristics		
Level of Service	Load Factor	Equivalent ICU
A	0.0	0.00 - 0.60
B	0.0 - 0.1	0.61 - 0.70
C	0.1 - 0.3	0.71 - 0.80
D	0.3 - 0.7	0.81 - 0.90
E	0.7 - 1.0	0.91 - 1.00
F	Not Applicable	Not Applicable

### SERVICE LEVEL A

There are no loaded cycles and few are even close to loaded at this service level. No approach phase is fully utilized by traffic and no vehicle waits longer than one red indication.

### SERVICE LEVEL B

This level represents stable operation where an occasional approach phase is fully utilized and a substantial number are approaching full use. Many drivers begin to feel restricted within platoons of vehicles.

### SERVICE LEVEL C

At this level stable operation continues. Loading is still intermittent but more frequent than at Level B. Occasionally drivers may have to wait through more than one red signal indication and backups may develop behind turning vehicles. Most drivers feel somewhat restricted, but not objectionably so.

### SERVICE LEVEL D

This level encompasses a zone of increasing restriction approaching instability at the intersection. Delays to approaching vehicles may be substantial during short peaks within the peak hour, but enough cycles with lower demand occur to permit periodic clearance of queues, thus preventing excessive backups. Drivers frequently have to wait through more than one red signal. This level is the lower limit of acceptable operation to most drivers.

### SERVICE LEVEL E

This represents near capacity and capacity operation. At capacity (ICU = 1.0) it represents the most vehicles that the particular intersection can accommodate. However, full utilization of every signal cycle is seldom attained no matter how great the demand. At this level all drivers wait through more than one red signal, and frequently through several.

### SERVICE LEVEL F

Jammed conditions. Traffic backed up from a downstream location on one of the street restricts or prevents movement of traffic through the intersection under consideration.

## LEVEL OF SERVICE FOR UNSIGNALIZED INTERSECTIONS

In the *Highway Capacity Manual (HCM)*, published by the Transportation Research Board, 2000, level of service for unsignalized intersections is defined in terms of delay, which is a measure of driver discomfort, frustration, fuel consumption, and lost travel time. The delay experienced by a motorist is made up of a number of factors that relate to control, geometrics, traffic, and incidents. Total delay is the difference between the travel time actually experienced and the reference travel time that would result during base conditions, in the absence of incidents, control, traffic, or geometric delay. Only the portion of total delay attributed to the traffic control measures, either traffic signals or stop signs, is quantified. This delay is called *control delay*. Control delay includes initial deceleration delay, queue move-up time, stopped delay, and final acceleration delay.

Level of Service criteria for unsignalized intersections are stated in terms of the average control delay per vehicle. The level of service is determined by the computed or measured control delay and is defined for each minor movement. Average control delay for any particular minor movement is a function of the service time for the approach and the degree of utilization. (Level of service is not defined for the intersection as a whole for two-way stop controlled intersections.)

Level of Service Criteria for TWSC/AWSC Intersections	
Level of Service	Average Control Delay (Sec/Veh)
A	$\leq 10$
B	$> 10$ and $\leq 15$
C	$> 15$ and $\leq 25$
D	$> 25$ and $\leq 35$
E	$> 35$ and $\leq 50$
F	$> 50$

Level of Service (LOS) values are used to describe intersection operations with service levels varying from LOS A (free flow) to LOS F (jammed condition). The following descriptions summarize *HCM* criteria for each level of service:

**LOS A** describes operations with very low control delay, up to 10 seconds per vehicle.

**LOS B** describes operations with control delay greater than 10 and up to 15 seconds per vehicle.

**LOS C** describes operations with control delay greater than 15 and up to 25 seconds per vehicle.

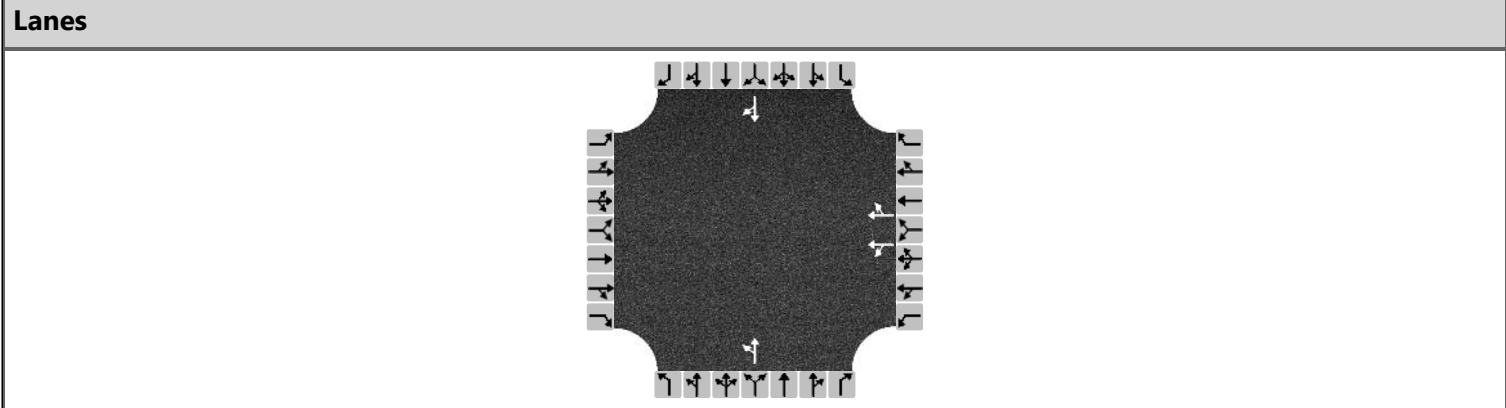
**LOS D** describes operations with control delay greater than 25 and up to 35 seconds per vehicle.

**LOS E** describes operations with control delay greater than 35 and up to 50 seconds per vehicle.

**LOS F** describes operations with control delay in excess of 50 seconds per vehicle. For two-way stop controlled intersections, LOS F exists when there are insufficient gaps of suitable size to allow side-street demand to safely cross through a major-street traffic stream. This level of service is generally evident from extremely long control delays experienced by side-street traffic and by queuing on the minor-street approaches.

# HCS7 All-Way Stop Control Report

General Information		Site Information	
Analyst	DR	Intersection	Int-1
Agency/Co.	LLG Engineers	Jurisdiction	City of Monrovia
Date Performed	9/26/2018	East/West Street	Central Avenue
Analysis Year	2018	North/South Street	Magnolia Avenue
Analysis Time Period (hrs)	0.25	Peak Hour Factor	0.92
Time Analyzed	AM PH - Existing		
Project Description	123 Pomona Project/1-184299-1		



**Vehicle Volume and Adjustments**

Approach	Eastbound			Westbound			Northbound			Southbound		
	L	T	R	L	T	R	L	T	R	L	T	R
Movement												
Volume				97	260	36	24	239			287	9
% Thrus in Shared Lane				50		50						
Lane	L1	L2	L3	L1	L2	L3	L1	L2	L3	L1	L2	L3
Configuration				LT	TR		LT			TR		
Flow Rate, v (veh/h)				247	180		286			322		
Percent Heavy Vehicles				2	2		2			2		

**Departure Headway and Service Time**

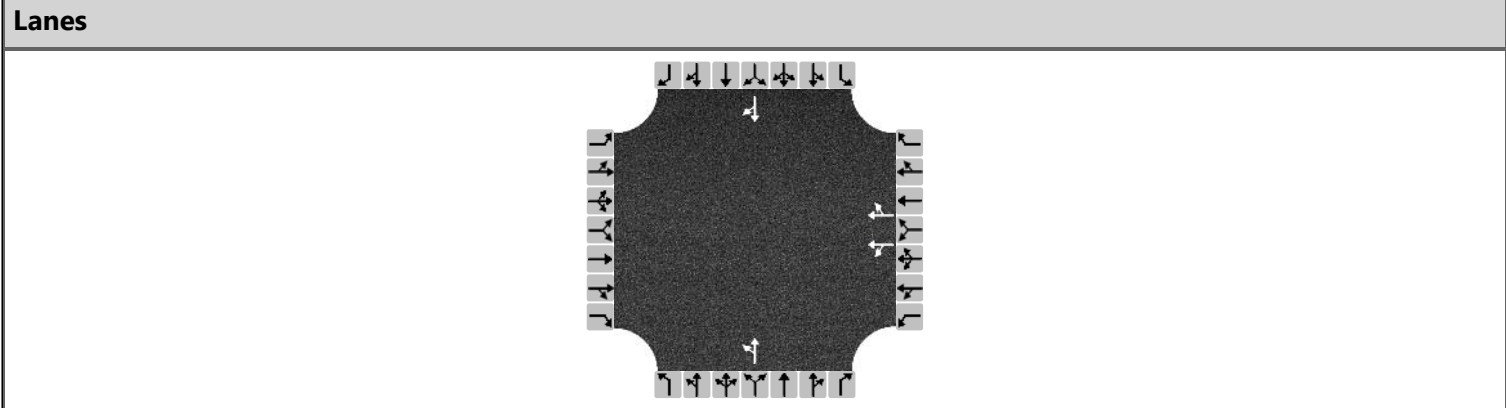
Initial Departure Headway, hd (s)				3.20	3.20		3.20			3.20		
Initial Degree of Utilization, x				0.219	0.160		0.254			0.286		
Final Departure Headway, hd (s)				6.43	6.06		5.67			5.58		
Final Degree of Utilization, x				0.441	0.304		0.450			0.499		
Move-Up Time, m (s)				2.3	2.3		2.0			2.0		
Service Time, ts (s)				4.13	3.76		3.67			3.58		

**Capacity, Delay and Level of Service**

Flow Rate, v (veh/h)				247	180		286			322		
Capacity				560	594		635			645		
95% Queue Length, Q <sub>95</sub> (veh)				2.2	1.3		2.3			2.8		
Control Delay (s/veh)				14.1	11.4		13.2			14.0		
Level of Service, LOS				B	B		B			B		
Approach Delay (s/veh)				12.9			13.2			14.0		
Approach LOS				B			B			B		
Intersection Delay, s/veh   LOS	13.4						B					

# HCS7 All-Way Stop Control Report

General Information		Site Information	
Analyst	DR	Intersection	Int-1
Agency/Co.	LLG Engineers	Jurisdiction	City of Monrovia
Date Performed	9/26/2018	East/West Street	Central Avenue
Analysis Year	2018	North/South Street	Magnolia Avenue
Analysis Time Period (hrs)	0.25	Peak Hour Factor	0.92
Time Analyzed	PM PH - Existing		
Project Description	123 Pomona Project/1-184299-1		



**Vehicle Volume and Adjustments**

Approach	Eastbound			Westbound			Northbound			Southbound		
	L	T	R	L	T	R	L	T	R	L	T	R
Movement												
Volume				128	146	72	30	281			311	10
% Thrus in Shared Lane				50		50						
Lane	L1	L2	L3	L1	L2	L3	L1	L2	L3	L1	L2	L3
Configuration				LT	TR		LT			TR		
Flow Rate, v (veh/h)				218	158		338				349	
Percent Heavy Vehicles				2	2		2			2		

**Departure Headway and Service Time**

Initial Departure Headway, hd (s)				3.20	3.20		3.20			3.20		
Initial Degree of Utilization, x				0.194	0.140		0.300			0.310		
Final Departure Headway, hd (s)				6.72	6.05		5.62			5.56		
Final Degree of Utilization, x				0.408	0.265		0.527			0.539		
Move-Up Time, m (s)				2.3	2.3		2.0			2.0		
Service Time, ts (s)				4.42	3.75		3.62			3.56		

**Capacity, Delay and Level of Service**

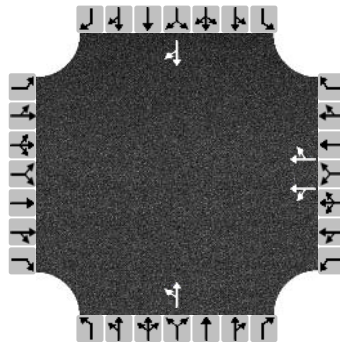
Flow Rate, v (veh/h)				218	158		338			349		
Capacity				535	595		641			647		
95% Queue Length, Q <sub>95</sub> (veh)				2.0	1.1		3.1			3.2		
Control Delay (s/veh)				14.0	10.9		14.7			14.9		
Level of Service, LOS				B	B		B			B		
Approach Delay (s/veh)				12.7			14.7			14.9		
Approach LOS				B			B			B		
Intersection Delay, s/veh   LOS	14.1						B					



# HCS7 All-Way Stop Control Report

General Information		Site Information	
Analyst	DR	Intersection	Int-1
Agency/Co.	LLG Engineers	Jurisdiction	City of Monrovia
Date Performed	3/13/2019	East/West Street	Central Avenue
Analysis Year	2018	North/South Street	Magnolia Avenue
Analysis Time Period (hrs)	0.25	Peak Hour Factor	0.92
Time Analyzed	AM PH - Existing + Proj		
Project Description	123 Pomona Project/1-184299-1		

## Lanes



## Vehicle Volume and Adjustments

Approach	Eastbound			Westbound			Northbound			Southbound		
	L	T	R	L	T	R	L	T	R	L	T	R
Movement												
Volume				97	260	36	24	239			289	9
% Thrus in Shared Lane				50		50						
Lane	L1	L2	L3	L1	L2	L3	L1	L2	L3	L1	L2	L3
Configuration				LT	TR		LT			TR		
Flow Rate, v (veh/h)				247	180		286			324		
Percent Heavy Vehicles				2	2		2			2		

## Departure Headway and Service Time

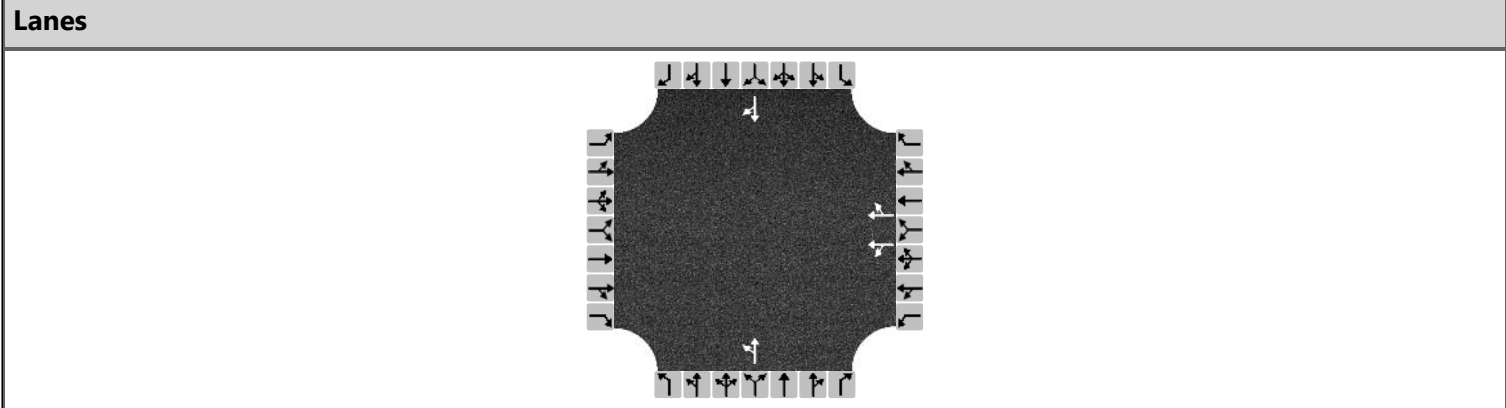
Initial Departure Headway, hd (s)				3.20	3.20		3.20			3.20		
Initial Degree of Utilization, x				0.219	0.160		0.254			0.288		
Final Departure Headway, hd (s)				6.44	6.07		5.67			5.58		
Final Degree of Utilization, x				0.441	0.304		0.451			0.502		
Move-Up Time, m (s)				2.3	2.3		2.0			2.0		
Service Time, ts (s)				4.14	3.77		3.67			3.58		

## Capacity, Delay and Level of Service

Flow Rate, v (veh/h)				247	180		286			324		
Capacity				559	593		634			645		
95% Queue Length, Q <sub>95</sub> (veh)				2.2	1.3		2.3			2.8		
Control Delay (s/veh)				14.1	11.4		13.2			14.1		
Level of Service, LOS				B	B		B			B		
Approach Delay (s/veh)				13.0			13.2			14.1		
Approach LOS				B			B			B		
Intersection Delay, s/veh   LOS	13.4						B					

# HCS7 All-Way Stop Control Report

General Information		Site Information	
Analyst	DR	Intersection	Int-1
Agency/Co.	LLG Engineers	Jurisdiction	City of Monrovia
Date Performed	3/13/2019	East/West Street	Central Avenue
Analysis Year	2018	North/South Street	Magnolia Avenue
Analysis Time Period (hrs)	0.25	Peak Hour Factor	0.92
Time Analyzed	PM PH - Existing + Proj		
Project Description	123 Pomona Project/1-184299-1		



**Vehicle Volume and Adjustments**

Approach	Eastbound			Westbound			Northbound			Southbound		
	L	T	R	L	T	R	L	T	R	L	T	R
Movement												
Volume				128	146	72	30	282			321	10
% Thrus in Shared Lane				50		50						
Lane	L1	L2	L3	L1	L2	L3	L1	L2	L3	L1	L2	L3
Configuration				LT	TR		LT			TR		
Flow Rate, v (veh/h)				218	158		339			360		
Percent Heavy Vehicles				2	2		2			2		

**Departure Headway and Service Time**

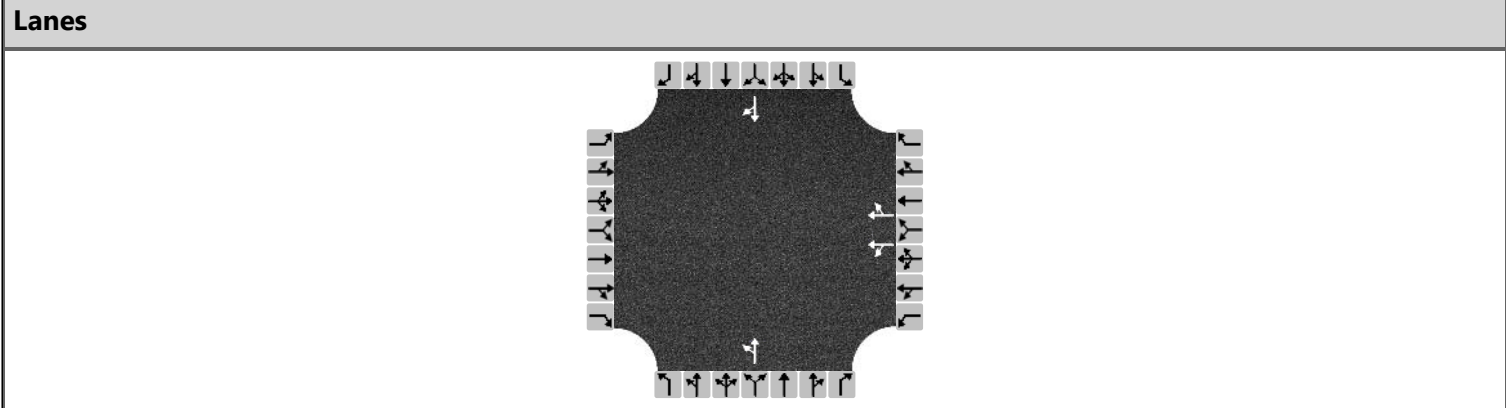
Initial Departure Headway, hd (s)				3.20	3.20		3.20			3.20		
Initial Degree of Utilization, x				0.194	0.140		0.301			0.320		
Final Departure Headway, hd (s)				6.76	6.08		5.64			5.57		
Final Degree of Utilization, x				0.410	0.266		0.531			0.557		
Move-Up Time, m (s)				2.3	2.3		2.0			2.0		
Service Time, ts (s)				4.46	3.78		3.64			3.57		

**Capacity, Delay and Level of Service**

Flow Rate, v (veh/h)				218	158		339			360		
Capacity				533	592		638			646		
95% Queue Length, Q <sub>95</sub> (veh)				2.0	1.1		3.1			3.4		
Control Delay (s/veh)				14.1	11.0		14.9			15.4		
Level of Service, LOS				B	B		B			C		
Approach Delay (s/veh)				12.8			14.9			15.4		
Approach LOS				B			B			C		
Intersection Delay, s/veh   LOS	14.3						B					

# HCS7 All-Way Stop Control Report

General Information		Site Information	
Analyst	DR	Intersection	Int-1
Agency/Co.	LLG Engineers	Jurisdiction	City of Monrovia
Date Performed	3/13/2019	East/West Street	Central Avenue
Analysis Year	2022	North/South Street	Magnolia Avenue
Analysis Time Period (hrs)	0.25	Peak Hour Factor	0.92
Time Analyzed	AM PH - Future Pre-Proj		
Project Description	123 Pomona Project/1-184299-1		



**Vehicle Volume and Adjustments**

Approach	Eastbound			Westbound			Northbound			Southbound		
	L	T	R	L	T	R	L	T	R	L	T	R
Movement												
Volume				102	270	37	30	339			317	9
% Thrus in Shared Lane				50		50						
Lane	L1	L2	L3	L1	L2	L3	L1	L2	L3	L1	L2	L3
Configuration				LT	TR		LT			TR		
Flow Rate, v (veh/h)				258	187		401			354		
Percent Heavy Vehicles				2	2		2			2		

**Departure Headway and Service Time**

Initial Departure Headway, hd (s)				3.20	3.20		3.20			3.20		
Initial Degree of Utilization, x				0.229	0.166		0.357			0.315		
Final Departure Headway, hd (s)				6.88	6.51		5.87			5.92		
Final Degree of Utilization, x				0.493	0.338		0.654			0.583		
Move-Up Time, m (s)				2.3	2.3		2.0			2.0		
Service Time, ts (s)				4.58	4.21		3.87			3.92		

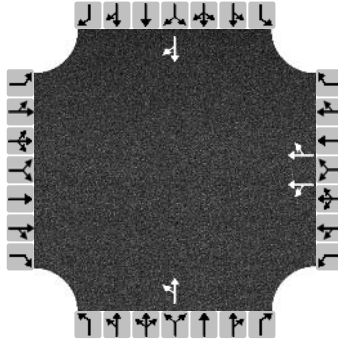
**Capacity, Delay and Level of Service**

Flow Rate, v (veh/h)				258	187		401			354		
Capacity				523	553		613			608		
95% Queue Length, Q <sub>95</sub> (veh)				2.7	1.5		4.8			3.7		
Control Delay (s/veh)				16.1	12.5		19.3			16.9		
Level of Service, LOS				C	B		C			C		
Approach Delay (s/veh)				14.6			19.3			16.9		
Approach LOS				B			C			C		
Intersection Delay, s/veh   LOS	16.8						C					

# HCS7 All-Way Stop Control Report

General Information		Site Information	
Analyst	DR	Intersection	Int-1
Agency/Co.	LLG Engineers	Jurisdiction	City of Monrovia
Date Performed	3/13/2019	East/West Street	Central Avenue
Analysis Year	2022	North/South Street	Magnolia Avenue
Analysis Time Period (hrs)	0.25	Peak Hour Factor	0.92
Time Analyzed	PM PH - Future Pre-Proj		
Project Description	123 Pomona Project/1-184299-1		

## Lanes



## Vehicle Volume and Adjustments

Approach	Eastbound			Westbound			Northbound			Southbound		
	L	T	R	L	T	R	L	T	R	L	T	R
Movement												
Volume				158	153	74	33	336			390	10
% Thrus in Shared Lane				50		50						
Lane	L1	L2	L3	L1	L2	L3	L1	L2	L3	L1	L2	L3
Configuration				LT	TR		LT			TR		
Flow Rate, v (veh/h)				255	164		401			435		
Percent Heavy Vehicles				2	2		2			2		

## Departure Headway and Service Time

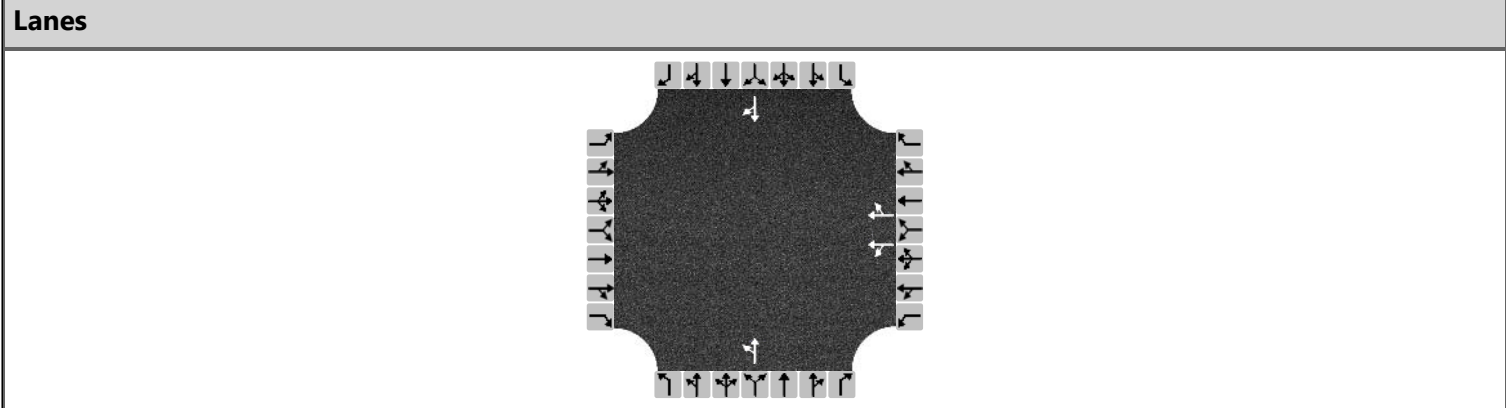
Initial Departure Headway, hd (s)				3.20	3.20		3.20			3.20		
Initial Degree of Utilization, x				0.227	0.145		0.357			0.386		
Final Departure Headway, hd (s)				7.23	6.53		6.01			5.92		
Final Degree of Utilization, x				0.512	0.297		0.669			0.715		
Move-Up Time, m (s)				2.3	2.3		2.0			2.0		
Service Time, ts (s)				4.93	4.23		4.01			3.92		

## Capacity, Delay and Level of Service

Flow Rate, v (veh/h)				255	164		401			435		
Capacity				498	551		599			608		
95% Queue Length, Q <sub>95</sub> (veh)				2.9	1.2		5.0			5.9		
Control Delay (s/veh)				17.3	12.0		20.3			22.4		
Level of Service, LOS				C	B		C			C		
Approach Delay (s/veh)				15.2			20.3			22.4		
Approach LOS				C			C			C		
Intersection Delay, s/veh   LOS	19.3						C					

# HCS7 All-Way Stop Control Report

General Information		Site Information	
Analyst	DR	Intersection	Int-1
Agency/Co.	LLG Engineers	Jurisdiction	City of Monrovia
Date Performed	3/13/2019	East/West Street	Central Avenue
Analysis Year	2022	North/South Street	Magnolia Avenue
Analysis Time Period (hrs)	0.25	Peak Hour Factor	0.92
Time Analyzed	AM PH - Future W/Project		
Project Description	123 Pomona Project/1-184299-1		



**Vehicle Volume and Adjustments**

Approach	Eastbound			Westbound			Northbound			Southbound		
	L	T	R	L	T	R	L	T	R	L	T	R
Movement												
Volume				102	270	37	30	339			319	9
% Thrus in Shared Lane				50		50						
Lane	L1	L2	L3	L1	L2	L3	L1	L2	L3	L1	L2	L3
Configuration				LT	TR		LT			TR		
Flow Rate, v (veh/h)				258	187		401				357	
Percent Heavy Vehicles				2	2		2			2		

**Departure Headway and Service Time**

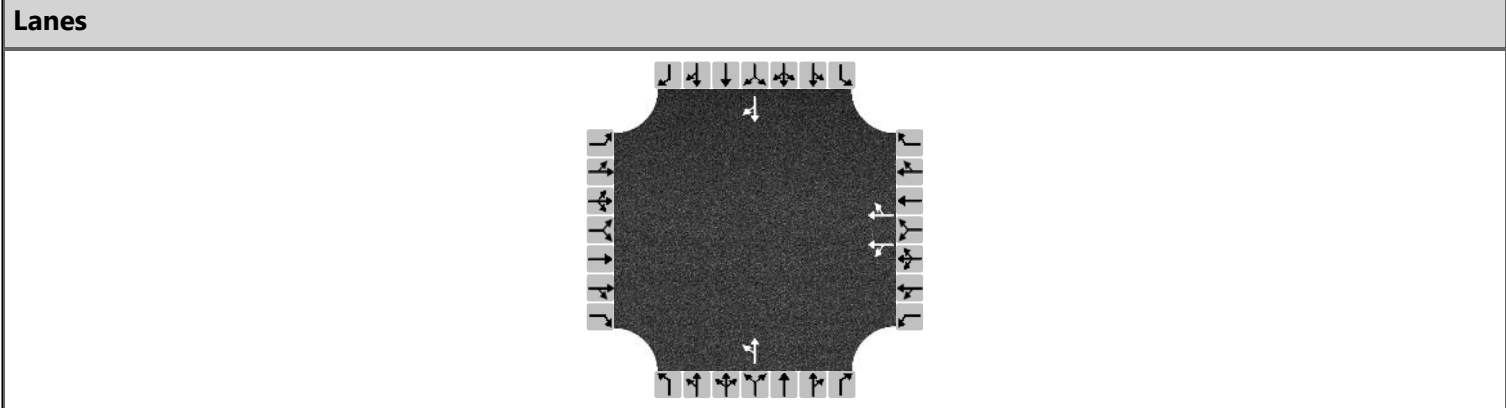
Initial Departure Headway, hd (s)				3.20	3.20		3.20			3.20		
Initial Degree of Utilization, x				0.229	0.166		0.357			0.317		
Final Departure Headway, hd (s)				6.89	6.52		5.88			5.92		
Final Degree of Utilization, x				0.493	0.338		0.655			0.587		
Move-Up Time, m (s)				2.3	2.3		2.0			2.0		
Service Time, ts (s)				4.59	4.22		3.88			3.92		

**Capacity, Delay and Level of Service**

Flow Rate, v (veh/h)				258	187		401			357		
Capacity				523	552		612			608		
95% Queue Length, Q <sub>95</sub> (veh)				2.7	1.5		4.8			3.8		
Control Delay (s/veh)				16.1	12.5		19.3			17.0		
Level of Service, LOS				C	B		C			C		
Approach Delay (s/veh)				14.6			19.3			17.0		
Approach LOS				B			C			C		
Intersection Delay, s/veh   LOS	16.9						C					

# HCS7 All-Way Stop Control Report

General Information		Site Information	
Analyst	DR	Intersection	Int-1
Agency/Co.	LLG Engineers	Jurisdiction	City of Monrovia
Date Performed	3/13/2019	East/West Street	Central Avenue
Analysis Year	2022	North/South Street	Magnolia Avenue
Analysis Time Period (hrs)	0.25	Peak Hour Factor	0.92
Time Analyzed	PM PH - Future W/Project		
Project Description	123 Pomona Project/1-184299-1		



**Vehicle Volume and Adjustments**

Approach	Eastbound			Westbound			Northbound			Southbound		
	L	T	R	L	T	R	L	T	R	L	T	R
Movement												
Volume				158	153	74	33	337			400	10
% Thrus in Shared Lane				50		50						
Lane	L1	L2	L3	L1	L2	L3	L1	L2	L3	L1	L2	L3
Configuration				LT	TR		LT			TR		
Flow Rate, v (veh/h)				255	164		402			446		
Percent Heavy Vehicles				2	2		2			2		

**Departure Headway and Service Time**

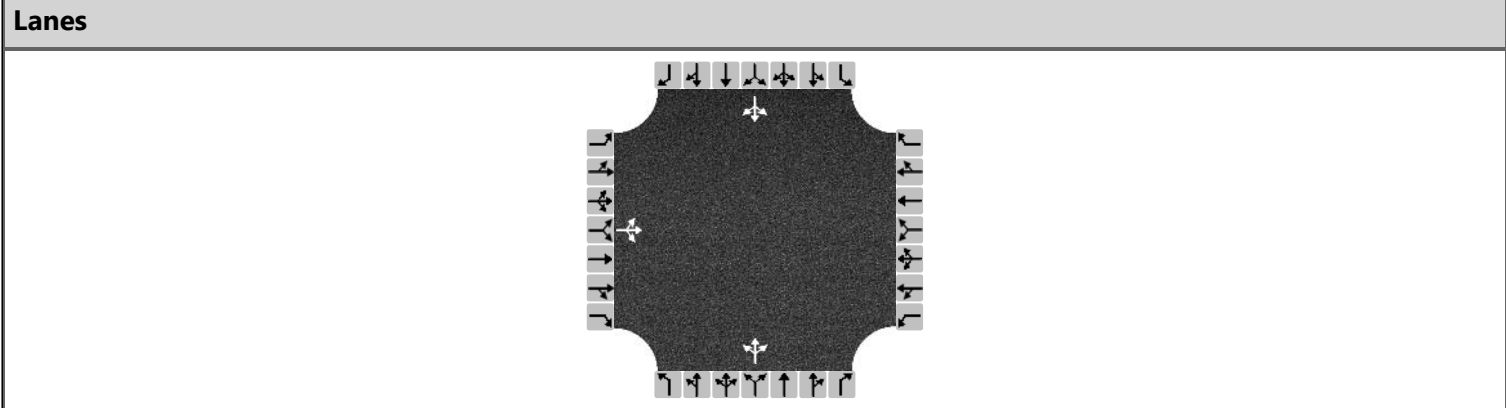
Initial Departure Headway, hd (s)				3.20	3.20		3.20			3.20		
Initial Degree of Utilization, x				0.227	0.145		0.357			0.396		
Final Departure Headway, hd (s)				7.26	6.57		6.03			5.93		
Final Degree of Utilization, x				0.514	0.298		0.674			0.734		
Move-Up Time, m (s)				2.3	2.3		2.0			2.0		
Service Time, ts (s)				4.96	4.27		4.03			3.93		

**Capacity, Delay and Level of Service**

Flow Rate, v (veh/h)				255	164		402			446		
Capacity				496	548		597			607		
95% Queue Length, Q <sub>95</sub> (veh)				2.9	1.2		5.1			6.3		
Control Delay (s/veh)				17.4	12.0		20.6			23.5		
Level of Service, LOS				C	B		C			C		
Approach Delay (s/veh)				15.3			20.6			23.5		
Approach LOS				C			C			C		
Intersection Delay, s/veh   LOS	19.9						C					

# HCS7 All-Way Stop Control Report

General Information		Site Information	
Analyst	DR	Intersection	Int-2
Agency/Co.	LLG Engineers	Jurisdiction	City of Monrovia
Date Performed	9/26/2018	East/West Street	Evergreen Avenue
Analysis Year	2018	North/South Street	Magnolia Avenue
Analysis Time Period (hrs)	0.25	Peak Hour Factor	0.92
Time Analyzed	AM PH - Existing		
Project Description	123 Pomona Project/1-184299-1		



**Vehicle Volume and Adjustments**

Approach	Eastbound			Westbound			Northbound			Southbound		
	L	T	R	L	T	R	L	T	R	L	T	R
Movement												
Volume	17	162	22				36	249	81	119	252	20
% Thrus in Shared Lane												
Lane	L1	L2	L3	L1	L2	L3	L1	L2	L3	L1	L2	L3
Configuration	LTR						LTR			LTR		
Flow Rate, v (veh/h)	218						398			425		
Percent Heavy Vehicles	2						2			2		

**Departure Headway and Service Time**

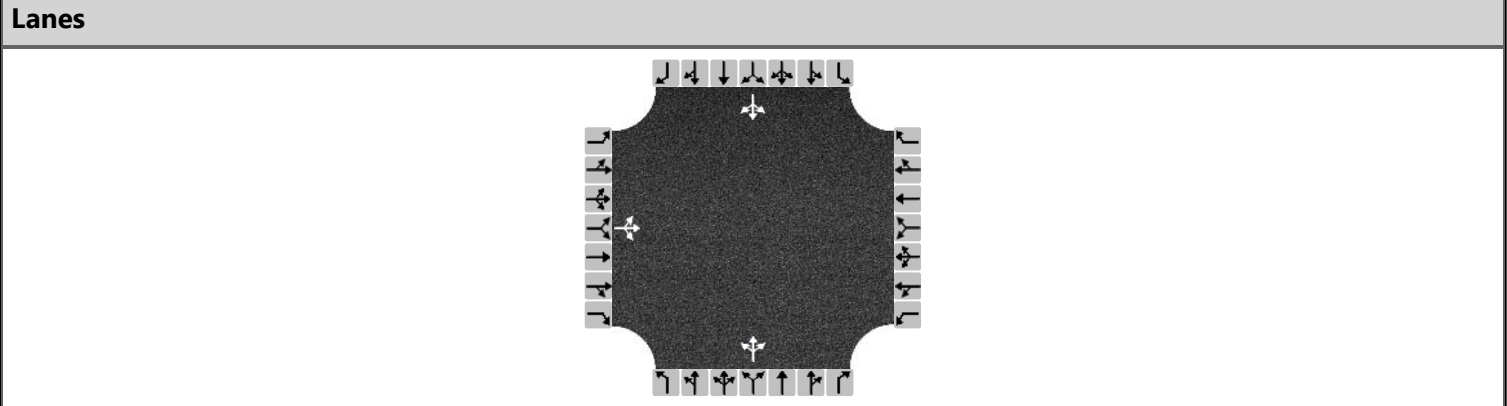
Initial Departure Headway, hd (s)	3.20						3.20			3.20		
Initial Degree of Utilization, x	0.194						0.354			0.378		
Final Departure Headway, hd (s)	5.93						5.13			5.22		
Final Degree of Utilization, x	0.360						0.566			0.616		
Move-Up Time, m (s)	2.0						2.0			2.0		
Service Time, ts (s)	3.93						3.13			3.22		

**Capacity, Delay and Level of Service**

Flow Rate, v (veh/h)	218						398			425		
Capacity	607						702			689		
95% Queue Length, Q <sub>95</sub> (veh)	1.6						3.6			4.3		
Control Delay (s/veh)	12.2						14.6			16.2		
Level of Service, LOS	B						B			C		
Approach Delay (s/veh)	12.2						14.6			16.2		
Approach LOS	B						B			C		
Intersection Delay, s/veh   LOS	14.8						B					

# HCS7 All-Way Stop Control Report

General Information		Site Information	
Analyst	DR	Intersection	Int-2
Agency/Co.	LLG Engineers	Jurisdiction	City of Monrovia
Date Performed	9/26/2018	East/West Street	Evergreen Avenue
Analysis Year	2018	North/South Street	Magnolia Avenue
Analysis Time Period (hrs)	0.25	Peak Hour Factor	0.92
Time Analyzed	PM PH - Existing		
Project Description	123 Pomona Project/1-184299-1		



Approach	Eastbound			Westbound			Northbound			Southbound		
	L	T	R	L	T	R	L	T	R	L	T	R
Movement												
Volume	25	168	23				13	285	88	64	347	12
% Thrus in Shared Lane												
Lane	L1	L2	L3	L1	L2	L3	L1	L2	L3	L1	L2	L3
Configuration	LTR						LTR			LTR		
Flow Rate, v (veh/h)	235						420			460		
Percent Heavy Vehicles	2						2			2		

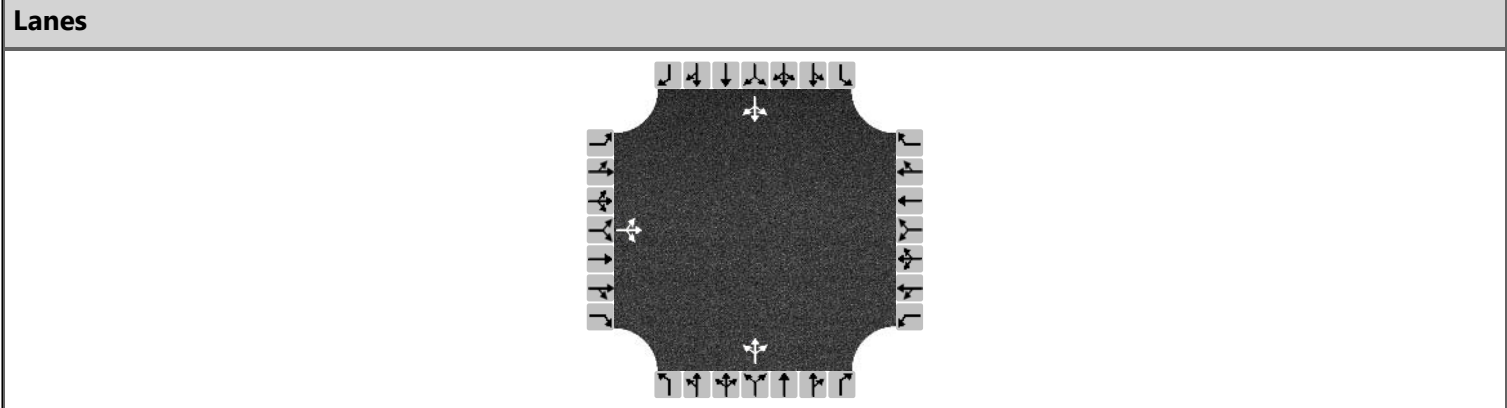
Departure Headway and Service Time												
Initial Departure Headway, hd (s)	3.20						3.20			3.20		
Initial Degree of Utilization, x	0.209						0.373			0.409		
Final Departure Headway, hd (s)	6.10						5.26			5.33		
Final Degree of Utilization, x	0.398						0.612			0.681		
Move-Up Time, m (s)	2.0						2.0			2.0		
Service Time, ts (s)	4.10						3.26			3.33		

Capacity, Delay and Level of Service												
Flow Rate, v (veh/h)	235						420			460		
Capacity	590						685			675		
95% Queue Length, Q <sub>95</sub> (veh)	1.9						4.2			5.3		
Control Delay (s/veh)	13.1						16.2			18.9		
Level of Service, LOS	B						C			C		
Approach Delay (s/veh)	13.1						16.2			18.9		
Approach LOS	B						C			C		
Intersection Delay, s/veh   LOS	16.7						C					



# HCS7 All-Way Stop Control Report

General Information		Site Information	
Analyst	DR	Intersection	Int-2
Agency/Co.	LLG Engineers	Jurisdiction	City of Monrovia
Date Performed	3/13/2019	East/West Street	Evergreen Avenue
Analysis Year	2018	North/South Street	Magnolia Avenue
Analysis Time Period (hrs)	0.25	Peak Hour Factor	0.92
Time Analyzed	AM PH - Existing + Proj		
Project Description	123 Pomona Project/1-184299-1		



**Vehicle Volume and Adjustments**

Approach	Eastbound			Westbound			Northbound			Southbound		
	L	T	R	L	T	R	L	T	R	L	T	R
Movement												
Volume	17	162	22				36	249	81	121	252	20
% Thrus in Shared Lane												
Lane	L1	L2	L3	L1	L2	L3	L1	L2	L3	L1	L2	L3
Configuration	LTR						LTR				LTR	
Flow Rate, v (veh/h)	218						398				427	
Percent Heavy Vehicles	2						2				2	

**Departure Headway and Service Time**

Initial Departure Headway, hd (s)	3.20						3.20			3.20		
Initial Degree of Utilization, x	0.194						0.354			0.380		
Final Departure Headway, hd (s)	5.93						5.13			5.22		
Final Degree of Utilization, x	0.360						0.567			0.620		
Move-Up Time, m (s)	2.0						2.0			2.0		
Service Time, ts (s)	3.93						3.13			3.22		

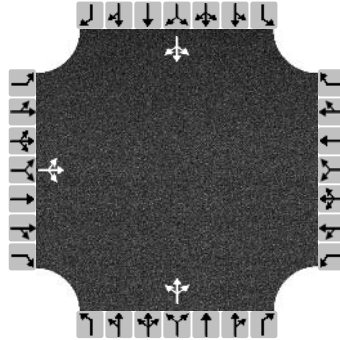
**Capacity, Delay and Level of Service**

Flow Rate, v (veh/h)	218						398			427		
Capacity	607						702			689		
95% Queue Length, Q <sub>95</sub> (veh)	1.6						3.6			4.3		
Control Delay (s/veh)	12.2						14.6			16.4		
Level of Service, LOS	B						B			C		
Approach Delay (s/veh)	12.2						14.6			16.4		
Approach LOS	B						B			C		
Intersection Delay, s/veh   LOS	14.8						B					

# HCS7 All-Way Stop Control Report

General Information		Site Information	
Analyst	DR	Intersection	Int-2
Agency/Co.	LLG Engineers	Jurisdiction	City of Monrovia
Date Performed	3/13/2019	East/West Street	Evergreen Avenue
Analysis Year	2018	North/South Street	Magnolia Avenue
Analysis Time Period (hrs)	0.25	Peak Hour Factor	0.92
Time Analyzed	PM PH - Existing + Proj		
Project Description	123 Pomona Project/1-184299-1		

## Lanes



## Vehicle Volume and Adjustments

Approach	Eastbound			Westbound			Northbound			Southbound		
	L	T	R	L	T	R	L	T	R	L	T	R
Movement												
Volume	25	168	23				13	286	88	74	347	12
% Thrus in Shared Lane												
Lane	L1	L2	L3	L1	L2	L3	L1	L2	L3	L1	L2	L3
Configuration	LTR						LTR			LTR		
Flow Rate, v (veh/h)	235						421			471		
Percent Heavy Vehicles	2						2			2		

## Departure Headway and Service Time

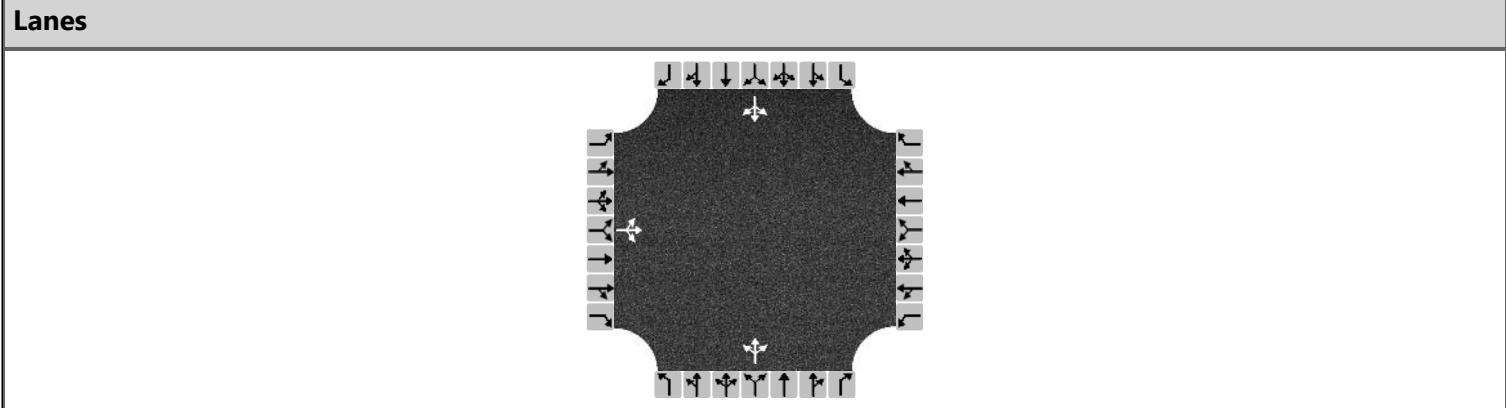
Initial Departure Headway, hd (s)	3.20						3.20			3.20		
Initial Degree of Utilization, x	0.209						0.374			0.418		
Final Departure Headway, hd (s)	6.14						5.28			5.35		
Final Degree of Utilization, x	0.400						0.617			0.699		
Move-Up Time, m (s)	2.0						2.0			2.0		
Service Time, ts (s)	4.14						3.28			3.35		

## Capacity, Delay and Level of Service

Flow Rate, v (veh/h)	235						421			471		
Capacity	587						682			674		
95% Queue Length, Q <sub>95</sub> (veh)	1.9						4.3			5.7		
Control Delay (s/veh)	13.2						16.4			19.8		
Level of Service, LOS	B						C			C		
Approach Delay (s/veh)	13.2						16.4			19.8		
Approach LOS	B						C			C		
Intersection Delay, s/veh   LOS	17.1						C					

# HCS7 All-Way Stop Control Report

General Information		Site Information	
Analyst	DR	Intersection	Int-2
Agency/Co.	LLG Engineers	Jurisdiction	City of Monrovia
Date Performed	3/13/2019	East/West Street	Evergreen Avenue
Analysis Year	2022	North/South Street	Magnolia Avenue
Analysis Time Period (hrs)	0.25	Peak Hour Factor	0.92
Time Analyzed	AM PH - Future Pre-Proj		
Project Description	123 Pomona Project/1-184299-1		



**Vehicle Volume and Adjustments**

Approach	Eastbound			Westbound			Northbound			Southbound		
	L	T	R	L	T	R	L	T	R	L	T	R
Movement												
Volume	44	195	23				39	327	91	132	271	23
% Thrus in Shared Lane												
Lane	L1	L2	L3	L1	L2	L3	L1	L2	L3	L1	L2	L3
Configuration	LTR						LTR			LTR		
Flow Rate, v (veh/h)	285						497			463		
Percent Heavy Vehicles	2						2			2		

**Departure Headway and Service Time**

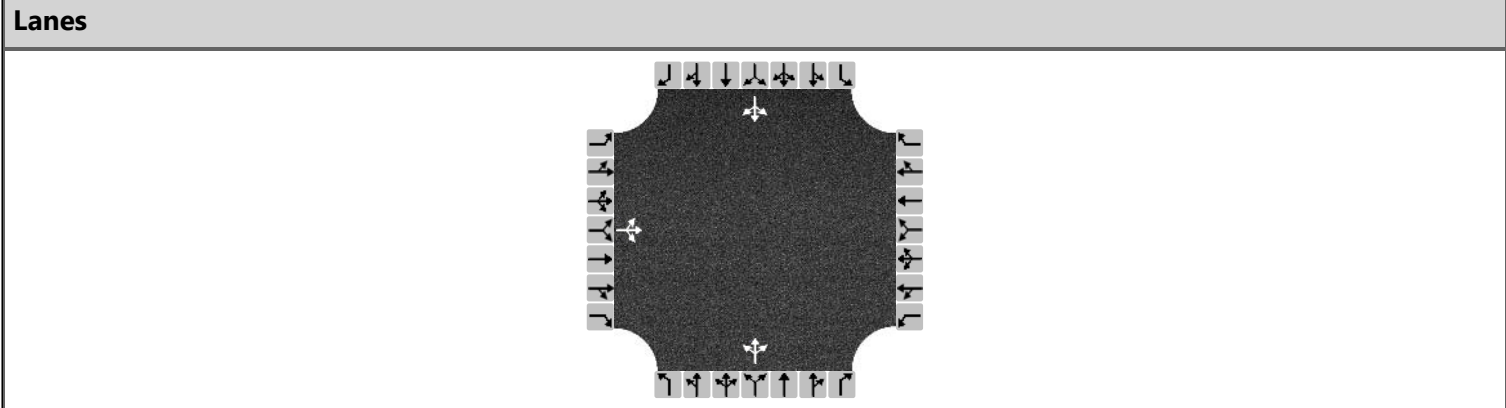
Initial Departure Headway, hd (s)	3.20						3.20			3.20		
Initial Degree of Utilization, x	0.253						0.442			0.412		
Final Departure Headway, hd (s)	6.43						5.59			5.75		
Final Degree of Utilization, x	0.509						0.771			0.740		
Move-Up Time, m (s)	2.0						2.0			2.0		
Service Time, ts (s)	4.43						3.59			3.75		

**Capacity, Delay and Level of Service**

Flow Rate, v (veh/h)	285						497			463		
Capacity	559						644			626		
95% Queue Length, Q <sub>95</sub> (veh)	2.9						7.2			6.5		
Control Delay (s/veh)	15.9						24.8			23.3		
Level of Service, LOS	C						C			C		
Approach Delay (s/veh)	15.9						24.8			23.3		
Approach LOS	C						C			C		
Intersection Delay, s/veh   LOS	22.2						C					

# HCS7 All-Way Stop Control Report

General Information		Site Information	
Analyst	DR	Intersection	Int-2
Agency/Co.	LLG Engineers	Jurisdiction	City of Monrovia
Date Performed	3/13/2019	East/West Street	Evergreen Avenue
Analysis Year	2022	North/South Street	Magnolia Avenue
Analysis Time Period (hrs)	0.25	Peak Hour Factor	0.92
Time Analyzed	PM PH - Future Pre-Proj		
Project Description	123 Pomona Project/1-184299-1		



**Vehicle Volume and Adjustments**

Approach	Eastbound			Westbound			Northbound			Southbound		
	L	T	R	L	T	R	L	T	R	L	T	R
Movement												
Volume	38	190	24				39	330	94	95	399	38
% Thrus in Shared Lane												
Lane	L1	L2	L3	L1	L2	L3	L1	L2	L3	L1	L2	L3
Configuration	LTR						LTR			LTR		
Flow Rate, v (veh/h)	274						503			578		
Percent Heavy Vehicles	2						2			2		

**Departure Headway and Service Time**

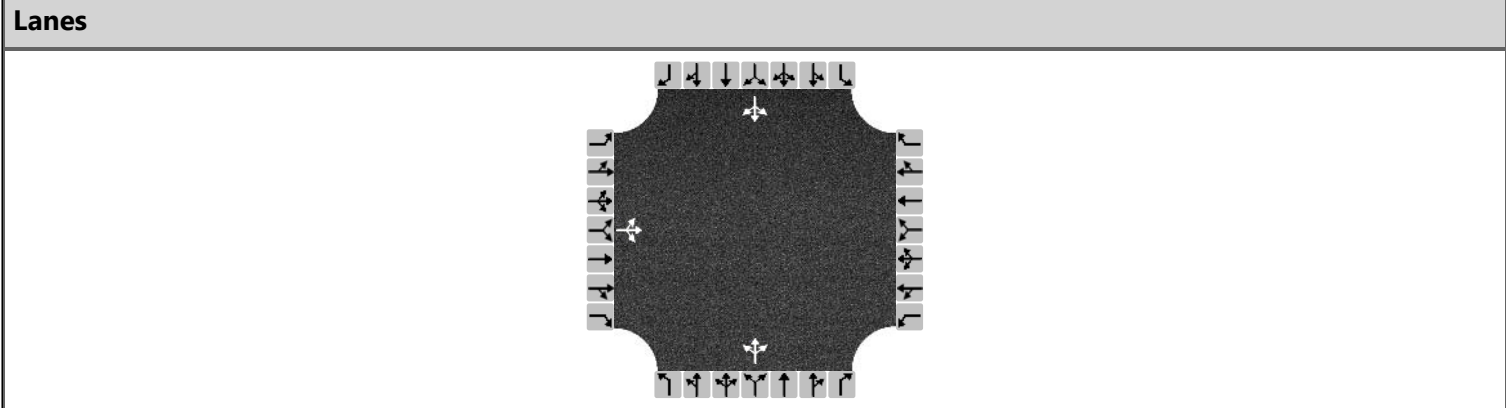
Initial Departure Headway, hd (s)	3.20						3.20			3.20		
Initial Degree of Utilization, x	0.243						0.447			0.514		
Final Departure Headway, hd (s)	6.74						5.78			5.76		
Final Degree of Utilization, x	0.512						0.808			0.925		
Move-Up Time, m (s)	2.0						2.0			2.0		
Service Time, ts (s)	4.74						3.78			3.76		

**Capacity, Delay and Level of Service**

Flow Rate, v (veh/h)	274						503			578		
Capacity	534						623			625		
95% Queue Length, Q <sub>95</sub> (veh)	2.9						8.2			12.1		
Control Delay (s/veh)	16.6						28.6			43.6		
Level of Service, LOS	C						D			E		
Approach Delay (s/veh)	16.6						28.6			43.6		
Approach LOS	C						D			E		
Intersection Delay, s/veh   LOS	32.6						D					

# HCS7 All-Way Stop Control Report

General Information		Site Information	
Analyst	DR	Intersection	Int-2
Agency/Co.	LLG Engineers	Jurisdiction	City of Monrovia
Date Performed	3/13/2019	East/West Street	Evergreen Avenue
Analysis Year	2022	North/South Street	Magnolia Avenue
Analysis Time Period (hrs)	0.25	Peak Hour Factor	0.92
Time Analyzed	AM PH - Future W/Project		
Project Description	123 Pomona Project/1-184299-1		



**Vehicle Volume and Adjustments**

Approach	Eastbound			Westbound			Northbound			Southbound		
	L	T	R	L	T	R	L	T	R	L	T	R
Movement												
Volume	44	195	23				39	327	91	134	271	23
% Thrus in Shared Lane												
Lane	L1	L2	L3	L1	L2	L3	L1	L2	L3	L1	L2	L3
Configuration	LTR						LTR			LTR		
Flow Rate, v (veh/h)	285						497			465		
Percent Heavy Vehicles	2						2			2		

**Departure Headway and Service Time**

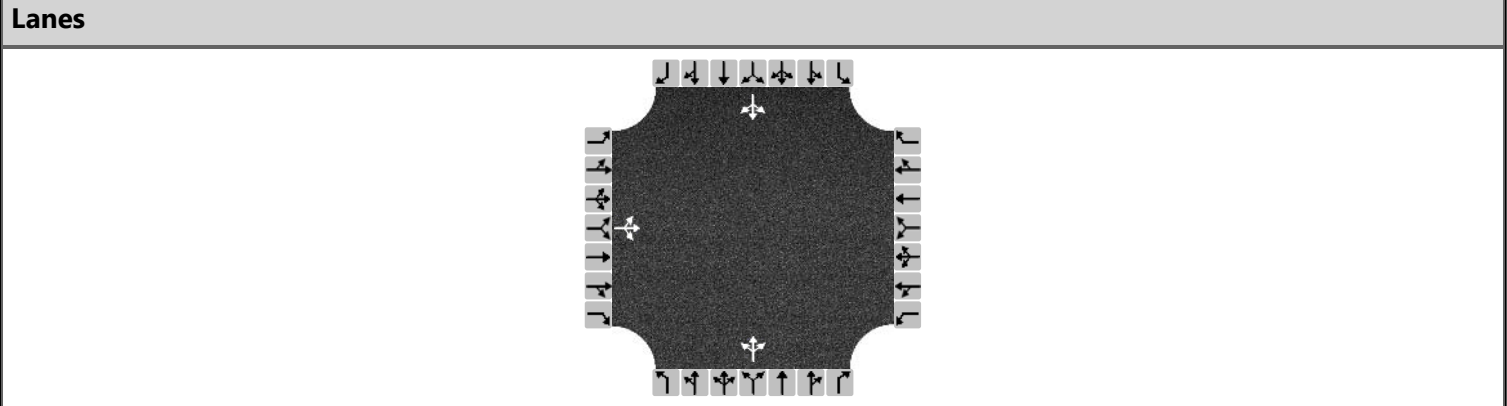
Initial Departure Headway, hd (s)	3.20						3.20			3.20		
Initial Degree of Utilization, x	0.253						0.442			0.414		
Final Departure Headway, hd (s)	6.44						5.59			5.76		
Final Degree of Utilization, x	0.510						0.772			0.744		
Move-Up Time, m (s)	2.0						2.0			2.0		
Service Time, ts (s)	4.44						3.59			3.76		

**Capacity, Delay and Level of Service**

Flow Rate, v (veh/h)	285						497			465		
Capacity	559						644			625		
95% Queue Length, Q <sub>95</sub> (veh)	2.9						7.3			6.6		
Control Delay (s/veh)	15.9						24.9			23.6		
Level of Service, LOS	C						C			C		
Approach Delay (s/veh)	15.9						24.9			23.6		
Approach LOS	C						C			C		
Intersection Delay, s/veh   LOS	22.3						C					

# HCS7 All-Way Stop Control Report

General Information		Site Information	
Analyst	DR	Intersection	Int-2
Agency/Co.	LLG Engineers	Jurisdiction	City of Monrovia
Date Performed	3/13/2019	East/West Street	Evergreen Avenue
Analysis Year	2022	North/South Street	Magnolia Avenue
Analysis Time Period (hrs)	0.25	Peak Hour Factor	0.92
Time Analyzed	PM PH - Future W/Project		
Project Description	123 Pomona Project/1-184299-1		



Approach	Eastbound			Westbound			Northbound			Southbound		
	L	T	R	L	T	R	L	T	R	L	T	R
Movement												
Volume	38	190	24				39	331	94	105	399	38
% Thrus in Shared Lane												
Lane	L1	L2	L3	L1	L2	L3	L1	L2	L3	L1	L2	L3
Configuration	LTR						LTR			LTR		
Flow Rate, v (veh/h)	274						504			589		
Percent Heavy Vehicles	2						2			2		

Departure Headway and Service Time												
Initial Departure Headway, hd (s)	3.20						3.20			3.20		
Initial Degree of Utilization, x	0.243						0.448			0.524		
Final Departure Headway, hd (s)	6.77						5.81			5.77		
Final Degree of Utilization, x	0.515						0.813			0.945		
Move-Up Time, m (s)	2.0						2.0			2.0		
Service Time, ts (s)	4.77						3.81			3.77		

Capacity, Delay and Level of Service												
Flow Rate, v (veh/h)	274						504			589		
Capacity	532						620			624		
95% Queue Length, Q <sub>95</sub> (veh)	2.9						8.3			12.9		
Control Delay (s/veh)	16.7						29.2			47.4		
Level of Service, LOS	C						D			E		
Approach Delay (s/veh)	16.7						29.2			47.4		
Approach LOS	C						D			E		
Intersection Delay, s/veh   LOS	34.5						D					

**LINSCOTT, LAW & GREENSPAN, ENGINEERS**  
 600 S. Lake Avenue, Ste 500, Pasadena 91106  
 (626) 796.2322 Fax (626) 792.0941

N-S St: Magnolia Avenue  
 E-W St: Duarte Road  
 Project: 123 W. Pomona Project/1-18-4299-1  
 File: ICU3

**INTERSECTION CAPACITY UTILIZATION**

Magnolia Avenue @ Duarte Road  
 Peak hr: PM  
 Annual Growth: 0.82%

Date: 3/12/2019  
 Date of Count: 2018  
 Projection Year: 2022

Movement	2018 EXISTING TRAFFIC			2018 EXISTING WITH PROJECT			2018 EXISTING W/ PROJECT + MITIGATION			2022 FUTURE PRE-PROJECT				2022 FUTURE WITH PROJECT						
	1 Volume	2 Capacity	V/C Ratio	Added Volume	Total Volume	2 Capacity	V/C Ratio	Added Volume	Total Volume	2 Capacity	V/C Ratio	Added Amb. Grow. Volume	Added Rel. Proj. Volume	Total Volume	2 Capacity	V/C Ratio	Added Volume	Total Volume	2 Capacity	V/C Ratio
NB Left	6	0	0.004	0	6	0	0.004	0	6	0	0.004	0	0	6	0	0.004	0	6	0	0.004
NB Thru	4	1600	0.009 *	0	4	1600	0.009 *	0	4	1600	0.009 *	0	0	4	1600	0.009 *	0	4	1600	0.009 *
NB Right	4	0	0.000	0	4	0	0.000	0	4	0	0.000	0	0	4	0	0.000	0	4	0	0.000
SB Left	192	0	0.120 *	0	192	0	0.120 *	0	192	0	0.120 *	6	6	204	0	0.128 *	0	204	0	0.128 *
SB Thru	1	1600	0.121	0	1	1600	0.121	0	1	1600	0.121	0	0	1	1600	0.128	0	1	1600	0.128
SB Right	186	1600	0.116	0	186	1600	0.116	0	186	1600	0.116	6	2	194	1600	0.121	0	194	1600	0.121
EB Left	249	1600	0.156 *	4	253	1600	0.158 *	0	253	1600	0.158 *	8	25	282	1600	0.176 *	4	286	1600	0.179 *
EB Thru	710	3200	0.222	0	710	3200	0.222	0	710	3200	0.222	24	87	821	3200	0.257	0	821	3200	0.257
EB Right	0	0	0.000	0	0	0	0.000	0	0	0	0.000	0	0	0	0	0.000	0	0	0	0.000
WB Left	2	1600	0.001	0	2	1600	0.001	0	2	1600	0.001	0	0	2	1600	0.001	0	2	1600	0.001
WB Thru	522	3200	0.206 *	2	524	3200	0.206 *	0	524	3200	0.206 *	17	98	637	3200	0.247 *	2	639	3200	0.248 *
WB Right	136	0	0.000	0	136	0	0.000	0	136	0	0.000	5	13	154	0	0.000	0	154	0	0.000
Yellow Allowance			0.100 *				0.100 *				0.100 *					0.100 *				0.100 *
ICU			0.590				0.593				0.593					0.660				0.663
LOS			A				A				A					B				B

\* Key conflicting movement as a part of ICU  
 1 Counts conducted by: NDS  
 2 Capacity expressed in veh/hour of green

**LINSCOTT, LAW & GREENSPAN, ENGINEERS**  
 600 S. Lake Avenue, Ste 500, Pasadena 91106  
 (626) 796.2322 Fax (626) 792.0941

N-S St: Myrtle Avenue  
 E-W St: Huntington Drive  
 Project: 123 W. Pomona Project/1-18-4299-1  
 File: ICU4

Myrtle Avenue @ Huntington Drive  
 Peak hr: AM  
 Annual Growth: 0.82%

Date: 3/12/2019  
 Date of Count: 2018  
 Projection Year: 2022

**INTERSECTION CAPACITY UTILIZATION**

Movement	2018 EXISTING TRAFFIC			2018 EXISTING WITH PROJECT			2018 EXISTING W/ PROJECT + MITIGATION			2022 FUTURE PRE-PROJECT				2022 FUTURE WITH PROJECT						
	1 Volume	2 Capacity	V/C Ratio	Added Volume	Total Volume	2 Capacity	V/C Ratio	Added Volume	Total Volume	2 Capacity	V/C Ratio	Added Amb. Grow. Volume	Added Rel. Proj. Volume	Total Volume	2 Capacity	V/C Ratio	Added Volume	Total Volume	2 Capacity	V/C Ratio
NB Left	197	1600	0.123	6	203	1600	0.127	0	203	1600	0.127	7	51	255	1600	0.159 *	6	261	1600	0.163 *
NB Thru	560	3200	0.209 *	7	567	3200	0.212 *	0	567	3200	0.212 *	19	21	600	3200	0.226	7	607	3200	0.229
NB Right	108	0	0.000	3	111	0	0.000	0	111	0	0.000	4	12	124	0	0.000	3	127	0	0.000
SB Left	37	1600	0.023 *	0	37	1600	0.023 *	0	37	1600	0.023 *	1	8	46	1600	0.029	0	46	1600	0.029
SB Thru	291	3200	0.099	0	291	3200	0.100	0	291	3200	0.100	10	38	339	3200	0.119 *	0	339	3200	0.119 *
SB Right	27	0	0.000	1	28	0	0.000	0	28	0	0.000	1	13	41	0	0.000	1	42	0	0.000
EB Left	42	1600	0.026 *	0	42	1600	0.026 *	0	42	1600	0.026 *	1	3	46	1600	0.029 *	0	46	1600	0.029 *
EB Thru	391	3200	0.122	0	391	3200	0.122	0	391	3200	0.122	13	124	528	3200	0.165	0	528	3200	0.165
EB Right	112	1600	0.070	0	112	1600	0.070	0	112	1600	0.070	4	21	137	1600	0.086	0	137	1600	0.086
WB Left	113	1600	0.071	1	114	1600	0.071	0	114	1600	0.071	4	8	125	1600	0.078	1	126	1600	0.079
WB Thru	1201	3200	0.398 *	0	1201	3200	0.398 *	0	1201	3200	0.398 *	40	77	1318	3200	0.436 *	0	1318	3200	0.436 *
WB Right	74	0	0.000	0	74	0	0.000	0	74	0	0.000	2	1	77	0	0.000	0	77	0	0.000
Yellow Allowance			0.100 *				0.100 *				0.100 *					0.100 *				0.100 *
ICU			0.757				0.760				0.760					0.843				0.847
LOS			C				C				C					D				D

\* Key conflicting movement as a part of ICU  
 1 Counts conducted by: NDS  
 2 Capacity expressed in veh/hour of green



**LINSCOTT, LAW & GREENSPAN, ENGINEERS**  
 600 S. Lake Avenue, Ste 500, Pasadena 91106  
 (626) 796.2322 Fax (626) 792.0941

N-S St: Myrtle Avenue  
 E-W St: Huntington Drive  
 Project: 123 W. Pomona Project/1-18-4299-1  
 File: ICU4

Myrtle Avenue @ Huntington Drive  
 Peak hr: PM  
 Annual Growth: 0.82%

Date: 3/12/2019  
 Date of Count: 2018  
 Projection Year: 2022

**INTERSECTION CAPACITY UTILIZATION**

Movement	2018 EXISTING TRAFFIC			2018 EXISTING WITH PROJECT			2018 EXISTING W/ PROJECT + MITIGATION			2022 FUTURE PRE-PROJECT			2022 FUTURE WITH PROJECT								
	1 Volume	2 Capacity	V/C Ratio	Added Volume	Total Volume	2 Capacity	V/C Ratio	Added Volume	Total Volume	2 Capacity	V/C Ratio	Added Volume	Total Volume	2 Capacity	V/C Ratio						
NB Left	141	1600	0.088 *	4	145	1600	0.091 *	0	145	1600	0.091 *	5	36	182	1600	0.114 *	4	186	1600	0.116 *	
NB Thru	366	3200	0.158	4	370	3200	0.160	0	370	3200	0.160	12	44	422	3200	0.179	4	426	3200	0.181	
NB Right	139	0	0.000	2	141	0	0.000	0	141	0	0.000	5	8	152	0	0.000	2	154	0	0.000	
SB Left	126	1600	0.079	0	126	1600	0.079	0	126	1600	0.079	4	3	133	1600	0.083	0	133	1600	0.083	
SB Thru	542	3200	0.188 *	4	546	3200	0.190 *	0	546	3200	0.190 *	18	28	588	3200	0.206 *	4	592	3200	0.208 *	
SB Right	59	0	0.000	3	62	0	0.000	0	62	0	0.000	2	9	70	0	0.000	3	73	0	0.000	
EB Left	78	1600	0.049	0	78	1600	0.049	0	78	1600	0.049	3	16	97	1600	0.061	0	97	1600	0.061	
EB Thru	940	3200	0.294 *	0	940	3200	0.294 *	0	940	3200	0.294 *	31	104	1075	3200	0.336 *	0	1075	3200	0.336 *	
EB Right	152	1600	0.095	0	152	1600	0.095	0	152	1600	0.095	5	15	172	1600	0.108	0	172	1600	0.108	
WB Left	139	1600	0.087 *	3	142	1600	0.089 *	0	142	1600	0.089 *	5	16	160	1600	0.100 *	3	163	1600	0.102 *	
WB Thru	696	3200	0.234	0	696	3200	0.234	0	696	3200	0.234	23	136	855	3200	0.287	0	855	3200	0.287	
WB Right	52	0	0.000	0	52	0	0.000	0	52	0	0.000	2	8	62	0	0.000	0	62	0	0.000	
Yellow Allowance			0.100 *				0.100 *				0.100 *					0.100 *					0.100 *
ICU			0.757				0.763				0.763					0.855					0.862
LOS			C				C				C					D					D

\* Key conflicting movement as a part of ICU  
 1 Counts conducted by: NDS  
 2 Capacity expressed in veh/hour of green

**LINSCOTT, LAW & GREENSPAN, ENGINEERS**  
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N-S St: Myrtle Avenue  
 E-W St: Central Avenue/I-210 Fwy, WB Ramps  
 Project: 123 W. Pomona Project/1-18-4299-1  
 File: ICU5

Myrtle Avenue @ Central Avenue/I-210 Fwy, WB Ramps  
 Peak hr: AM  
 Annual Growth: 0.82%

Date: 3/12/2019  
 Date of Count: 2018  
 Projection Year: 2022

**INTERSECTION CAPACITY UTILIZATION**

Movement	2018 EXISTING TRAFFIC			2018 EXISTING WITH PROJECT			2018 EXISTING W/ PROJECT + MITIGATION			2022 FUTURE PRE-PROJECT			2022 FUTURE WITH PROJECT		
	1 Volume	2 Capacity	V/C Ratio	Added Volume	Total Volume	2 Capacity	V/C Ratio	Added Volume	Total Volume	2 Capacity	V/C Ratio	Added Volume	Total Volume	2 Capacity	V/C Ratio
NB Left	235	1600	0.147 *	15	250	1600	0.156 *	0	250	1600	0.156 *	8	297	1600	0.186 *
NB Thru	600	3200	0.188	16	616	3200	0.193	0	616	3200	0.193	20	684	3200	0.214
NB Right	0	0	0.000	0	0	0	0.000	0	0	0	0.000	0	0	0	0.000
SB Left	0	0	0.000	0	0	0	0.000	0	0	0	0.000	0	0	0	0.000
SB Thru	474	3200	0.173 *	1	475	3200	0.173 *	0	475	3200	0.173 *	16	542	3200	0.207 *
SB Right	79	0	0.000	0	79	0	0.000	0	79	0	0.000	3	120	0	0.000
EB Left	0	0	0.000 *	0	0	0	0.000 *	0	0	0	0.000 *	0	0	0	0.000 *
EB Thru	0	0	0.000	0	0	0	0.000	0	0	0	0.000	0	0	0	0.000
EB Right	0	0	0.000	0	0	0	0.000	0	0	0	0.000	0	0	0	0.000
WB Left	222	1600	0.139	3	225	1600	0.141	0	225	1600	0.141	7	242	1600	0.151
WB Thru	567	1600	0.354 *	0	567	1600	0.354 *	0	567	1600	0.354 *	19	588	1600	0.368 *
WB Right[3]	328	1600	0.205	0	328	1600	0.205	0	328	1600	0.205	11	358	1600	0.224
Yellow Allowance			0.100 *				0.100 *				0.100 *				0.100 *
ICU			0.774				0.784				0.784				0.860
LOS			C				C				C				D

\* Key conflicting movement as a part of ICU  
 1 Counts conducted by: NDS  
 2 Capacity expressed in veh/hour of green  
 3 No right-turn on red.

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N-S St: Myrtle Avenue  
 E-W St: Central Avenue/I-210 Fwy, WB Ramps  
 Project: 123 W. Pomona Project/1-18-4299-1  
 File: ICU5

Myrtle Avenue @ Central Avenue/I-210 Fwy, WB Ramps  
 Peak hr: PM  
 Annual Growth: 0.82%

Date: 3/12/2019  
 Date of Count: 2018  
 Projection Year: 2022

**INTERSECTION CAPACITY UTILIZATION**

Movement	2018 EXISTING TRAFFIC			2018 EXISTING WITH PROJECT			2018 EXISTING W/ PROJECT + MITIGATION			2022 FUTURE PRE-PROJECT			2022 FUTURE WITH PROJECT								
	1 Volume	2 Capacity	V/C Ratio	Added Volume	Total Volume	2 Capacity	V/C Ratio	Added Volume	Total Volume	2 Capacity	V/C Ratio	Added Volume	Total Volume	2 Capacity	V/C Ratio						
NB Left	290	1600	0.181 *	9	299	1600	0.187 *	0	299	1600	0.187 *	10	29	329	1600	0.206 *	9	338	1600	0.211 *	
NB Thru	393	3200	0.123	10	403	3200	0.126	0	403	3200	0.126	13	53	459	3200	0.143	10	469	3200	0.147	
NB Right	0	0	0.000	0	0	0	0.000	0	0	0	0.000	0	0	0	0	0.000	0	0	0	0.000	
SB Left	0	0	0.000	0	0	0	0.000	0	0	0	0.000	0	0	0	0	0.000	0	0	0	0.000	
SB Thru	691	3200	0.278 *	7	698	3200	0.281 *	0	698	3200	0.281 *	23	53	767	3200	0.310 *	7	774	3200	0.313 *	
SB Right	200	0	0.000	0	200	0	0.000	0	200	0	0.000	7	19	226	0	0.000	0	226	0	0.000	
EB Left	0	0	0.000 *	0	0	0	0.000 *	0	0	0	0.000 *	0	0	0	0	0.000 *	0	0	0	0.000 *	
EB Thru	0	0	0.000	0	0	0	0.000	0	0	0	0.000	0	0	0	0	0.000	0	0	0	0.000	
EB Right	0	0	0.000	0	0	0	0.000	0	0	0	0.000	0	0	0	0	0.000	0	0	0	0.000	
WB Left	202	1600	0.126	16	218	1600	0.136	0	218	1600	0.136	7	49	258	1600	0.161	16	274	1600	0.171	
WB Thru	507	1600	0.317 *	0	507	1600	0.317 *	0	507	1600	0.317 *	17	27	551	1600	0.344 *	0	551	1600	0.344 *	
WB Right[3]	288	1600	0.180	0	288	1600	0.180	0	288	1600	0.180	10	27	325	1600	0.203	0	325	1600	0.203	
Yellow Allowance			0.100 *				0.100 *				0.100 *					0.100 *					0.100 *
ICU			0.877				0.884				0.884					0.960					0.968
LOS			D				D				D					E					E

\* Key conflicting movement as a part of ICU  
 1 Counts conducted by: NDS  
 2 Capacity expressed in veh/hour of green  
 3 No right-turn on red.

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**INTERSECTION CAPACITY UTILIZATION**

N-S St: Myrtle Avenue  
 E-W St: Evergreen Avenue/I-210 Fwy. EB Ramps  
 Project: 123 W. Pomona Project/1-18-4299-1  
 File: ICU6

Myrtle Avenue @ Evergreen Avenue/I-210 Fwy. EB Ramps  
 Peak hr: AM  
 Annual Growth: 0.82%

Date: 3/12/2019  
 Date of Count: 2018  
 Projection Year: 2022

Movement	2018 EXISTING TRAFFIC			2018 EXISTING WITH PROJECT			2018 EXISTING W/ PROJECT + MITIGATION			2022 FUTURE PRE-PROJECT				2022 FUTURE WITH PROJECT						
	1 Volume	2 Capacity	V/C Ratio	Added Volume	Total Volume	2 Capacity	V/C Ratio	Added Volume	Total Volume	2 Capacity	V/C Ratio	Added Amb. Grow. Volume	Rel. Proj. Volume	Total Volume	2 Capacity	V/C Ratio	Added Volume	Total Volume	2 Capacity	V/C Ratio
NB Left	0	0	0.000	0	0	0	0.000	0	0	0	0.000	0	0	0	0	0.000	0	0	0	0.000
NB Thru	480	3200	0.196 *	0	480	3200	0.196 *	0	480	3200	0.196 *	16	43	539	3200	0.221 *	0	539	3200	0.221 *
NB Right	146	0	0.000	0	146	0	0.000	0	146	0	0.000	5	18	169	0	0.000	0	169	0	0.000
SB Left	247	1600	0.154 *	0	247	1600	0.154 *	0	247	1600	0.154 *	8	30	285	1600	0.178 *	0	285	1600	0.178 *
SB Thru	446	3200	0.139	4	450	3200	0.141	0	450	3200	0.141	15	35	496	3200	0.155	4	500	3200	0.156
SB Right	0	0	0.000	0	0	0	0.000	0	0	0	0.000	0	0	0	0	0.000	0	0	0	0.000
EB Left	346	1600	0.216	31	377	1600	0.236	0	377	1600	0.236	11	79	436	1600	0.273	31	467	1600	0.292
EB Thru	445	3200	0.221 *	15	460	3200	0.227	0	460	3200	0.227	15	59	519	3200	0.252	15	534	3200	0.258
EB Right [3]	263	0	0.000	3	266	0	0.000	0	266	0	0.000	9	16	288	0	0.000	3	291	0	0.000
WB Left	0	0	0.000 *	0	0	0	0.000	0	0	0	0.000	0	0	0	0	0.000	0	0	0	0.000
WB Thru	0	0	0.000	0	0	0	0.000	0	0	0	0.000	0	0	0	0	0.000	0	0	0	0.000
WB Right	0	0	0.000	0	0	0	0.000	0	0	0	0.000	0	0	0	0	0.000	0	0	0	0.000
Yellow Allowance			0.100 *				0.100 *				0.100 *					0.100 *				0.100 *
ICU			0.671				0.686				0.686					0.772				0.791
LOS			B				B				B					C				C

\* Key conflicting movement as a part of ICU  
 1 Counts conducted by: NDS  
 2 Capacity expressed in veh/hour of green  
 3 No right-turn on red.

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**INTERSECTION CAPACITY UTILIZATION**

N-S St: Myrtle Avenue  
 E-W St: Evergreen Avenue/I-210 Fwy. EB Ramps  
 Project: 123 W. Pomona Project/1-18-4299-1  
 File: ICU6

Myrtle Avenue @ Evergreen Avenue/I-210 Fwy. EB Ramps  
 Peak hr: PM  
 Annual Growth: 0.82%

Date: 3/12/2019  
 Date of Count: 2018  
 Projection Year: 2022

Movement	2018 EXISTING TRAFFIC			2018 EXISTING WITH PROJECT			2018 EXISTING W/ PROJECT + MITIGATION			2022 FUTURE PRE-PROJECT			2022 FUTURE WITH PROJECT		
	1 Volume	2 Capacity	V/C Ratio	Added Volume	Total Volume	2 Capacity	V/C Ratio	Added Volume	Total Volume	2 Capacity	V/C Ratio	Added Volume	Total Volume	2 Capacity	V/C Ratio
NB Left	0	0	0.000	0	0	0	0.000	0	0	0	0.000	0	0	0	0.000
NB Thru	529	3200	0.224 *	-1	528	3200	0.223 *	0	528	3200	0.223 *	18	582	3200	0.246 *
NB Right	188	0	0.000	-1	187	0	0.000	0	187	0	0.000	6	204	0	0.000
SB Left	313	1600	0.196 *	0	313	1600	0.196 *	0	313	1600	0.196 *	10	339	1600	0.212 *
SB Thru	593	3200	0.185	23	616	3200	0.193	0	616	3200	0.193	20	699	3200	0.218
SB Right	0	0	0.000	0	0	0	0.000	0	0	0	0.000	0	0	0	0.000
EB Left	158	1600	0.099	20	178	1600	0.111	0	178	1600	0.111	5	213	1600	0.133
EB Thru	816	3200	0.316 *	10	826	3200	0.324 *	0	826	3200	0.324 *	27	873	3200	0.361 *
EB Right [3]	194	0	0.000	17	211	0	0.000	0	211	0	0.000	6	282	0	0.000
WB Left	0	0	0.000 *	0	0	0	0.000 *	0	0	0	0.000 *	0	0	0	0.000 *
WB Thru	0	0	0.000	0	0	0	0.000	0	0	0	0.000	0	0	0	0.000
WB Right	0	0	0.000	0	0	0	0.000	0	0	0	0.000	0	0	0	0.000
Yellow Allowance			0.100 *				0.100 *				0.100 *				0.100 *
ICU			0.835				0.843				0.843				0.918
LOS			D				D				D				E

\* Key conflicting movement as a part of ICU  
 1 Counts conducted by: NDS  
 2 Capacity expressed in veh/hour of green  
 3 No right-turn on red.

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N-S St: Myrtle Avenue  
 E-W St: Pomona Avenue  
 Project: 123 W. Pomona Project/1-18-4299-1  
 File: ICU7

Myrtle Avenue @ Pomona Avenue  
 Peak hr: AM  
 Annual Growth: 0.82%

Date: 3/12/2019  
 Date of Count: 2018  
 Projection Year: 2022

**INTERSECTION CAPACITY UTILIZATION**

Movement	2018 EXISTING TRAFFIC			2018 EXISTING WITH PROJECT			2018 EXISTING W/ PROJECT + MITIGATION			2022 FUTURE PRE-PROJECT			2022 FUTURE WITH PROJECT			
	1 Volume	2 Capacity	V/C Ratio	Added Volume	Total Volume	2 Capacity	V/C Ratio	Added Volume	Total Volume	2 Capacity	V/C Ratio	Added Volume	Total Volume	2 Capacity	V/C Ratio	
NB Left	32	1600	0.020 *	2	34	1600	0.021 *	0	34	1600	0.021 *	1	17	50	1600	0.031 *
NB Thru	452	3200	0.145	0	452	3200	0.145	0	452	3200	0.145	15	53	520	3200	0.166
NB Right	12	0	0.000	0	12	0	0.000	0	12	0	0.000	0	0	12	0	0.000
SB Left	38	1600	0.024	0	38	1600	0.024	0	38	1600	0.024	1	0	39	1600	0.024
SB Thru	646	3200	0.221 *	0	646	3200	0.223 *	0	646	3200	0.223 *	21	23	690	3200	0.244 *
SB Right	60	0	0.000	7	67	0	0.000	0	67	0	0.000	2	28	90	0	0.000
EB Left	40	0	0.025 *	0	40	0	0.025	0	40	0	0.025	1	8	49	0	0.031
EB Thru	28	1600	0.068	3	31	1600	0.078 *	0	31	1600	0.078 *	1	17	46	1600	0.120 *
EB Right	40	0	0.000	13	53	0	0.000	0	53	0	0.000	1	56	97	0	0.000
WB Left	14	0	0.009	0	14	0	0.009 *	0	14	0	0.009 *	0	0	14	0	0.009 *
WB Thru	47	1600	0.058 *	-1	46	1600	0.058	0	46	1600	0.058	2	7	56	1600	0.064
WB Right	32	0	0.000	0	32	0	0.000	0	32	0	0.000	1	0	33	0	0.000
Yellow Allowance			0.100 *				0.100 *				0.100 *					0.100 *
ICU			0.424				0.430				0.430					0.504
LOS			A				A				A					A

\* Key conflicting movement as a part of ICU  
 1 Counts conducted by: The Traffic Solution  
 2 Capacity expressed in veh/hour of green

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N-S St: Myrtle Avenue  
 E-W St: Pomona Avenue  
 Project: 123 W. Pomona Project/1-18-4299-1  
 File: ICU7

Myrtle Avenue @ Pomona Avenue  
 Peak hr: PM  
 Annual Growth: 0.82%

Date: 3/12/2019  
 Date of Count: 2018  
 Projection Year: 2022

**INTERSECTION CAPACITY UTILIZATION**

Movement	2018 EXISTING TRAFFIC				2018 EXISTING WITH PROJECT				2018 EXISTING W/ PROJECT + MITIGATION				2022 FUTURE PRE-PROJECT				2022 FUTURE WITH PROJECT						
	1 Volume	2 Capacity	V/C Ratio		Added Volume	Total Volume	2 Capacity	V/C Ratio	Added Volume	Total Volume	2 Capacity	V/C Ratio	Added Volume	Total Volume	2 Capacity	V/C Ratio	Added Volume	Total Volume	2 Capacity	V/C Ratio			
NB Left	37	1600	0.023 *		12	49	1600	0.031 *	0	49	1600	0.031 *	1	39	77	1600	0.048 *	12	89	1600	0.056 *		
NB Thru	615	3200	0.199		0	615	3200	0.199	0	615	3200	0.199	20	33	668	3200	0.216	0	668	3200	0.216		
NB Right	22	0	0.000		0	22	0	0.000	0	22	0	0.000	1	0	23	0	0.000	0	23	0	0.000		
SB Left	50	1600	0.031		0	50	1600	0.031	0	50	1600	0.031	2	0	52	1600	0.033	0	52	1600	0.033		
SB Thru	745	3200	0.248 *		0	745	3200	0.261 *	0	745	3200	0.261 *	25	50	820	3200	0.309 *	0	820	3200	0.322 *		
SB Right	50	0	0.000		40	90	0	0.000	0	90	0	0.000	2	117	169	0	0.000	40	209	0	0.000		
EB Left	75	0	0.047		-2	73	0	0.046	0	73	0	0.046	2	11	88	0	0.055	-2	86	0	0.054		
EB Thru	88	1600	0.144 *		2	90	1600	0.149 *	0	90	1600	0.149 *	3	11	102	1600	0.184 *	2	104	1600	0.190 *		
EB Right	67	0	0.000		9	76	0	0.000	0	76	0	0.000	2	36	105	0	0.000	9	114	0	0.000		
WB Left	30	0	0.019 *		0	30	0	0.019 *	0	30	0	0.019 *	1	0	31	0	0.019 *	0	31	0	0.019 *		
WB Thru	36	1600	0.060		5	41	1600	0.063	0	41	1600	0.063	1	18	55	1600	0.073	5	60	1600	0.076		
WB Right	30	0	0.000		0	30	0	0.000	0	30	0	0.000	1	0	31	0	0.000	0	31	0	0.000		
Yellow Allowance			0.100 *					0.100 *				0.100 *					0.100 *					0.100 *	
ICU			0.534	A				0.560	A			0.560	A				0.661	B				0.687	B
LOS																							

\* Key conflicting movement as a part of ICU  
 1 Counts conducted by: The Traffic Solution  
 2 Capacity expressed in veh/hour of green

**LINSCOTT, LAW & GREENSPAN, ENGINEERS**  
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**INTERSECTION CAPACITY UTILIZATION**

N-S St: Myrtle Avenue  
 E-W St: Duarte Road  
 Project: 123 W. Pomona Project/1-18-4299-1  
 File: ICU8

Myrtle Avenue @ Duarte Road  
 Peak hr: AM  
 Annual Growth: 0.82%

Date: 3/12/2019  
 Date of Count: 2018  
 Projection Year: 2022

Movement	2018 EXISTING TRAFFIC			2018 EXISTING WITH PROJECT			2018 EXISTING W/ PROJECT + MITIGATION			2022 FUTURE PRE-PROJECT					2022 FUTURE WITH PROJECT					
	1 Volume	2 Capacity	V/C Ratio	Added Volume	Total Volume	2 Capacity	V/C Ratio	Added Volume	Total Volume	2 Capacity	V/C Ratio	Added Amb. Grow. Volume	Rel. Proj. Volume	Total Volume	2 Capacity	V/C Ratio	Added Volume	Total Volume	2 Capacity	V/C Ratio
NB Left	130	1600	0.081 *	0	130	1600	0.081 *	0	130	1600	0.081 *	4	7	141	1600	0.088 *	0	141	1600	0.088 *
NB Thru	451	3200	0.156	1	452	3200	0.156	0	452	3200	0.156	15	15	481	3200	0.169	1	482	3200	0.170
NB Right	48	0	0.000	0	48	0	0.000	0	48	0	0.000	2	11	61	0	0.000	0	61	0	0.000
SB Left	32	1600	0.020	3	35	1600	0.022	0	35	1600	0.022	1	17	50	1600	0.031	3	53	1600	0.033
SB Thru	523	3200	0.212 *	7	530	3200	0.215 *	0	530	3200	0.215 *	17	28	568	3200	0.239 *	7	575	3200	0.242 *
SB Right	156	0	0.000	3	159	0	0.000	0	159	0	0.000	5	36	197	0	0.000	3	200	0	0.000
EB Left	122	1600	0.076 *	0	122	1600	0.076 *	0	122	1600	0.076 *	4	48	174	1600	0.109 *	0	174	1600	0.109 *
EB Thru	288	3200	0.126	0	288	3200	0.126	0	288	3200	0.126	10	63	361	3200	0.157	0	361	3200	0.157
EB Right	115	0	0.000	0	115	0	0.000	0	115	0	0.000	4	23	142	0	0.000	0	142	0	0.000
WB Left	55	1600	0.034	0	55	1600	0.034	0	55	1600	0.034	2	4	61	1600	0.038	0	61	1600	0.038
WB Thru	286	3200	0.098 *	0	286	3200	0.098 *	0	286	3200	0.098 *	9	26	321	3200	0.112 *	0	321	3200	0.112 *
WB Right	28	0	0.000	1	29	0	0.000	0	29	0	0.000	1	7	36	0	0.000	1	37	0	0.000
Yellow Allowance [3]			0.300 *				0.300 *				0.300 *					0.300 *				0.300 *
ICU			0.768				0.771				0.771					0.848				0.851
LOS			C				C				C					D				D

\* Key conflicting movement as a part of ICU  
 1 Counts conducted by: The Traffic Solution  
 2 Capacity expressed in veh/hour of green  
 3 Accounts for the additional delay/loss time due to the Metro Gold Line train which crosses at the north leg of the intersection as cited in the Traffic Impact Analysis for 1625 Magnolia Avenue, prepared by LSA, May 2018.



**LINSCOTT, LAW & GREENSPAN, ENGINEERS**  
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**INTERSECTION CAPACITY UTILIZATION**

N-S St: Myrtle Avenue  
 E-W St: Duarte Road  
 Project: 123 W. Pomona Project/1-18-4299-1  
 File: ICU8

Myrtle Avenue @ Duarte Road  
 Peak hr: PM  
 Annual Growth: 0.82%

Date: 3/12/2019  
 Date of Count: 2018  
 Projection Year: 2022

Movement	2018 EXISTING TRAFFIC			2018 EXISTING WITH PROJECT			2018 EXISTING W/ PROJECT + MITIGATION			2022 FUTURE PRE-PROJECT					2022 FUTURE WITH PROJECT					
	1 Volume	2 Capacity	V/C Ratio	Added Volume	Total Volume	2 Capacity	V/C Ratio	Added Volume	Total Volume	2 Capacity	V/C Ratio	Added Amb. Grow. Volume	Rel. Proj. Volume	Total Volume	2 Capacity	V/C Ratio	Added Volume	Total Volume	2 Capacity	V/C Ratio
NB Left	94	1600	0.059 *	0	94	1600	0.059 *	0	94	1600	0.059 *	3	24	121	1600	0.076 *	0	121	1600	0.076 *
NB Thru	434	3200	0.150	8	442	3200	0.153	0	442	3200	0.153	14	27	475	3200	0.165	8	483	3200	0.168
NB Right	46	0	0.000	0	46	0	0.000	0	46	0	0.000	2	5	53	0	0.000	0	53	0	0.000
SB Left	44	1600	0.028	2	46	1600	0.029	0	46	1600	0.029	1	11	56	1600	0.035	2	58	1600	0.036
SB Thru	618	3200	0.244 *	5	623	3200	0.247 *	0	623	3200	0.247 *	21	17	656	3200	0.276 *	5	661	3200	0.278 *
SB Right	164	0	0.000	2	166	0	0.000	0	166	0	0.000	5	59	228	0	0.000	2	230	0	0.000
EB Left	145	1600	0.091	0	145	1600	0.091	0	145	1600	0.091	5	26	176	1600	0.110	0	176	1600	0.110
EB Thru	471	3200	0.231 *	0	471	3200	0.231 *	0	471	3200	0.231 *	16	45	532	3200	0.257 *	0	532	3200	0.257 *
EB Right	267	0	0.000	0	267	0	0.000	0	267	0	0.000	9	14	290	0	0.000	0	290	0	0.000
WB Left	66	1600	0.041 *	0	66	1600	0.041 *	0	66	1600	0.041 *	2	11	79	1600	0.049 *	0	79	1600	0.049 *
WB Thru	313	3200	0.107	0	313	3200	0.108	0	313	3200	0.108	10	72	395	3200	0.138	0	395	3200	0.139
WB Right	28	0	0.000	4	32	0	0.000	0	32	0	0.000	1	18	47	0	0.000	4	51	0	0.000
Yellow Allowance [3]			0.300 *				0.300 *				0.300 *					0.300 *				0.300 *
ICU			0.875				0.877				0.877					0.958				0.960
LOS			D				D				D					E				E

\* Key conflicting movement as a part of ICU  
 1 Counts conducted by: The Traffic Solution  
 2 Capacity expressed in veh/hour of green  
 3 Accounts for the additional delay/loss time due to the Metro Gold Line train which crosses at the north leg of the intersection as cited in the Traffic Impact Analysis for 1625 Magnolia Avenue, prepared by LSA, May 2018.

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**INTERSECTION CAPACITY UTILIZATION**

N-S St: California Avenue  
 E-W St: Central Avenue  
 Project: 123 W. Pomona Project/1-18-4299-1  
 File: ICU9

California Avenue @ Central Avenue  
 Peak hr: AM  
 Annual Growth: 0.82%

Date: 3/12/2019  
 Date of Count: 2018  
 Projection Year: 2022

Movement	2018 EXISTING TRAFFIC			2018 EXISTING WITH PROJECT			2018 EXISTING W/ PROJECT + MITIGATION			2022 FUTURE PRE-PROJECT			2022 FUTURE WITH PROJECT		
	1 Volume	2 Capacity	V/C Ratio	Added Volume	Total Volume	2 Capacity	V/C Ratio	Added Volume	Total Volume	2 Capacity	V/C Ratio	Added Volume	Total Volume	2 Capacity	V/C Ratio
NB Left	89	1600	0.056 *	0	89	1600	0.056 *	0	89	1600	0.056 *	0	92	1600	0.058 *
NB Thru	324	3200	0.101	3	327	3200	0.102	0	327	3200	0.102	11	343	3200	0.107
NB Right	0	0	0.000	0	0	0	0.000	0	0	0	0.000	0	0	0	0.000
SB Left	0	0	0.000	0	0	0	0.000	0	0	0	0.000	0	0	0	0.000
SB Thru	231	3200	0.088 *	-1	230	3200	0.088 *	0	230	3200	0.088 *	8	244	3200	0.093 *
SB Right	52	0	0.000	1	53	0	0.000	0	53	0	0.000	2	55	0	0.000
EB Left	0	0	0.000 *	0	0	0	0.000 *	0	0	0	0.000 *	0	0	0	0.000 *
EB Thru	0	0	0.000	0	0	0	0.000	0	0	0	0.000	0	0	0	0.000
EB Right	0	0	0.000	0	0	0	0.000	0	0	0	0.000	0	0	0	0.000
WB Left	94	0	0.020	0	94	0	0.020	0	94	0	0.020	3	99	0	0.021
WB Thru	306	4800	0.113 *	0	306	4800	0.113 *	0	306	4800	0.113 *	10	316	4800	0.118 *
WB Right	144	0	0.000	0	144	0	0.000	0	144	0	0.000	5	149	0	0.000
Yellow Allowance			0.100 *				0.100 *				0.100 *				0.100 *
ICU			0.357				0.357				0.357				0.368
LOS			A				A				A				A

\* Key conflicting movement as a part of ICU  
 1 Counts conducted by: The Traffic Solution  
 2 Capacity expressed in veh/hour of green

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N-S St: California Avenue  
 E-W St: Central Avenue  
 Project: 123 W. Pomona Project/1-18-4299-1  
 File: ICU9

California Avenue @ Central Avenue  
 Peak hr: PM  
 Annual Growth: 0.82%

Date: 3/12/2019  
 Date of Count: 2018  
 Projection Year: 2022

**INTERSECTION CAPACITY UTILIZATION**

Movement	2018 EXISTING TRAFFIC			2018 EXISTING WITH PROJECT			2018 EXISTING W/ PROJECT + MITIGATION			2022 FUTURE PRE-PROJECT			2022 FUTURE WITH PROJECT		
	1 Volume	2 Capacity	V/C Ratio	Added Volume	Total Volume	2 Capacity	V/C Ratio	Added Volume	Total Volume	2 Capacity	V/C Ratio	Added Volume	Total Volume	2 Capacity	V/C Ratio
NB Left	40	1600	0.025 *	0	40	1600	0.025 *	0	40	1600	0.025 *	0	41	1600	0.026 *
NB Thru	251	3200	0.078	2	253	3200	0.079	0	253	3200	0.079	0	268	3200	0.084
NB Right	0	0	0.000	0	0	0	0.000	0	0	0	0.000	0	0	0	0.000
SB Left	0	0	0.000	0	0	0	0.000	0	0	0	0.000	0	0	0	0.000
SB Thru	449	3200	0.158 *	1	450	3200	0.160 *	0	450	3200	0.160 *	15	470	3200	0.167 *
SB Right	58	0	0.000	3	61	0	0.000	0	61	0	0.000	2	65	0	0.000
EB Left	0	0	0.000 *	0	0	0	0.000 *	0	0	0	0.000 *	0	0	0	0.000 *
EB Thru	0	0	0.000	0	0	0	0.000	0	0	0	0.000	0	0	0	0.000
EB Right	0	0	0.000	0	0	0	0.000	0	0	0	0.000	0	0	0	0.000
WB Left	85	0	0.018	0	85	0	0.018	0	85	0	0.018	3	90	0	0.019
WB Thru	160	4800	0.059 *	0	160	4800	0.059 *	0	160	4800	0.059 *	5	165	4800	0.061 *
WB Right	39	0	0.000	0	39	0	0.000	0	39	0	0.000	1	40	0	0.000
Yellow Allowance			0.100 *				0.100 *				0.100 *				0.100 *
ICU			0.343				0.344				0.344				0.354
LOS			A				A				A				A

\* Key conflicting movement as a part of ICU  
 1 Counts conducted by: The Traffic Solution  
 2 Capacity expressed in veh/hour of green

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N-S St: California Avenue  
 E-W St: Evergreen Avenue  
 Project: 123 W. Pomona Project/1-18-4299-1  
 File: ICU10

California Avenue @ Evergreen Avenue  
 Peak hr: AM  
 Annual Growth: 0.82%

Date: 3/12/2019  
 Date of Count: 2018  
 Projection Year: 2022

**INTERSECTION CAPACITY UTILIZATION**

Movement	2018 EXISTING TRAFFIC			2018 EXISTING WITH PROJECT			2018 EXISTING W/ PROJECT + MITIGATION			2022 FUTURE PRE-PROJECT				2022 FUTURE WITH PROJECT						
	1 Volume	2 Capacity	V/C Ratio	Added Volume	Total Volume	2 Capacity	V/C Ratio	Added Volume	Total Volume	2 Capacity	V/C Ratio	Added Volume	Rel. Proj. Volume	Total Volume	2 Capacity	V/C Ratio	Added Volume	Total Volume	2 Capacity	V/C Ratio
NB Left	0	0	0.000	0	0	0	0.000	0	0	0	0.000	0	0	0	0	0.000	0	0	0	0.000
NB Thru	356	3200	0.165 *	0	356	3200	0.165 *	0	356	3200	0.165 *	0	12	371	3200	0.172 *	0	371	3200	0.172 *
NB Right	173	0	0.000	0	173	0	0.000	0	173	0	0.000	0	6	180	0	0.000	0	180	0	0.000
SB Left	106	1600	0.066 *	0	106	1600	0.066 *	0	106	1600	0.066 *	0	4	110	1600	0.069 *	0	110	1600	0.069 *
SB Thru	245	3200	0.077	-1	244	3200	0.076	0	244	3200	0.076	0	8	260	3200	0.081	-1	259	3200	0.081
SB Right	0	0	0.000	0	0	0	0.000	0	0	0	0.000	0	0	0	0	0.000	0	0	0	0.000
EB Left	59	0	0.012	3	62	0	0.013	0	62	0	0.013	0	2	66	0	0.014	3	69	0	0.014
EB Thru	149	4800	0.052 *	0	149	4800	0.053 *	0	149	4800	0.053 *	0	5	154	4800	0.055 *	0	154	4800	0.055 *
EB Right	43	0	0.000	0	43	0	0.000	0	43	0	0.000	0	1	44	0	0.000	0	44	0	0.000
WB Left	0	0	0.000 *	0	0	0	0.000 *	0	0	0	0.000 *	0	0	0	0	0.000 *	0	0	0	0.000 *
WB Thru	0	0	0.000	0	0	0	0.000	0	0	0	0.000	0	0	0	0	0.000	0	0	0	0.000
WB Right	0	0	0.000	0	0	0	0.000	0	0	0	0.000	0	0	0	0	0.000	0	0	0	0.000
Yellow Allowance			0.100 *				0.100 *				0.100 *					0.100 *				0.100 *
ICU			0.384				0.384				0.384					0.396				0.397
LOS			A				A				A					A				A

\* Key conflicting movement as a part of ICU  
 1 Counts conducted by: The Traffic Solution  
 2 Capacity expressed in veh/hour of green

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N-S St: California Avenue  
 E-W St: Evergreen Avenue  
 Project: 123 W. Pomona Project/1-18-4299-1  
 File: ICU10

California Avenue @ Evergreen Avenue  
 Peak hr: PM  
 Annual Growth: 0.82%

Date: 3/12/2019  
 Date of Count: 2018  
 Projection Year: 2022

**INTERSECTION CAPACITY UTILIZATION**

Movement	2018 EXISTING TRAFFIC			2018 EXISTING WITH PROJECT			2018 EXISTING W/ PROJECT + MITIGATION			2022 FUTURE PRE-PROJECT			2022 FUTURE WITH PROJECT		
	1 Volume	2 Capacity	V/C Ratio	Added Volume	Total Volume	2 Capacity	V/C Ratio	Added Volume	Total Volume	2 Capacity	V/C Ratio	Added Volume	Total Volume	2 Capacity	V/C Ratio
NB Left	0	0	0.000	0	0	0	0.000	0	0	0	0.000	0	0	0	0.000
NB Thru	255	3200	0.119 *	0	255	3200	0.119 *	0	255	3200	0.119 *	0	269	3200	0.125 *
NB Right	126	0	0.000	0	126	0	0.000	0	126	0	0.000	0	132	0	0.000
SB Left	159	1600	0.099 *	0	159	1600	0.099 *	0	159	1600	0.099 *	0	164	1600	0.103 *
SB Thru	362	3200	0.113	1	363	3200	0.113	0	363	3200	0.113	1	382	3200	0.119
SB Right	0	0	0.000	0	0	0	0.000	0	0	0	0.000	0	0	0	0.000
EB Left	28	0	0.006	2	30	0	0.006	0	30	0	0.006	2	34	0	0.007
EB Thru	584	4800	0.144 *	0	584	4800	0.144 *	0	584	4800	0.144 *	0	603	4800	0.150 *
EB Right	81	0	0.000	0	81	0	0.000	0	81	0	0.000	0	84	0	0.000
WB Left	0	0	0.000 *	0	0	0	0.000 *	0	0	0	0.000 *	0	0	0	0.000 *
WB Thru	0	0	0.000	0	0	0	0.000	0	0	0	0.000	0	0	0	0.000
WB Right	0	0	0.000	0	0	0	0.000	0	0	0	0.000	0	0	0	0.000
Yellow Allowance			0.100 *				0.100 *				0.100 *				0.100 *
ICU			0.463				0.463				0.463				0.478
LOS			A				A				A				A

\* Key conflicting movement as a part of ICU  
 1 Counts conducted by: The Traffic Solution  
 2 Capacity expressed in veh/hour of green

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N-S St: California Avenue  
 E-W St: Duarte Road  
 Project: 123 & 137 W. Pomona Avenue TOD Project/1-184299-1  
 File: ICU11

California Avenue @ Duarte Road  
 Peak hr: AM  
 Annual Growth: 0.82%

Date: 3/12/2019  
 Date of Count: 2018  
 Projection Year: 2022

**INTERSECTION CAPACITY UTILIZATION**

Movement	2018 EXISTING TRAFFIC			2018 EXISTING WITH PROJECT			2018 EXISTING W/ PROJECT + MITIGATION			2022 FUTURE PRE-PROJECT			2022 FUTURE WITH PROJECT		
	1 Volume	2 Capacity	V/C Ratio	Added Volume	Total Volume	2 Capacity	V/C Ratio	Added Volume	Total Volume	2 Capacity	V/C Ratio	Added Volume	Total Volume	2 Capacity	V/C Ratio
NB Left	78	1600	0.049	0	78	1600	0.049	0	78	1600	0.049	0	81	1600	0.051
NB Thru	397	3200	0.146 *	0	397	3200	0.146 *	0	397	3200	0.146 *	0	414	3200	0.155 *
NB Right	69	0	0.000	0	69	0	0.000	0	69	0	0.000	0	82	0	0.000
SB Left	29	1600	0.018 *	0	29	1600	0.018 *	0	29	1600	0.018 *	0	30	1600	0.019 *
SB Thru	177	3200	0.080	3	180	3200	0.081	0	180	3200	0.081	6	199	3200	0.088
SB Right [3]	79	0	0.000	0	79	0	0.000	0	79	0	0.000	3	82	0	0.000
EB Left	109	1600	0.068 *	0	109	1600	0.068 *	0	109	1600	0.068 *	4	113	1600	0.071 *
EB Thru	212	1600	0.153	3	215	1600	0.155	0	215	1600	0.155	7	311	1600	0.216
EB Right	33	0	0.000	0	33	0	0.000	0	33	0	0.000	1	34	0	0.000
WB Left	37	1600	0.023	0	37	1600	0.023	0	37	1600	0.023	1	42	1600	0.026
WB Thru	273	1600	0.189 *	1	274	1600	0.190 *	0	274	1600	0.190 *	9	319	1600	0.219 *
WB Right	30	0	0.000	0	30	0	0.000	0	30	0	0.000	1	31	0	0.000
Yellow Allowance			0.100 *				0.100 *				0.100 *				0.100 *
ICU			0.521				0.522				0.522				0.563
LOS			A				A				A				A

\* Key conflicting movement as a part of ICU  
 1 Counts conducted by: The Traffic Solution  
 2 Capacity expressed in veh/hour of green  
 3 No right-turn on red.

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N-S St: California Avenue  
 E-W St: Duarte Road  
 Project: 123 & 137 W. Pomona Avenue TOD Project/1-184299-1  
 File: ICU11

California Avenue @ Duarte Road  
 Peak hr: PM  
 Annual Growth: 0.82%

Date: 3/12/2019  
 Date of Count: 2018  
 Projection Year: 2022

**INTERSECTION CAPACITY UTILIZATION**

Movement	2018 EXISTING TRAFFIC			2018 EXISTING WITH PROJECT			2018 EXISTING W/ PROJECT + MITIGATION			2022 FUTURE PRE-PROJECT			2022 FUTURE WITH PROJECT		
	1 Volume	2 Capacity	V/C Ratio	Added Volume	Total Volume	2 Capacity	V/C Ratio	Added Volume	Total Volume	2 Capacity	V/C Ratio	Added Volume	Total Volume	2 Capacity	V/C Ratio
NB Left	42	1600	0.026	0	42	1600	0.026	0	42	1600	0.026	0	43	1600	0.027
NB Thru	268	3200	0.118 *	4	272	3200	0.119 *	0	272	3200	0.119 *	9	293	3200	0.128 *
NB Right	109	0	0.000	0	109	0	0.000	0	109	0	0.000	4	5	0	0.000
SB Left	103	1600	0.064 *	0	103	1600	0.064 *	0	103	1600	0.064 *	3	106	1600	0.066 *
SB Thru	311	3200	0.105	2	313	3200	0.106	0	313	3200	0.106	10	329	3200	0.111
SB Right [3]	26	0	0.000	0	26	0	0.000	0	26	0	0.000	1	0	0	0.000
EB Left	85	1600	0.053	0	85	1600	0.053	0	85	1600	0.053	3	88	1600	0.055
EB Thru	461	1600	0.331 *	2	463	1600	0.333 *	0	463	1600	0.333 *	15	537	1600	0.380 *
EB Right	69	0	0.000	0	69	0	0.000	0	69	0	0.000	2	0	0	0.000
WB Left	64	1600	0.040 *	0	64	1600	0.040 *	0	64	1600	0.040 *	2	11	1600	0.048 *
WB Thru	236	1600	0.163	4	240	1600	0.165	0	240	1600	0.165	8	101	1600	0.231
WB Right	24	0	0.000	0	24	0	0.000	0	24	0	0.000	1	0	0	0.000
Yellow Allowance			0.100 *				0.100 *				0.100 *				0.100 *
ICU			0.653				0.656				0.656				0.723
LOS			B				B				B				C

\* Key conflicting movement as a part of ICU  
 1 Counts conducted by: The Traffic Solution  
 2 Capacity expressed in veh/hour of green  
 3 No right-turn on red.

APPENDIX E  
CALTRANS HCM FREEWAY SEGMENT ANALYSIS WORKSHEETS



# HCS7 Basic Freeway Report

## Project Information

Analyst	GT	Date	11/5/2018
Agency	LLG Engineers	Analysis Year	2018
Jurisdiction	Caltrans	Time Period Analyzed	Existing AM
Project Description	123 W. Pomona Project/1-18-4299-1 I-210 Freeway west of Myrtle Avenue - EB		

## Geometric Data

Number of Lanes, In	4	Terrain Type	Level
Segment Length (L), ft	-	Percent Grade, %	-
Measured or Base Free-Flow Speed	Base	Grade Length, mi	-
Base Free-Flow Speed (BFFS), mi/h	75.4	Total Ramp Density (TRD), ramps/mi	2.33
Lane Width, ft	12	Free-Flow Speed (FFS), mi/h	66.9
Right-Side Lateral Clearance, ft	10		

## Adjustment Factors

Driver Population	All Familiar	Final Speed Adjustment Factor (SAF)	1.000
Weather Type	Non-Severe Weather	Final Capacity Adjustment Factor (CAF)	1.000
Incident Type	No Incident	Demand Adjustment Factor (DAF)	1.000

## Demand and Capacity

Demand Volume veh/h	6577	Heavy Vehicle Adjustment Factor (fHV)	0.923
Peak Hour Factor	0.97	Flow Rate (Vp), pc/h/ln	1836
Total Trucks, %	8.30	Capacity (c), pc/h/ln	2369
Single-Unit Trucks (SUT), %	-	Adjusted Capacity (c <sub>adj</sub> ), pc/h/ln	2369
Tractor-Trailers (TT), %	-	Volume-to-Capacity Ratio (v/c)	0.78
Passenger Car Equivalent (ET)	2.000		

## Speed and Density

Lane Width Adjustment (fLW)	1.9	Average Speed (S), mi/h	63.5
Right-Side Lateral Clearance Adj. (fRLC)	0.0	Density (D), pc/mi/ln	28.9
Total Ramp Density Adjustment	6.6	Level of Service (LOS)	D
Adjusted Free-Flow Speed (FFS <sub>adj</sub> ), mi/h	66.9		

# HCS7 Basic Freeway Report

## Project Information

Analyst	GT	Date	11/5/2018
Agency	LLG Engineers	Analysis Year	2018
Jurisdiction	Caltrans	Time Period Analyzed	Existing AM
Project Description	123 W. Pomona Project/1-18-4299-1 I-210 Freeway west of Myrtle Avenue - WB		

## Geometric Data

Number of Lanes, In	4	Terrain Type	Level
Segment Length (L), ft	-	Percent Grade, %	-
Measured or Base Free-Flow Speed	Base	Grade Length, mi	-
Base Free-Flow Speed (BFFS), mi/h	75.4	Total Ramp Density (TRD), ramps/mi	2.67
Lane Width, ft	12	Free-Flow Speed (FFS), mi/h	66.2
Right-Side Lateral Clearance, ft	10		

## Adjustment Factors

Driver Population	All Familiar	Final Speed Adjustment Factor (SAF)	1.000
Weather Type	Non-Severe Weather	Final Capacity Adjustment Factor (CAF)	1.000
Incident Type	No Incident	Demand Adjustment Factor (DAF)	1.000

## Demand and Capacity

Demand Volume veh/h	4285	Heavy Vehicle Adjustment Factor (fHV)	0.905
Peak Hour Factor	0.99	Flow Rate (Vp), pc/h/ln	1196
Total Trucks, %	10.50	Capacity (c), pc/h/ln	2362
Single-Unit Trucks (SUT), %	-	Adjusted Capacity (c <sub>adj</sub> ), pc/h/ln	2362
Tractor-Trailers (TT), %	-	Volume-to-Capacity Ratio (v/c)	0.51
Passenger Car Equivalent (ET)	2.000		

## Speed and Density

Lane Width Adjustment (fLW)	1.9	Average Speed (S), mi/h	66.2
Right-Side Lateral Clearance Adj. (fRLC)	0.0	Density (D), pc/mi/ln	18.1
Total Ramp Density Adjustment	7.3	Level of Service (LOS)	C
Adjusted Free-Flow Speed (FFS <sub>adj</sub> ), mi/h	66.2		

# HCS7 Basic Freeway Report

## Project Information

Analyst	GT	Date	11/5/2018
Agency	LLG Engineers	Analysis Year	2018
Jurisdiction	Caltrans	Time Period Analyzed	Existing PM
Project Description	123 W. Pomona Project/1-18-4299-1 I-210 Freeway west of Myrtle Avenue - EB		

## Geometric Data

Number of Lanes, In	4	Terrain Type	Level
Segment Length (L), ft	-	Percent Grade, %	-
Measured or Base Free-Flow Speed	Base	Grade Length, mi	-
Base Free-Flow Speed (BFFS), mi/h	75.4	Total Ramp Density (TRD), ramps/mi	2.33
Lane Width, ft	12	Free-Flow Speed (FFS), mi/h	66.9
Right-Side Lateral Clearance, ft	10		

## Adjustment Factors

Driver Population	All Familiar	Final Speed Adjustment Factor (SAF)	1.000
Weather Type	Non-Severe Weather	Final Capacity Adjustment Factor (CAF)	1.000
Incident Type	No Incident	Demand Adjustment Factor (DAF)	1.000

## Demand and Capacity

Demand Volume veh/h	5004	Heavy Vehicle Adjustment Factor (fHV)	0.964
Peak Hour Factor	0.89	Flow Rate (Vp), pc/h/ln	1458
Total Trucks, %	3.70	Capacity (c), pc/h/ln	2369
Single-Unit Trucks (SUT), %	-	Adjusted Capacity (cadj), pc/h/ln	2369
Tractor-Trailers (TT), %	-	Volume-to-Capacity Ratio (v/c)	0.62
Passenger Car Equivalent (ET)	2.000		

## Speed and Density

Lane Width Adjustment (fLW)	1.9	Average Speed (S), mi/h	66.7
Right-Side Lateral Clearance Adj. (fRLC)	0.0	Density (D), pc/mi/ln	21.9
Total Ramp Density Adjustment	6.6	Level of Service (LOS)	C
Adjusted Free-Flow Speed (FFSadj), mi/h	66.9		

# HCS7 Basic Freeway Report

## Project Information

Analyst	GT	Date	11/5/2018
Agency	LLG Engineers	Analysis Year	2018
Jurisdiction	Caltrans	Time Period Analyzed	Existing PM
Project Description	123 W. Pomona Project/1-18-4299-1 I-210 Freeway west of Myrtle Avenue - WB		

## Geometric Data

Number of Lanes, In	4	Terrain Type	Level
Segment Length (L), ft	-	Percent Grade, %	-
Measured or Base Free-Flow Speed	Base	Grade Length, mi	-
Base Free-Flow Speed (BFFS), mi/h	75.4	Total Ramp Density (TRD), ramps/mi	2.67
Lane Width, ft	12	Free-Flow Speed (FFS), mi/h	66.2
Right-Side Lateral Clearance, ft	10		

## Adjustment Factors

Driver Population	All Familiar	Final Speed Adjustment Factor (SAF)	1.000
Weather Type	Non-Severe Weather	Final Capacity Adjustment Factor (CAF)	1.000
Incident Type	No Incident	Demand Adjustment Factor (DAF)	1.000

## Demand and Capacity

Demand Volume veh/h	5380	Heavy Vehicle Adjustment Factor (fHV)	0.969
Peak Hour Factor	0.94	Flow Rate (Vp), pc/h/ln	1477
Total Trucks, %	3.20	Capacity (c), pc/h/ln	2362
Single-Unit Trucks (SUT), %	-	Adjusted Capacity (c <sub>adj</sub> ), pc/h/ln	2362
Tractor-Trailers (TT), %	-	Volume-to-Capacity Ratio (v/c)	0.63
Passenger Car Equivalent (ET)	2.000		

## Speed and Density

Lane Width Adjustment (fLW)	1.9	Average Speed (S), mi/h	66.0
Right-Side Lateral Clearance Adj. (fRLC)	0.0	Density (D), pc/mi/ln	22.4
Total Ramp Density Adjustment	7.3	Level of Service (LOS)	C
Adjusted Free-Flow Speed (FFS <sub>adj</sub> ), mi/h	66.2		

# HCS7 Basic Freeway Report

## Project Information

Analyst	GT	Date	11/6/2018
Agency	LLG Engineers	Analysis Year	2018
Jurisdiction	Caltrans	Time Period Analyzed	Existing with Project AM
Project Description	123 W. Pomona Project/1-18-4299-1 I-210 Freeway west of Myrtle Avenue - EB		

## Geometric Data

Number of Lanes, In	4	Terrain Type	Level
Segment Length (L), ft	-	Percent Grade, %	-
Measured or Base Free-Flow Speed	Base	Grade Length, mi	-
Base Free-Flow Speed (BFFS), mi/h	75.4	Total Ramp Density (TRD), ramps/mi	2.33
Lane Width, ft	12	Free-Flow Speed (FFS), mi/h	66.9
Right-Side Lateral Clearance, ft	10		

## Adjustment Factors

Driver Population	All Familiar	Final Speed Adjustment Factor (SAF)	1.000
Weather Type	Non-Severe Weather	Final Capacity Adjustment Factor (CAF)	1.000
Incident Type	No Incident	Demand Adjustment Factor (DAF)	1.000

## Demand and Capacity

Demand Volume veh/h	6580	Heavy Vehicle Adjustment Factor (fHV)	0.923
Peak Hour Factor	0.97	Flow Rate (Vp), pc/h/ln	1837
Total Trucks, %	8.30	Capacity (c), pc/h/ln	2369
Single-Unit Trucks (SUT), %	-	Adjusted Capacity (cadj), pc/h/ln	2369
Tractor-Trailers (TT), %	-	Volume-to-Capacity Ratio (v/c)	0.78
Passenger Car Equivalent (ET)	2.000		

## Speed and Density

Lane Width Adjustment (fLW)	1.9	Average Speed (S), mi/h	63.5
Right-Side Lateral Clearance Adj. (fRLC)	0.0	Density (D), pc/mi/ln	28.9
Total Ramp Density Adjustment	6.6	Level of Service (LOS)	D
Adjusted Free-Flow Speed (FFSadj), mi/h	66.9		

# HCS7 Basic Freeway Report

## Project Information

Analyst	GT	Date	11/6/2018
Agency	LLG Engineers	Analysis Year	2018
Jurisdiction	Caltrans	Time Period Analyzed	Existing with Project AM
Project Description	123 W. Pomona Project/1-18-4299-1 I-210 Freeway west of Myrtle Avenue - WB		

## Geometric Data

Number of Lanes, In	4	Terrain Type	Level
Segment Length (L), ft	-	Percent Grade, %	-
Measured or Base Free-Flow Speed	Base	Grade Length, mi	-
Base Free-Flow Speed (BFFS), mi/h	75.4	Total Ramp Density (TRD), ramps/mi	2.67
Lane Width, ft	12	Free-Flow Speed (FFS), mi/h	66.2
Right-Side Lateral Clearance, ft	10		

## Adjustment Factors

Driver Population	All Familiar	Final Speed Adjustment Factor (SAF)	1.000
Weather Type	Non-Severe Weather	Final Capacity Adjustment Factor (CAF)	1.000
Incident Type	No Incident	Demand Adjustment Factor (DAF)	1.000

## Demand and Capacity

Demand Volume veh/h	4301	Heavy Vehicle Adjustment Factor (fHV)	0.905
Peak Hour Factor	0.99	Flow Rate (Vp), pc/h/ln	1200
Total Trucks, %	10.50	Capacity (c), pc/h/ln	2362
Single-Unit Trucks (SUT), %	-	Adjusted Capacity (cadj), pc/h/ln	2362
Tractor-Trailers (TT), %	-	Volume-to-Capacity Ratio (v/c)	0.51
Passenger Car Equivalent (ET)	2.000		

## Speed and Density

Lane Width Adjustment (fLW)	1.9	Average Speed (S), mi/h	66.2
Right-Side Lateral Clearance Adj. (fRLC)	0.0	Density (D), pc/mi/ln	18.1
Total Ramp Density Adjustment	7.3	Level of Service (LOS)	C
Adjusted Free-Flow Speed (FFSadj), mi/h	66.2		

# HCS7 Basic Freeway Report

## Project Information

Analyst	GT	Date	11/6/2018
Agency	LLG Engineers	Analysis Year	2018
Jurisdiction	Caltrans	Time Period Analyzed	Existing with Project PM
Project Description	123 W. Pomona Project/1-18-4299-1 I-210 Freeway west of Myrtle Avenue - EB		

## Geometric Data

Number of Lanes, In	4	Terrain Type	Level
Segment Length (L), ft	-	Percent Grade, %	-
Measured or Base Free-Flow Speed	Base	Grade Length, mi	-
Base Free-Flow Speed (BFFS), mi/h	75.4	Total Ramp Density (TRD), ramps/mi	2.33
Lane Width, ft	12	Free-Flow Speed (FFS), mi/h	66.9
Right-Side Lateral Clearance, ft	10		

## Adjustment Factors

Driver Population	All Familiar	Final Speed Adjustment Factor (SAF)	1.000
Weather Type	Non-Severe Weather	Final Capacity Adjustment Factor (CAF)	1.000
Incident Type	No Incident	Demand Adjustment Factor (DAF)	1.000

## Demand and Capacity

Demand Volume veh/h	5022	Heavy Vehicle Adjustment Factor (fHV)	0.964
Peak Hour Factor	0.89	Flow Rate (Vp), pc/h/ln	1463
Total Trucks, %	3.70	Capacity (c), pc/h/ln	2369
Single-Unit Trucks (SUT), %	-	Adjusted Capacity (cadj), pc/h/ln	2369
Tractor-Trailers (TT), %	-	Volume-to-Capacity Ratio (v/c)	0.62
Passenger Car Equivalent (ET)	2.000		

## Speed and Density

Lane Width Adjustment (fLW)	1.9	Average Speed (S), mi/h	66.6
Right-Side Lateral Clearance Adj. (fRLC)	0.0	Density (D), pc/mi/ln	22.0
Total Ramp Density Adjustment	6.6	Level of Service (LOS)	C
Adjusted Free-Flow Speed (FFSadj), mi/h	66.9		

# HCS7 Basic Freeway Report

## Project Information

Analyst	GT	Date	11/6/2018
Agency	LLG Engineers	Analysis Year	2018
Jurisdiction	Caltrans	Time Period Analyzed	Existing with Project PM
Project Description	123 W. Pomona Project/1-18-4299-1 I-210 Freeway west of Myrtle Avenue - WB		

## Geometric Data

Number of Lanes, In	4	Terrain Type	Level
Segment Length (L), ft	-	Percent Grade, %	-
Measured or Base Free-Flow Speed	Base	Grade Length, mi	-
Base Free-Flow Speed (BFFS), mi/h	75.4	Total Ramp Density (TRD), ramps/mi	2.67
Lane Width, ft	12	Free-Flow Speed (FFS), mi/h	66.2
Right-Side Lateral Clearance, ft	10		

## Adjustment Factors

Driver Population	All Familiar	Final Speed Adjustment Factor (SAF)	1.000
Weather Type	Non-Severe Weather	Final Capacity Adjustment Factor (CAF)	1.000
Incident Type	No Incident	Demand Adjustment Factor (DAF)	1.000

## Demand and Capacity

Demand Volume veh/h	5389	Heavy Vehicle Adjustment Factor (fHV)	0.969
Peak Hour Factor	0.94	Flow Rate (Vp), pc/h/ln	1479
Total Trucks, %	3.20	Capacity (c), pc/h/ln	2362
Single-Unit Trucks (SUT), %	-	Adjusted Capacity (cadj), pc/h/ln	2362
Tractor-Trailers (TT), %	-	Volume-to-Capacity Ratio (v/c)	0.63
Passenger Car Equivalent (ET)	2.000		

## Speed and Density

Lane Width Adjustment (fLW)	1.9	Average Speed (S), mi/h	66.0
Right-Side Lateral Clearance Adj. (fRLC)	0.0	Density (D), pc/mi/ln	22.4
Total Ramp Density Adjustment	7.3	Level of Service (LOS)	C
Adjusted Free-Flow Speed (FFSadj), mi/h	66.2		



# HCS7 Basic Freeway Report

## Project Information

Analyst	GT	Date	11/6/2018
Agency	LLG Engineers	Analysis Year	2022
Jurisdiction	Caltrans	Time Period Analyzed	Future Pre-Project AM
Project Description	123 W. Pomona Project/1-18-4299-1 I-210 Freeway west of Myrtle Avenue - EB		

## Geometric Data

Number of Lanes, In	4	Terrain Type	Level
Segment Length (L), ft	-	Percent Grade, %	-
Measured or Base Free-Flow Speed	Base	Grade Length, mi	-
Base Free-Flow Speed (BFFS), mi/h	75.4	Total Ramp Density (TRD), ramps/mi	2.33
Lane Width, ft	12	Free-Flow Speed (FFS), mi/h	66.9
Right-Side Lateral Clearance, ft	10		

## Adjustment Factors

Driver Population	All Familiar	Final Speed Adjustment Factor (SAF)	1.000
Weather Type	Non-Severe Weather	Final Capacity Adjustment Factor (CAF)	1.000
Incident Type	No Incident	Demand Adjustment Factor (DAF)	1.000

## Demand and Capacity

Demand Volume veh/h	6795	Heavy Vehicle Adjustment Factor (fHV)	0.923
Peak Hour Factor	0.97	Flow Rate (Vp), pc/h/ln	1898
Total Trucks, %	8.30	Capacity (c), pc/h/ln	2369
Single-Unit Trucks (SUT), %	-	Adjusted Capacity (cadj), pc/h/ln	2369
Tractor-Trailers (TT), %	-	Volume-to-Capacity Ratio (v/c)	0.80
Passenger Car Equivalent (ET)	2.000		

## Speed and Density

Lane Width Adjustment (fLW)	1.9	Average Speed (S), mi/h	62.6
Right-Side Lateral Clearance Adj. (fRLC)	0.0	Density (D), pc/mi/ln	30.3
Total Ramp Density Adjustment	6.6	Level of Service (LOS)	D
Adjusted Free-Flow Speed (FFSadj), mi/h	66.9		

# HCS7 Basic Freeway Report

## Project Information

Analyst	GT	Date	11/6/2018
Agency	LLG Engineers	Analysis Year	2022
Jurisdiction	Caltrans	Time Period Analyzed	Future Pre-Project AM
Project Description	123 W. Pomona Project/1-18-4299-1 I-210 Freeway west of Myrtle Avenue - WB		

## Geometric Data

Number of Lanes, In	4	Terrain Type	Level
Segment Length (L), ft	-	Percent Grade, %	-
Measured or Base Free-Flow Speed	Base	Grade Length, mi	-
Base Free-Flow Speed (BFFS), mi/h	75.4	Total Ramp Density (TRD), ramps/mi	2.67
Lane Width, ft	12	Free-Flow Speed (FFS), mi/h	66.2
Right-Side Lateral Clearance, ft	10		

## Adjustment Factors

Driver Population	All Familiar	Final Speed Adjustment Factor (SAF)	1.000
Weather Type	Non-Severe Weather	Final Capacity Adjustment Factor (CAF)	1.000
Incident Type	No Incident	Demand Adjustment Factor (DAF)	1.000

## Demand and Capacity

Demand Volume veh/h	4427	Heavy Vehicle Adjustment Factor (fHV)	0.905
Peak Hour Factor	0.99	Flow Rate (Vp), pc/h/ln	1235
Total Trucks, %	10.50	Capacity (c), pc/h/ln	2362
Single-Unit Trucks (SUT), %	-	Adjusted Capacity (cadj), pc/h/ln	2362
Tractor-Trailers (TT), %	-	Volume-to-Capacity Ratio (v/c)	0.52
Passenger Car Equivalent (ET)	2.000		

## Speed and Density

Lane Width Adjustment (fLW)	1.9	Average Speed (S), mi/h	66.2
Right-Side Lateral Clearance Adj. (fRLC)	0.0	Density (D), pc/mi/ln	18.7
Total Ramp Density Adjustment	7.3	Level of Service (LOS)	C
Adjusted Free-Flow Speed (FFSadj), mi/h	66.2		

# HCS7 Basic Freeway Report

## Project Information

Analyst	GT	Date	11/6/2018
Agency	LLG Engineers	Analysis Year	2022
Jurisdiction	Caltrans	Time Period Analyzed	Future Pre-Project PM
Project Description	123 W. Pomona Project/1-18-4299-1 I-210 Freeway west of Myrtle Avenue - EB		

## Geometric Data

Number of Lanes, ln	4	Terrain Type	Level
Segment Length (L), ft	-	Percent Grade, %	-
Measured or Base Free-Flow Speed	Base	Grade Length, mi	-
Base Free-Flow Speed (BFFS), mi/h	75.4	Total Ramp Density (TRD), ramps/mi	2.33
Lane Width, ft	12	Free-Flow Speed (FFS), mi/h	66.9
Right-Side Lateral Clearance, ft	10		

## Adjustment Factors

Driver Population	All Familiar	Final Speed Adjustment Factor (SAF)	1.000
Weather Type	Non-Severe Weather	Final Capacity Adjustment Factor (CAF)	1.000
Incident Type	No Incident	Demand Adjustment Factor (DAF)	1.000

## Demand and Capacity

Demand Volume veh/h	5170	Heavy Vehicle Adjustment Factor (fHV)	0.964
Peak Hour Factor	0.89	Flow Rate (Vp), pc/h/ln	1506
Total Trucks, %	3.70	Capacity (c), pc/h/ln	2369
Single-Unit Trucks (SUT), %	-	Adjusted Capacity (c <sub>adj</sub> ), pc/h/ln	2369
Tractor-Trailers (TT), %	-	Volume-to-Capacity Ratio (v/c)	0.64
Passenger Car Equivalent (ET)	2.000		

## Speed and Density

Lane Width Adjustment (fLW)	1.9	Average Speed (S), mi/h	66.5
Right-Side Lateral Clearance Adj. (fRLC)	0.0	Density (D), pc/mi/ln	22.6
Total Ramp Density Adjustment	6.6	Level of Service (LOS)	C
Adjusted Free-Flow Speed (FFS <sub>adj</sub> ), mi/h	66.9		

# HCS7 Basic Freeway Report

## Project Information

Analyst	GT	Date	11/6/2018
Agency	LLG Engineers	Analysis Year	2022
Jurisdiction	Caltrans	Time Period Analyzed	Future Pre-Project PM
Project Description	123 W. Pomona Project/1-18-4299-1 I-210 Freeway west of Myrtle Avenue - WB		

## Geometric Data

Number of Lanes, In	4	Terrain Type	Level
Segment Length (L), ft	-	Percent Grade, %	-
Measured or Base Free-Flow Speed	Base	Grade Length, mi	-
Base Free-Flow Speed (BFFS), mi/h	75.4	Total Ramp Density (TRD), ramps/mi	2.67
Lane Width, ft	12	Free-Flow Speed (FFS), mi/h	66.2
Right-Side Lateral Clearance, ft	10		

## Adjustment Factors

Driver Population	All Familiar	Final Speed Adjustment Factor (SAF)	1.000
Weather Type	Non-Severe Weather	Final Capacity Adjustment Factor (CAF)	1.000
Incident Type	No Incident	Demand Adjustment Factor (DAF)	1.000

## Demand and Capacity

Demand Volume veh/h	5559	Heavy Vehicle Adjustment Factor (fHV)	0.969
Peak Hour Factor	0.94	Flow Rate (Vp), pc/h/ln	1526
Total Trucks, %	3.20	Capacity (c), pc/h/ln	2362
Single-Unit Trucks (SUT), %	-	Adjusted Capacity (cadj), pc/h/ln	2362
Tractor-Trailers (TT), %	-	Volume-to-Capacity Ratio (v/c)	0.65
Passenger Car Equivalent (ET)	2.000		

## Speed and Density

Lane Width Adjustment (fLW)	1.9	Average Speed (S), mi/h	65.8
Right-Side Lateral Clearance Adj. (fRLC)	0.0	Density (D), pc/mi/ln	23.2
Total Ramp Density Adjustment	7.3	Level of Service (LOS)	C
Adjusted Free-Flow Speed (FFSadj), mi/h	66.2		

# HCS7 Basic Freeway Report

## Project Information

Analyst	GT	Date	11/6/2018
Agency	LLG Engineers	Analysis Year	2022
Jurisdiction	Caltrans	Time Period Analyzed	Future with Project AM
Project Description	123 W. Pomona Project/1-18-4299-1 I-210 Freeway west of Myrtle Avenue - EB		

## Geometric Data

Number of Lanes, In	4	Terrain Type	Level
Segment Length (L), ft	-	Percent Grade, %	-
Measured or Base Free-Flow Speed	Base	Grade Length, mi	-
Base Free-Flow Speed (BFFS), mi/h	75.4	Total Ramp Density (TRD), ramps/mi	2.33
Lane Width, ft	12	Free-Flow Speed (FFS), mi/h	66.9
Right-Side Lateral Clearance, ft	10		

## Adjustment Factors

Driver Population	All Familiar	Final Speed Adjustment Factor (SAF)	1.000
Weather Type	Non-Severe Weather	Final Capacity Adjustment Factor (CAF)	1.000
Incident Type	No Incident	Demand Adjustment Factor (DAF)	1.000

## Demand and Capacity

Demand Volume veh/h	6798	Heavy Vehicle Adjustment Factor (fHV)	0.923
Peak Hour Factor	0.97	Flow Rate (Vp), pc/h/ln	1898
Total Trucks, %	8.30	Capacity (c), pc/h/ln	2369
Single-Unit Trucks (SUT), %	-	Adjusted Capacity (cadj), pc/h/ln	2369
Tractor-Trailers (TT), %	-	Volume-to-Capacity Ratio (v/c)	0.80
Passenger Car Equivalent (ET)	2.000		

## Speed and Density

Lane Width Adjustment (fLW)	1.9	Average Speed (S), mi/h	62.6
Right-Side Lateral Clearance Adj. (fRLC)	0.0	Density (D), pc/mi/ln	30.3
Total Ramp Density Adjustment	6.6	Level of Service (LOS)	D
Adjusted Free-Flow Speed (FFSadj), mi/h	66.9		

# HCS7 Basic Freeway Report

## Project Information

Analyst	GT	Date	11/6/2018
Agency	LLG Engineers	Analysis Year	2022
Jurisdiction	Caltrans	Time Period Analyzed	Future with Project AM
Project Description	123 W. Pomona Project/1-18-4299-1 I-210 Freeway west of Myrtle Avenue - WB		

## Geometric Data

Number of Lanes, In	4	Terrain Type	Level
Segment Length (L), ft	-	Percent Grade, %	-
Measured or Base Free-Flow Speed	Base	Grade Length, mi	-
Base Free-Flow Speed (BFFS), mi/h	75.4	Total Ramp Density (TRD), ramps/mi	2.67
Lane Width, ft	12	Free-Flow Speed (FFS), mi/h	66.2
Right-Side Lateral Clearance, ft	10		

## Adjustment Factors

Driver Population	All Familiar	Final Speed Adjustment Factor (SAF)	1.000
Weather Type	Non-Severe Weather	Final Capacity Adjustment Factor (CAF)	1.000
Incident Type	No Incident	Demand Adjustment Factor (DAF)	1.000

## Demand and Capacity

Demand Volume veh/h	4443	Heavy Vehicle Adjustment Factor (fHV)	0.905
Peak Hour Factor	0.99	Flow Rate (Vp), pc/h/ln	1240
Total Trucks, %	10.50	Capacity (c), pc/h/ln	2362
Single-Unit Trucks (SUT), %	-	Adjusted Capacity (cadj), pc/h/ln	2362
Tractor-Trailers (TT), %	-	Volume-to-Capacity Ratio (v/c)	0.52
Passenger Car Equivalent (ET)	2.000		

## Speed and Density

Lane Width Adjustment (fLW)	1.9	Average Speed (S), mi/h	66.2
Right-Side Lateral Clearance Adj. (fRLC)	0.0	Density (D), pc/mi/ln	18.7
Total Ramp Density Adjustment	7.3	Level of Service (LOS)	C
Adjusted Free-Flow Speed (FFSadj), mi/h	66.2		

# HCS7 Basic Freeway Report

## Project Information

Analyst	GT	Date	11/6/2018
Agency	LLG Engineers	Analysis Year	2022
Jurisdiction	Caltrans	Time Period Analyzed	Future with Project PM
Project Description	123 W. Pomona Project/1-18-4299-1 I-210 Freeway west of Myrtle Avenue - EB		

## Geometric Data

Number of Lanes, In	4	Terrain Type	Level
Segment Length (L), ft	-	Percent Grade, %	-
Measured or Base Free-Flow Speed	Base	Grade Length, mi	-
Base Free-Flow Speed (BFFS), mi/h	75.4	Total Ramp Density (TRD), ramps/mi	2.33
Lane Width, ft	12	Free-Flow Speed (FFS), mi/h	66.9
Right-Side Lateral Clearance, ft	10		

## Adjustment Factors

Driver Population	All Familiar	Final Speed Adjustment Factor (SAF)	1.000
Weather Type	Non-Severe Weather	Final Capacity Adjustment Factor (CAF)	1.000
Incident Type	No Incident	Demand Adjustment Factor (DAF)	1.000

## Demand and Capacity

Demand Volume veh/h	5188	Heavy Vehicle Adjustment Factor (fHV)	0.964
Peak Hour Factor	0.89	Flow Rate (Vp), pc/h/ln	1512
Total Trucks, %	3.70	Capacity (c), pc/h/ln	2369
Single-Unit Trucks (SUT), %	-	Adjusted Capacity (cadj), pc/h/ln	2369
Tractor-Trailers (TT), %	-	Volume-to-Capacity Ratio (v/c)	0.64
Passenger Car Equivalent (ET)	2.000		

## Speed and Density

Lane Width Adjustment (fLW)	1.9	Average Speed (S), mi/h	66.4
Right-Side Lateral Clearance Adj. (fRLC)	0.0	Density (D), pc/mi/ln	22.8
Total Ramp Density Adjustment	6.6	Level of Service (LOS)	C
Adjusted Free-Flow Speed (FFSadj), mi/h	66.9		

# HCS7 Basic Freeway Report

## Project Information

Analyst	GT	Date	11/6/2018
Agency	LLG Engineers	Analysis Year	2022
Jurisdiction	Caltrans	Time Period Analyzed	Future with Project PM
Project Description	123 W. Pomona Project/1-18-4299-1 I-210 Freeway west of Myrtle Avenue - WB		

## Geometric Data

Number of Lanes, In	4	Terrain Type	Level
Segment Length (L), ft	-	Percent Grade, %	-
Measured or Base Free-Flow Speed	Base	Grade Length, mi	-
Base Free-Flow Speed (BFFS), mi/h	75.4	Total Ramp Density (TRD), ramps/mi	2.67
Lane Width, ft	12	Free-Flow Speed (FFS), mi/h	66.2
Right-Side Lateral Clearance, ft	10		

## Adjustment Factors

Driver Population	All Familiar	Final Speed Adjustment Factor (SAF)	1.000
Weather Type	Non-Severe Weather	Final Capacity Adjustment Factor (CAF)	1.000
Incident Type	No Incident	Demand Adjustment Factor (DAF)	1.000

## Demand and Capacity

Demand Volume veh/h	5568	Heavy Vehicle Adjustment Factor (fHV)	0.969
Peak Hour Factor	0.94	Flow Rate (Vp), pc/h/ln	1528
Total Trucks, %	3.20	Capacity (c), pc/h/ln	2362
Single-Unit Trucks (SUT), %	-	Adjusted Capacity (cadj), pc/h/ln	2362
Tractor-Trailers (TT), %	-	Volume-to-Capacity Ratio (v/c)	0.65
Passenger Car Equivalent (ET)	2.000		

## Speed and Density

Lane Width Adjustment (fLW)	1.9	Average Speed (S), mi/h	65.8
Right-Side Lateral Clearance Adj. (fRLC)	0.0	Density (D), pc/mi/ln	23.2
Total Ramp Density Adjustment	7.3	Level of Service (LOS)	C
Adjusted Free-Flow Speed (FFSadj), mi/h	66.2		



# HCS7 Basic Freeway Report

## Project Information

Analyst	GT	Date	11/5/2018
Agency	LLG Engineers	Analysis Year	2018
Jurisdiction	Caltrans	Time Period Analyzed	Existing AM
Project Description	123 W. Pomona Project/1-18-4299-1 I-210 Freeway east of Myrtle Avenue - EB		

## Geometric Data

Number of Lanes, In	4	Terrain Type	Level
Segment Length (L), ft	-	Percent Grade, %	-
Measured or Base Free-Flow Speed	Base	Grade Length, mi	-
Base Free-Flow Speed (BFFS), mi/h	75.4	Total Ramp Density (TRD), ramps/mi	2.50
Lane Width, ft	12	Free-Flow Speed (FFS), mi/h	66.5
Right-Side Lateral Clearance, ft	10		

## Adjustment Factors

Driver Population	All Familiar	Final Speed Adjustment Factor (SAF)	1.000
Weather Type	Non-Severe Weather	Final Capacity Adjustment Factor (CAF)	1.000
Incident Type	No Incident	Demand Adjustment Factor (DAF)	1.000

## Demand and Capacity

Demand Volume veh/h	6268	Heavy Vehicle Adjustment Factor (fHV)	0.974
Peak Hour Factor	0.90	Flow Rate (Vp), pc/h/ln	1788
Total Trucks, %	2.70	Capacity (c), pc/h/ln	2365
Single-Unit Trucks (SUT), %	-	Adjusted Capacity (c <sub>adj</sub> ), pc/h/ln	2365
Tractor-Trailers (TT), %	-	Volume-to-Capacity Ratio (v/c)	0.76
Passenger Car Equivalent (ET)	2.000		

## Speed and Density

Lane Width Adjustment (fLW)	1.9	Average Speed (S), mi/h	63.8
Right-Side Lateral Clearance Adj. (fRLC)	0.0	Density (D), pc/mi/ln	28.0
Total Ramp Density Adjustment	7.0	Level of Service (LOS)	D
Adjusted Free-Flow Speed (FFS <sub>adj</sub> ), mi/h	66.5		

# HCS7 Basic Freeway Report

## Project Information

Analyst	GT	Date	11/5/2018
Agency	LLG Engineers	Analysis Year	2018
Jurisdiction	Caltrans	Time Period Analyzed	Existing AM
Project Description	123 W. Pomona Project/1-18-4299-1 I-210 Freeway east of Myrtle Avenue - WB		

## Geometric Data

Number of Lanes, In	4	Terrain Type	Level
Segment Length (L), ft	-	Percent Grade, %	-
Measured or Base Free-Flow Speed	Base	Grade Length, mi	-
Base Free-Flow Speed (BFFS), mi/h	75.4	Total Ramp Density (TRD), ramps/mi	2.50
Lane Width, ft	12	Free-Flow Speed (FFS), mi/h	66.5
Right-Side Lateral Clearance, ft	10		

## Adjustment Factors

Driver Population	All Familiar	Final Speed Adjustment Factor (SAF)	1.000
Weather Type	Non-Severe Weather	Final Capacity Adjustment Factor (CAF)	1.000
Incident Type	No Incident	Demand Adjustment Factor (DAF)	1.000

## Demand and Capacity

Demand Volume veh/h	4822	Heavy Vehicle Adjustment Factor (fHV)	0.975
Peak Hour Factor	0.96	Flow Rate (Vp), pc/h/ln	1288
Total Trucks, %	2.60	Capacity (c), pc/h/ln	2365
Single-Unit Trucks (SUT), %	-	Adjusted Capacity (c <sub>adj</sub> ), pc/h/ln	2365
Tractor-Trailers (TT), %	-	Volume-to-Capacity Ratio (v/c)	0.54
Passenger Car Equivalent (ET)	2.000		

## Speed and Density

Lane Width Adjustment (fLW)	1.9	Average Speed (S), mi/h	66.5
Right-Side Lateral Clearance Adj. (fRLC)	0.0	Density (D), pc/mi/ln	19.4
Total Ramp Density Adjustment	7.0	Level of Service (LOS)	C
Adjusted Free-Flow Speed (FFS <sub>adj</sub> ), mi/h	66.5		

# HCS7 Basic Freeway Report

## Project Information

Analyst	GT	Date	11/5/2018
Agency	LLG Engineers	Analysis Year	2018
Jurisdiction	Caltrans	Time Period Analyzed	Existing PM
Project Description	123 W. Pomona Project/1-18-4299-1 I-210 Freeway east of Myrtle Avenue - EB		

## Geometric Data

Number of Lanes, ln	4	Terrain Type	Level
Segment Length (L), ft	-	Percent Grade, %	-
Measured or Base Free-Flow Speed	Base	Grade Length, mi	-
Base Free-Flow Speed (BFFS), mi/h	75.4	Total Ramp Density (TRD), ramps/mi	2.50
Lane Width, ft	12	Free-Flow Speed (FFS), mi/h	66.5
Right-Side Lateral Clearance, ft	10		

## Adjustment Factors

Driver Population	All Familiar	Final Speed Adjustment Factor (SAF)	1.000
Weather Type	Non-Severe Weather	Final Capacity Adjustment Factor (CAF)	1.000
Incident Type	No Incident	Demand Adjustment Factor (DAF)	1.000

## Demand and Capacity

Demand Volume veh/h	4757	Heavy Vehicle Adjustment Factor (fHV)	0.928
Peak Hour Factor	0.95	Flow Rate (Vp), pc/h/ln	1349
Total Trucks, %	7.80	Capacity (c), pc/h/ln	2365
Single-Unit Trucks (SUT), %	-	Adjusted Capacity (c <sub>adj</sub> ), pc/h/ln	2365
Tractor-Trailers (TT), %	-	Volume-to-Capacity Ratio (v/c)	0.57
Passenger Car Equivalent (ET)	2.000		

## Speed and Density

Lane Width Adjustment (fLW)	1.9	Average Speed (S), mi/h	66.5
Right-Side Lateral Clearance Adj. (fRLC)	0.0	Density (D), pc/mi/ln	20.3
Total Ramp Density Adjustment	7.0	Level of Service (LOS)	C
Adjusted Free-Flow Speed (FFS <sub>adj</sub> ), mi/h	66.5		

# HCS7 Basic Freeway Report

## Project Information

Analyst	GT	Date	11/5/2018
Agency	LLG Engineers	Analysis Year	2018
Jurisdiction	Caltrans	Time Period Analyzed	Existing PM
Project Description	123 W. Pomona Project/1-18-4299-1 I-210 Freeway east of Myrtle Avenue - WB		

## Geometric Data

Number of Lanes, In	4	Terrain Type	Level
Segment Length (L), ft	-	Percent Grade, %	-
Measured or Base Free-Flow Speed	Base	Grade Length, mi	-
Base Free-Flow Speed (BFFS), mi/h	75.4	Total Ramp Density (TRD), ramps/mi	2.50
Lane Width, ft	12	Free-Flow Speed (FFS), mi/h	66.5
Right-Side Lateral Clearance, ft	10		

## Adjustment Factors

Driver Population	All Familiar	Final Speed Adjustment Factor (SAF)	1.000
Weather Type	Non-Severe Weather	Final Capacity Adjustment Factor (CAF)	1.000
Incident Type	No Incident	Demand Adjustment Factor (DAF)	1.000

## Demand and Capacity

Demand Volume veh/h	6278	Heavy Vehicle Adjustment Factor (fHV)	0.940
Peak Hour Factor	0.98	Flow Rate (Vp), pc/h/ln	1704
Total Trucks, %	6.40	Capacity (c), pc/h/ln	2365
Single-Unit Trucks (SUT), %	-	Adjusted Capacity (c <sub>adj</sub> ), pc/h/ln	2365
Tractor-Trailers (TT), %	-	Volume-to-Capacity Ratio (v/c)	0.72
Passenger Car Equivalent (ET)	2.000		

## Speed and Density

Lane Width Adjustment (fLW)	1.9	Average Speed (S), mi/h	64.7
Right-Side Lateral Clearance Adj. (fRLC)	0.0	Density (D), pc/mi/ln	26.3
Total Ramp Density Adjustment	7.0	Level of Service (LOS)	D
Adjusted Free-Flow Speed (FFS <sub>adj</sub> ), mi/h	66.5		

# HCS7 Basic Freeway Report

## Project Information

Analyst	GT	Date	11/6/2018
Agency	LLG Engineers	Analysis Year	2018
Jurisdiction	Caltrans	Time Period Analyzed	Existing with Project AM
Project Description	123 W. Pomona Project/1-18-4299-1 I-210 Freeway east of Myrtle Avenue - EB		

## Geometric Data

Number of Lanes, In	4	Terrain Type	Level
Segment Length (L), ft	-	Percent Grade, %	-
Measured or Base Free-Flow Speed	Base	Grade Length, mi	-
Base Free-Flow Speed (BFFS), mi/h	75.4	Total Ramp Density (TRD), ramps/mi	2.50
Lane Width, ft	12	Free-Flow Speed (FFS), mi/h	66.5
Right-Side Lateral Clearance, ft	10		

## Adjustment Factors

Driver Population	All Familiar	Final Speed Adjustment Factor (SAF)	1.000
Weather Type	Non-Severe Weather	Final Capacity Adjustment Factor (CAF)	1.000
Incident Type	No Incident	Demand Adjustment Factor (DAF)	1.000

## Demand and Capacity

Demand Volume veh/h	6280	Heavy Vehicle Adjustment Factor (fHV)	0.974
Peak Hour Factor	0.90	Flow Rate (Vp), pc/h/ln	1791
Total Trucks, %	2.70	Capacity (c), pc/h/ln	2365
Single-Unit Trucks (SUT), %	-	Adjusted Capacity (cadj), pc/h/ln	2365
Tractor-Trailers (TT), %	-	Volume-to-Capacity Ratio (v/c)	0.76
Passenger Car Equivalent (ET)	2.000		

## Speed and Density

Lane Width Adjustment (fLW)	1.9	Average Speed (S), mi/h	63.8
Right-Side Lateral Clearance Adj. (fRLC)	0.0	Density (D), pc/mi/ln	28.1
Total Ramp Density Adjustment	7.0	Level of Service (LOS)	D
Adjusted Free-Flow Speed (FFSadj), mi/h	66.5		

# HCS7 Basic Freeway Report

## Project Information

Analyst	GT	Date	11/6/2018
Agency	LLG Engineers	Analysis Year	2018
Jurisdiction	Caltrans	Time Period Analyzed	Existing with Project AM
Project Description	123 W. Pomona Project/1-18-4299-1 I-210 Freeway east of Myrtle Avenue - WB		

## Geometric Data

Number of Lanes, In	4	Terrain Type	Level
Segment Length (L), ft	-	Percent Grade, %	-
Measured or Base Free-Flow Speed	Base	Grade Length, mi	-
Base Free-Flow Speed (BFFS), mi/h	75.4	Total Ramp Density (TRD), ramps/mi	2.50
Lane Width, ft	12	Free-Flow Speed (FFS), mi/h	66.5
Right-Side Lateral Clearance, ft	10		

## Adjustment Factors

Driver Population	All Familiar	Final Speed Adjustment Factor (SAF)	1.000
Weather Type	Non-Severe Weather	Final Capacity Adjustment Factor (CAF)	1.000
Incident Type	No Incident	Demand Adjustment Factor (DAF)	1.000

## Demand and Capacity

Demand Volume veh/h	4823	Heavy Vehicle Adjustment Factor (fHV)	0.975
Peak Hour Factor	0.96	Flow Rate (Vp), pc/h/ln	1288
Total Trucks, %	2.60	Capacity (c), pc/h/ln	2365
Single-Unit Trucks (SUT), %	-	Adjusted Capacity (cadj), pc/h/ln	2365
Tractor-Trailers (TT), %	-	Volume-to-Capacity Ratio (v/c)	0.54
Passenger Car Equivalent (ET)	2.000		

## Speed and Density

Lane Width Adjustment (fLW)	1.9	Average Speed (S), mi/h	66.5
Right-Side Lateral Clearance Adj. (fRLC)	0.0	Density (D), pc/mi/ln	19.4
Total Ramp Density Adjustment	7.0	Level of Service (LOS)	C
Adjusted Free-Flow Speed (FFSadj), mi/h	66.5		

# HCS7 Basic Freeway Report

## Project Information

Analyst	GT	Date	11/6/2018
Agency	LLG Engineers	Analysis Year	2018
Jurisdiction	Caltrans	Time Period Analyzed	Existing with Project PM
Project Description	123 W. Pomona Project/1-18-4299-1 I-210 Freeway east of Myrtle Avenue - EB		

## Geometric Data

Number of Lanes, In	4	Terrain Type	Level
Segment Length (L), ft	-	Percent Grade, %	-
Measured or Base Free-Flow Speed	Base	Grade Length, mi	-
Base Free-Flow Speed (BFFS), mi/h	75.4	Total Ramp Density (TRD), ramps/mi	2.50
Lane Width, ft	12	Free-Flow Speed (FFS), mi/h	66.5
Right-Side Lateral Clearance, ft	10		

## Adjustment Factors

Driver Population	All Familiar	Final Speed Adjustment Factor (SAF)	1.000
Weather Type	Non-Severe Weather	Final Capacity Adjustment Factor (CAF)	1.000
Incident Type	No Incident	Demand Adjustment Factor (DAF)	1.000

## Demand and Capacity

Demand Volume veh/h	4763	Heavy Vehicle Adjustment Factor (fHV)	0.928
Peak Hour Factor	0.95	Flow Rate (Vp), pc/h/ln	1351
Total Trucks, %	7.80	Capacity (c), pc/h/ln	2365
Single-Unit Trucks (SUT), %	-	Adjusted Capacity (cadj), pc/h/ln	2365
Tractor-Trailers (TT), %	-	Volume-to-Capacity Ratio (v/c)	0.57
Passenger Car Equivalent (ET)	2.000		

## Speed and Density

Lane Width Adjustment (fLW)	1.9	Average Speed (S), mi/h	66.5
Right-Side Lateral Clearance Adj. (fRLC)	0.0	Density (D), pc/mi/ln	20.3
Total Ramp Density Adjustment	7.0	Level of Service (LOS)	C
Adjusted Free-Flow Speed (FFSadj), mi/h	66.5		

# HCS7 Basic Freeway Report

## Project Information

Analyst	GT	Date	11/6/2018
Agency	LLG Engineers	Analysis Year	2018
Jurisdiction	Caltrans	Time Period Analyzed	Existing with Project PM
Project Description	123 W. Pomona Project/1-18-4299-1 I-210 Freeway east of Myrtle Avenue - WB		

## Geometric Data

Number of Lanes, In	4	Terrain Type	Level
Segment Length (L), ft	-	Percent Grade, %	-
Measured or Base Free-Flow Speed	Base	Grade Length, mi	-
Base Free-Flow Speed (BFFS), mi/h	75.4	Total Ramp Density (TRD), ramps/mi	2.50
Lane Width, ft	12	Free-Flow Speed (FFS), mi/h	66.5
Right-Side Lateral Clearance, ft	10		

## Adjustment Factors

Driver Population	All Familiar	Final Speed Adjustment Factor (SAF)	1.000
Weather Type	Non-Severe Weather	Final Capacity Adjustment Factor (CAF)	1.000
Incident Type	No Incident	Demand Adjustment Factor (DAF)	1.000

## Demand and Capacity

Demand Volume veh/h	6291	Heavy Vehicle Adjustment Factor (fHV)	0.940
Peak Hour Factor	0.98	Flow Rate (Vp), pc/h/ln	1707
Total Trucks, %	6.40	Capacity (c), pc/h/ln	2365
Single-Unit Trucks (SUT), %	-	Adjusted Capacity (cadj), pc/h/ln	2365
Tractor-Trailers (TT), %	-	Volume-to-Capacity Ratio (v/c)	0.72
Passenger Car Equivalent (ET)	2.000		

## Speed and Density

Lane Width Adjustment (fLW)	1.9	Average Speed (S), mi/h	64.7
Right-Side Lateral Clearance Adj. (fRLC)	0.0	Density (D), pc/mi/ln	26.4
Total Ramp Density Adjustment	7.0	Level of Service (LOS)	D
Adjusted Free-Flow Speed (FFSadj), mi/h	66.5		



# HCS7 Basic Freeway Report

## Project Information

Analyst	GT	Date	11/6/2018
Agency	LLG Engineers	Analysis Year	2022
Jurisdiction	Caltrans	Time Period Analyzed	Future Pre-Project AM
Project Description	123 W. Pomona Project/1-18-4299-1 I-210 Freeway east of Myrtle Avenue - EB		

## Geometric Data

Number of Lanes, ln	4	Terrain Type	Level
Segment Length (L), ft	-	Percent Grade, %	-
Measured or Base Free-Flow Speed	Base	Grade Length, mi	-
Base Free-Flow Speed (BFFS), mi/h	75.4	Total Ramp Density (TRD), ramps/mi	2.50
Lane Width, ft	12	Free-Flow Speed (FFS), mi/h	66.5
Right-Side Lateral Clearance, ft	10		

## Adjustment Factors

Driver Population	All Familiar	Final Speed Adjustment Factor (SAF)	1.000
Weather Type	Non-Severe Weather	Final Capacity Adjustment Factor (CAF)	1.000
Incident Type	No Incident	Demand Adjustment Factor (DAF)	1.000

## Demand and Capacity

Demand Volume veh/h	6476	Heavy Vehicle Adjustment Factor (fHV)	0.974
Peak Hour Factor	0.90	Flow Rate (Vp), pc/h/ln	1847
Total Trucks, %	2.70	Capacity (c), pc/h/ln	2365
Single-Unit Trucks (SUT), %	-	Adjusted Capacity (c <sub>adj</sub> ), pc/h/ln	2365
Tractor-Trailers (TT), %	-	Volume-to-Capacity Ratio (v/c)	0.78
Passenger Car Equivalent (ET)	2.000		

## Speed and Density

Lane Width Adjustment (fLW)	1.9	Average Speed (S), mi/h	63.1
Right-Side Lateral Clearance Adj. (fRLC)	0.0	Density (D), pc/mi/ln	29.3
Total Ramp Density Adjustment	7.0	Level of Service (LOS)	D
Adjusted Free-Flow Speed (FFS <sub>adj</sub> ), mi/h	66.5		

# HCS7 Basic Freeway Report

## Project Information

Analyst	GT	Date	11/6/2018
Agency	LLG Engineers	Analysis Year	2022
Jurisdiction	Caltrans	Time Period Analyzed	Future Pre-Project AM
Project Description	123 W. Pomona Project/1-18-4299-1 I-210 Freeway east of Myrtle Avenue - WB		

## Geometric Data

Number of Lanes, In	4	Terrain Type	Level
Segment Length (L), ft	-	Percent Grade, %	-
Measured or Base Free-Flow Speed	Base	Grade Length, mi	-
Base Free-Flow Speed (BFFS), mi/h	75.4	Total Ramp Density (TRD), ramps/mi	2.50
Lane Width, ft	12	Free-Flow Speed (FFS), mi/h	66.5
Right-Side Lateral Clearance, ft	10		

## Adjustment Factors

Driver Population	All Familiar	Final Speed Adjustment Factor (SAF)	1.000
Weather Type	Non-Severe Weather	Final Capacity Adjustment Factor (CAF)	1.000
Incident Type	No Incident	Demand Adjustment Factor (DAF)	1.000

## Demand and Capacity

Demand Volume veh/h	4982	Heavy Vehicle Adjustment Factor (fHV)	0.975
Peak Hour Factor	0.96	Flow Rate (Vp), pc/h/ln	1331
Total Trucks, %	2.60	Capacity (c), pc/h/ln	2365
Single-Unit Trucks (SUT), %	-	Adjusted Capacity (c <sub>adj</sub> ), pc/h/ln	2365
Tractor-Trailers (TT), %	-	Volume-to-Capacity Ratio (v/c)	0.56
Passenger Car Equivalent (ET)	2.000		

## Speed and Density

Lane Width Adjustment (fLW)	1.9	Average Speed (S), mi/h	66.5
Right-Side Lateral Clearance Adj. (fRLC)	0.0	Density (D), pc/mi/ln	20.0
Total Ramp Density Adjustment	7.0	Level of Service (LOS)	C
Adjusted Free-Flow Speed (FFS <sub>adj</sub> ), mi/h	66.5		

# HCS7 Basic Freeway Report

## Project Information

Analyst	GT	Date	11/6/2018
Agency	LLG Engineers	Analysis Year	2022
Jurisdiction	Caltrans	Time Period Analyzed	Future Pre-Project PM
Project Description	123 W. Pomona Project/1-18-4299-1 I-210 Freeway east of Myrtle Avenue - EB		

## Geometric Data

Number of Lanes, In	4	Terrain Type	Level
Segment Length (L), ft	-	Percent Grade, %	-
Measured or Base Free-Flow Speed	Base	Grade Length, mi	-
Base Free-Flow Speed (BFFS), mi/h	75.4	Total Ramp Density (TRD), ramps/mi	2.50
Lane Width, ft	12	Free-Flow Speed (FFS), mi/h	66.5
Right-Side Lateral Clearance, ft	10		

## Adjustment Factors

Driver Population	All Familiar	Final Speed Adjustment Factor (SAF)	1.000
Weather Type	Non-Severe Weather	Final Capacity Adjustment Factor (CAF)	1.000
Incident Type	No Incident	Demand Adjustment Factor (DAF)	1.000

## Demand and Capacity

Demand Volume veh/h	4915	Heavy Vehicle Adjustment Factor (fHV)	0.928
Peak Hour Factor	0.95	Flow Rate (Vp), pc/h/ln	1394
Total Trucks, %	7.80	Capacity (c), pc/h/ln	2365
Single-Unit Trucks (SUT), %	-	Adjusted Capacity (c <sub>adj</sub> ), pc/h/ln	2365
Tractor-Trailers (TT), %	-	Volume-to-Capacity Ratio (v/c)	0.59
Passenger Car Equivalent (ET)	2.000		

## Speed and Density

Lane Width Adjustment (fLW)	1.9	Average Speed (S), mi/h	66.5
Right-Side Lateral Clearance Adj. (fRLC)	0.0	Density (D), pc/mi/ln	21.0
Total Ramp Density Adjustment	7.0	Level of Service (LOS)	C
Adjusted Free-Flow Speed (FFS <sub>adj</sub> ), mi/h	66.5		

# HCS7 Basic Freeway Report

## Project Information

Analyst	GT	Date	11/6/2018
Agency	LLG Engineers	Analysis Year	2022
Jurisdiction	Caltrans	Time Period Analyzed	Future Pre-Project PM
Project Description	123 W. Pomona Project/1-18-4299-1 I-210 Freeway east of Myrtle Avenue - WB		

## Geometric Data

Number of Lanes, ln	4	Terrain Type	Level
Segment Length (L), ft	-	Percent Grade, %	-
Measured or Base Free-Flow Speed	Base	Grade Length, mi	-
Base Free-Flow Speed (BFFS), mi/h	75.4	Total Ramp Density (TRD), ramps/mi	2.50
Lane Width, ft	12	Free-Flow Speed (FFS), mi/h	66.5
Right-Side Lateral Clearance, ft	10		

## Adjustment Factors

Driver Population	All Familiar	Final Speed Adjustment Factor (SAF)	1.000
Weather Type	Non-Severe Weather	Final Capacity Adjustment Factor (CAF)	1.000
Incident Type	No Incident	Demand Adjustment Factor (DAF)	1.000

## Demand and Capacity

Demand Volume veh/h	6486	Heavy Vehicle Adjustment Factor (fHV)	0.940
Peak Hour Factor	0.98	Flow Rate (Vp), pc/h/ln	1760
Total Trucks, %	6.40	Capacity (c), pc/h/ln	2365
Single-Unit Trucks (SUT), %	-	Adjusted Capacity (cadj), pc/h/ln	2365
Tractor-Trailers (TT), %	-	Volume-to-Capacity Ratio (v/c)	0.74
Passenger Car Equivalent (ET)	2.000		

## Speed and Density

Lane Width Adjustment (fLW)	1.9	Average Speed (S), mi/h	64.2
Right-Side Lateral Clearance Adj. (fRLC)	0.0	Density (D), pc/mi/ln	27.4
Total Ramp Density Adjustment	7.0	Level of Service (LOS)	D
Adjusted Free-Flow Speed (FFSadj), mi/h	66.5		

# HCS7 Basic Freeway Report

## Project Information

Analyst	GT	Date	11/6/2018
Agency	LLG Engineers	Analysis Year	2022
Jurisdiction	Caltrans	Time Period Analyzed	Future with Project AM
Project Description	123 W. Pomona Project/1-18-4299-1 I-210 Freeway east of Myrtle Avenue - EB		

## Geometric Data

Number of Lanes, In	4	Terrain Type	Level
Segment Length (L), ft	-	Percent Grade, %	-
Measured or Base Free-Flow Speed	Base	Grade Length, mi	-
Base Free-Flow Speed (BFFS), mi/h	75.4	Total Ramp Density (TRD), ramps/mi	2.50
Lane Width, ft	12	Free-Flow Speed (FFS), mi/h	66.5
Right-Side Lateral Clearance, ft	10		

## Adjustment Factors

Driver Population	All Familiar	Final Speed Adjustment Factor (SAF)	1.000
Weather Type	Non-Severe Weather	Final Capacity Adjustment Factor (CAF)	1.000
Incident Type	No Incident	Demand Adjustment Factor (DAF)	1.000

## Demand and Capacity

Demand Volume veh/h	6488	Heavy Vehicle Adjustment Factor (fHV)	0.974
Peak Hour Factor	0.90	Flow Rate (Vp), pc/h/ln	1850
Total Trucks, %	2.70	Capacity (c), pc/h/ln	2365
Single-Unit Trucks (SUT), %	-	Adjusted Capacity (cadj), pc/h/ln	2365
Tractor-Trailers (TT), %	-	Volume-to-Capacity Ratio (v/c)	0.78
Passenger Car Equivalent (ET)	2.000		

## Speed and Density

Lane Width Adjustment (fLW)	1.9	Average Speed (S), mi/h	63.0
Right-Side Lateral Clearance Adj. (fRLC)	0.0	Density (D), pc/mi/ln	29.4
Total Ramp Density Adjustment	7.0	Level of Service (LOS)	D
Adjusted Free-Flow Speed (FFSadj), mi/h	66.5		

# HCS7 Basic Freeway Report

## Project Information

Analyst	GT	Date	11/6/2018
Agency	LLG Engineers	Analysis Year	2022
Jurisdiction	Caltrans	Time Period Analyzed	Future with Project AM
Project Description	123 W. Pomona Project/1-18-4299-1 I-210 Freeway east of Myrtle Avenue - WB		

## Geometric Data

Number of Lanes, In	4	Terrain Type	Level
Segment Length (L), ft	-	Percent Grade, %	-
Measured or Base Free-Flow Speed	Base	Grade Length, mi	-
Base Free-Flow Speed (BFFS), mi/h	75.4	Total Ramp Density (TRD), ramps/mi	2.50
Lane Width, ft	12	Free-Flow Speed (FFS), mi/h	66.5
Right-Side Lateral Clearance, ft	10		

## Adjustment Factors

Driver Population	All Familiar	Final Speed Adjustment Factor (SAF)	1.000
Weather Type	Non-Severe Weather	Final Capacity Adjustment Factor (CAF)	1.000
Incident Type	No Incident	Demand Adjustment Factor (DAF)	1.000

## Demand and Capacity

Demand Volume veh/h	4983	Heavy Vehicle Adjustment Factor (fHV)	0.975
Peak Hour Factor	0.96	Flow Rate (Vp), pc/h/ln	1331
Total Trucks, %	2.60	Capacity (c), pc/h/ln	2365
Single-Unit Trucks (SUT), %	-	Adjusted Capacity (cadj), pc/h/ln	2365
Tractor-Trailers (TT), %	-	Volume-to-Capacity Ratio (v/c)	0.56
Passenger Car Equivalent (ET)	2.000		

## Speed and Density

Lane Width Adjustment (fLW)	1.9	Average Speed (S), mi/h	66.5
Right-Side Lateral Clearance Adj. (fRLC)	0.0	Density (D), pc/mi/ln	20.0
Total Ramp Density Adjustment	7.0	Level of Service (LOS)	C
Adjusted Free-Flow Speed (FFSadj), mi/h	66.5		

# HCS7 Basic Freeway Report

## Project Information

Analyst	GT	Date	11/6/2018
Agency	LLG Engineers	Analysis Year	2022
Jurisdiction	Caltrans	Time Period Analyzed	Future with Project PM
Project Description	123 W. Pomona Project/1-18-4299-1 I-210 Freeway east of Myrtle Avenue - EB		

## Geometric Data

Number of Lanes, In	4	Terrain Type	Level
Segment Length (L), ft	-	Percent Grade, %	-
Measured or Base Free-Flow Speed	Base	Grade Length, mi	-
Base Free-Flow Speed (BFFS), mi/h	75.4	Total Ramp Density (TRD), ramps/mi	2.50
Lane Width, ft	12	Free-Flow Speed (FFS), mi/h	66.5
Right-Side Lateral Clearance, ft	10		

## Adjustment Factors

Driver Population	All Familiar	Final Speed Adjustment Factor (SAF)	1.000
Weather Type	Non-Severe Weather	Final Capacity Adjustment Factor (CAF)	1.000
Incident Type	No Incident	Demand Adjustment Factor (DAF)	1.000

## Demand and Capacity

Demand Volume veh/h	4921	Heavy Vehicle Adjustment Factor (fHV)	0.928
Peak Hour Factor	0.95	Flow Rate (Vp), pc/h/ln	1396
Total Trucks, %	7.80	Capacity (c), pc/h/ln	2365
Single-Unit Trucks (SUT), %	-	Adjusted Capacity (cadj), pc/h/ln	2365
Tractor-Trailers (TT), %	-	Volume-to-Capacity Ratio (v/c)	0.59
Passenger Car Equivalent (ET)	2.000		

## Speed and Density

Lane Width Adjustment (fLW)	1.9	Average Speed (S), mi/h	66.5
Right-Side Lateral Clearance Adj. (fRLC)	0.0	Density (D), pc/mi/ln	21.0
Total Ramp Density Adjustment	7.0	Level of Service (LOS)	C
Adjusted Free-Flow Speed (FFSadj), mi/h	66.5		

# HCS7 Basic Freeway Report

## Project Information

Analyst	GT	Date	11/6/2018
Agency	LLG Engineers	Analysis Year	2022
Jurisdiction	Caltrans	Time Period Analyzed	Future with Project PM
Project Description	123 W. Pomona Project/1-18-4299-1 I-210 Freeway east of Myrtle Avenue - WB		

## Geometric Data

Number of Lanes, In	4	Terrain Type	Level
Segment Length (L), ft	-	Percent Grade, %	-
Measured or Base Free-Flow Speed	Base	Grade Length, mi	-
Base Free-Flow Speed (BFFS), mi/h	75.4	Total Ramp Density (TRD), ramps/mi	2.50
Lane Width, ft	12	Free-Flow Speed (FFS), mi/h	66.5
Right-Side Lateral Clearance, ft	10		

## Adjustment Factors

Driver Population	All Familiar	Final Speed Adjustment Factor (SAF)	1.000
Weather Type	Non-Severe Weather	Final Capacity Adjustment Factor (CAF)	1.000
Incident Type	No Incident	Demand Adjustment Factor (DAF)	1.000

## Demand and Capacity

Demand Volume veh/h	6499	Heavy Vehicle Adjustment Factor (fHV)	0.940
Peak Hour Factor	0.98	Flow Rate (Vp), pc/h/ln	1764
Total Trucks, %	6.40	Capacity (c), pc/h/ln	2365
Single-Unit Trucks (SUT), %	-	Adjusted Capacity (cadj), pc/h/ln	2365
Tractor-Trailers (TT), %	-	Volume-to-Capacity Ratio (v/c)	0.75
Passenger Car Equivalent (ET)	2.000		

## Speed and Density

Lane Width Adjustment (fLW)	1.9	Average Speed (S), mi/h	64.1
Right-Side Lateral Clearance Adj. (fRLC)	0.0	Density (D), pc/mi/ln	27.5
Total Ramp Density Adjustment	7.0	Level of Service (LOS)	D
Adjusted Free-Flow Speed (FFSadj), mi/h	66.5		